#### DENTON INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT

#### ANNUAL FINANCIAL REPORT FOR THE

YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2023

#### DENTON INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT ANNUAL FINANCIAL REPORT FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2023

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#### CERTIFICATE OF BOARD

Denton Independent School District Name of School District	<u>Denton</u> County	<u>061-901</u> Co Dist. Number
We, the undersigned, certify that the attached a	nnual financial reports of the ab	ove-named school district
were reviewed and (check one) X approv	ved disapproved for the y	rear ended June 30, 2023, at
meeting of the Board of Trustees of such scho	ool district on the <u>14th</u> day	of November, 2023.
Signature of Board Secretary		Signature of Board President

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Members:

AMERICAN INSTITUTE OF

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ACCOUNTANTS

TEXAS SOCIETY OF CERTIFIED

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### HANKINS, EASTUP, DEATON, TONN, SEAY & SCARBOROUGH

A Limited Liability Company

CERTIFIED PUBLIC ACCOUNTANTS

902 NORTH LOCUST P.O. BOX 977 DENTON, TX 76202-0977

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#### Independent Auditor's Report

Denton Independent School District Denton, Texas

#### **Opinions**

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, each major fund and the aggregate remaining fund information of the Denton Independent School District as of and for the year ended June 30, 2023 and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise Denton Independent School District's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, each major fund and the aggregate remaining fund information of Denton Independent School District as of June 30, 2023, and the respective changes in financial position and, where applicable, cash flows thereof for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

#### **Basis for Opinions**

We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards* issued by the Comptroller of the United States. Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financials section of our report. We are required to be independent of Denton Independent School District and to meet our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with the relevant ethical requirements relating to our audit. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.

#### Responsibilities of Management for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America, and for the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements, management is required to evaluate whether there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about Denton Independent School District's ability to continue as a going concern for twelve months beyond the financial statement date, including any currently known information that may raise substantial doubt shortly thereafter.

#### Auditor's Responsibility for the Audit of the Financial Statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinions. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance but is not absolute assurance and therefore is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with general accepted auditing standards and *Government Auditing Standards* will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control. Misstatements are considered material if there is a substantial likelihood that, individually or in the aggregate, they would influence the judgment made by a reasonable user based on the financial statements.

In performing an audit in accordance with generally accepted auditing standards and Government Auditing Standards, we:

- Exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit.
- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error, and design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks. Such procedures include examining, on a test basis, evidence regarding the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements.
- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are
  appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of
  Denton Independent School District's internal control. Accordingly, no such opinion is expressed.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting
  estimates made by management, as well as evaluate the overall presentation of the financial statements.
- Conclude whether, in our judgment, there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about Denton Independent School District's ability to continue as a going concern for a reasonable period of time.

We are required to communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit, significant audit findings, and certain internal control-related matters that we identified during the audit.

#### Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the management's discussion and analysis on pages 7 through 14 and the Teacher Retirement System schedules on page 70 through 78 be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information is the responsibility of management and, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

#### **Supplementary Information**

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise Denton Independent School District's basic financial statements. The combining and individual nonmajor fund financial statements, the required TEA schedules listed in the table of contents, and the schedule of expenditures of federal awards, as required by Title 2 U.S. Code of Federal Regulations Part 200, Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards, are presented for purposes of additional analysis and are not a required part of the basic financial statements. Such information is the responsibility of management and was derived from and relates directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements. The information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements or to the basic financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the combining and individual nonmajor fund financial statements, the required TEA schedules, and the Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards are fairly stated in all material respects in relation to the basic financial statements as a whole.

#### Other Information

Management is responsible for the other information included in the annual report. The other information comprises the introductory section and required TEA schedules but does not include the basic financial statements and our auditor's report thereon. Our opinions on the basic financial statements do not cover the other information, and we do not express an opinion or any form of assurance thereon.

In connection with our audit of the basic financial statements, our responsibility is to read the other information and consider whether a material inconsistency exists between the other information and the basic financial statements, or the other information otherwise appears to be materially misstated. If, based on the work performed, we conclude that an uncorrected material misstatement of the other information exists, we are required to describe it in our report.

#### Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

In accordance with Government Auditing Standards, we have also issued our report dated November 11, 2023 on our consideration of Denton Independent School District's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of the compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of Denton Independent School District's internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with Government Auditing Standards in considering Denton Independent School District's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

Hankins, Eastup, Deaton, Tonn, Seay & Scarborough, LLC

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Denton, Texas

November 11, 2023

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#### DENTON INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2023 (UNAUDITED)

As management of Denton Independent School District, we offer readers of the District's financial statement this narrative overview and analysis of the financial activities of the District for the year ended June 30, 2023. Please read this narrative in conjunction with the independent auditors' report on page 5, and the District's Basic Financial Statements that begin on page 19.

#### FINANCIAL HIGHLIGHTS

- The assets and deferred outflows of resources of Denton Independent School District exceeded its liabilities and deferred inflows at the close of the most recent fiscal year resulting in a net position of \$83,444,106.
- The District's total net position increased by \$30,132,577 during the current fiscal year from the result of current year operations.
- As of the close of the current fiscal period, the District's governmental funds reported combined ending fund balances of \$258,549,668. Over 24% of this total amount (\$62,350,055) is unassigned and available for use within the District's commitments and assignment policies.
- At the end of the current fiscal period, the unassigned fund balance of the general fund of \$62,358,824 was 18.36% of the total general fund expenditures.

#### OVERVIEW OF THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

This discussion and analysis are intended to serve as an introduction to the District's basic financial statements. The District's basic financial statements comprise three components: 1) government-wide financial statements, 2) fund financial statements, and 3) notes to the financial statements. This report also contains other supplementary information in addition to the basic financial statements themselves. The government-wide financial statements include the Statement of Net Position and the Statement of Activities (on pages 19 through 21). These provide information about the activities of the District as a whole and present a longer-term view of the District's property and debt obligations and other financial matters. They reflect the flow of total economic resources in a manner similar to the financial reports of a business enterprise.

Fund financial statements (starting on page 22) report the District's operations in more detail than the government-wide statements by providing information about the District's most significant funds. For governmental activities, these statements tell how services were financed in the short term as well as what resources remain for future spending. They reflect the flow of current financial resources, and supply the basis for tax levies and the appropriations budget. For proprietary activities, fund financial statements tell how goods or services of the District were sold to departments within the District or to external customers and how the sales revenues covered the expenses of the goods or services. The remaining statements, fiduciary statements, provide financial information about activities for which the District acts solely as a trustee or agent for the benefit of those outside of the District. The District has no component units for which it is financially accountable.

The notes to the financial statements (starting on page 37) provide narrative explanations or additional data needed for full disclosure in the government-wide statements or the fund financial statements.

The combining statements for nonmajor funds contain even more information about the District's individual funds. The section labeled Single Audit Section contains data used by monitoring or regulatory agencies for assurance that the District is using funds supplied in compliance with the terms of grants.

#### Reporting the District as a Whole

#### The Statement of Net Position and the Statement of Activities

The analysis of the District's overall financial condition and operations begins on page 19. Its primary purpose is to show whether the financial position of the District is improving or deteriorating as a result of the year's activities. The Statement of Net Position includes all the District's assets, deferred outflows of resources, liabilities and deferred inflows of resources at the end of the year while the Statement of Activities includes all revenues and expenses generated by the District's operations during the year. These apply the accrual basis of accounting (the basis used by private sector companies).

All of the current year's revenues and expenses are taken into account regardless of when cash is received or paid. The District's revenues are divided into those provided by outside parties who share the costs of some programs, such as tuition received from students from outside the district and grants provided by the U.S. Department of Education to assist children with disabilities or from disadvantaged backgrounds (program revenues), and revenues provided by the taxpayers or by TEA in equalization funding processes (general revenues). All the District's assets are reported whether they serve the current year or future years. Liabilities are considered regardless of whether they must be paid in the current or future years.

These two statements report the District's net position and changes in them. The District's net position provides one measure of the District's financial health, or financial position. Over time, increases or decreases in the District's net position are one indicator of whether its financial health is improving or deteriorating. To fully assess the overall health of the District, however, you should consider nonfinancial factors as well, such as changes in the District's average daily attendance or its property tax base and the condition of the District's facilities.

In the Statement of Net Position and the Statement of Activities, we divide the District into two kinds of activities:

- Governmental activities—Most of the District's basic services are reported here, including the instruction, counseling, co-curricular activities, food services, transportation, maintenance, community services, and general administration. Property taxes, tuition, fees, and state and federal grants finance most of these activities.
- · Business-type activities—The District charges a fee to "customers" to help it cover all or most of the cost of services it provides in its athletic stadium concessions activities.

#### Reporting the District's Most Significant Funds

#### **Fund Financial Statements**

A *fund* is a grouping of related accounts that is used to maintain control over resources that have been segregated for specific activities or objectives.

The fund financial statements begin on page 22 and provide detailed information about the most significant funds—not the District as a whole. Laws and contracts require the District to establish some funds, such as grants received under the No Child Left Behind Act from the U.S. Department of Education. The District's administration establishes many other funds to help it control and manage money for particular purposes (like campus activities).

All of the funds of the District can be divided into three categories: governmental funds, proprietary funds, and fiduciary funds.

- Governmental funds. Governmental funds are used to account for essentially the same functions reported as governmental activities in the government-wide financial statements. However, unlike the government-wide financial statements, governmental fund financial statements focus on near-term inflows and outflows of spendable resources, as well as on balances of spendable resources available at the end of the fiscal year. Such information may be useful in evaluating a government's near-term financing requirements. Because the focus of governmental funds is narrower than that of the government-wide financial statements, it is useful to compare the information presented for governmental funds with similar information presented for governmental activities in the governmentwide financial statements. By doing so, readers may better understand the long-term impact of the government's near-term financing decisions. Both the governmental fund balance sheet and the governmental fund statement of revenues, expenditures, and changes in fund balances provide a reconciliation to facilitate this comparison between governmental funds and governmental activities. The District maintains forty-two governmental funds. Information is presented separately in the governmental fund balance sheet and in the governmental fund statement of revenues, expenditures, and changes in fund balances for the general fund, debt service fund, and capital projects fund, each of which are considered to be major funds. Data from the other thirty-nine governmental funds are combined into a single, aggregated presentation. Individual fund data for each of these nonmajor governmental funds is provided in the form of combining statements elsewhere in this report. The District adopts an annual appropriated budget for its general fund, debt service fund and food service fund. A budgetary comparison schedule has been provided to demonstrate compliance with these budgets. The basic governmental fund financial statements can be found on pages 22 through 27 of this report.
- **Proprietary funds.** The District reports the activities for which it charges users (whether outside customers or other units of the District) in proprietary funds using the same accounting methods employed in the Statement of Net Position and the Statement of Activities. In fact, the District's enterprise funds (one category of proprietary funds) are the business-type activities reported in the government-wide statements but containing more detail and additional information, such as cash flows. The internal service funds (the other category of proprietary funds) report activities that provide supplies and services for the District's other programs and activities—such as the District's self-insurance programs and the print shop.
- Fiduciary funds. Fiduciary funds are used to account for resources held for the benefit of parties outside the government. Fiduciary funds are not reflected in the government-wide financial statements because the resources of those funds are not available to support the District's own programs. The District is the trustee, or fiduciary, for these funds and is responsible for ensuring that the assets reported in these funds are used for their intended purposes. All of the District's fiduciary activities are reported in a separate statement of fiduciary net position and a separate statement of changes in fiduciary fund net position that can be found on pages 34 and 35. These activities are excluded from the District's government-wide financial statements because the District cannot use these assets to finance its operations.

#### **GOVERNMENT-WIDE FINANCIAL ANALYSIS**

The following analysis presents both current and prior year data and discuss significant changes in the accounts. Our analysis focuses on the net position (Table I) and changes in net position (Table II) of the District's governmental and business-type activities.

Net position of the District's governmental activities increased from \$53,188,466 at June 30, 2022 to \$83,397,602 at June 30, 2023. Unrestricted net position – the part of net position that can be used to finance day-to-day operations without constraints established by debt covenants, enabling legislation, or other legal requirements – was a deficit of \$149,651,272 at June 30, 2023. The current year operating increase was the result of several factors. First, the District's revenues exceeded expenditures by \$58,918,853 (as adjusted for the effects of capital outlay and debt service principal payments.) However, the District recorded depreciation expense, which is a non-cash expense that reduces the carrying value of District assets, in the amount of \$40,383,960. Also, various adjustments totaling \$10,736,042 were posted to revenues and expenses to account for prepaid expenses, interest accruals and tax revenues earned during the period under the full accrual method of accounting. Changes in the net pension and OPEB activity increased net position by \$2,409,659, while a prior period adjustment related to the implementation of GASB 96 increased net position by \$89,293.

In 2023, net position of our business-type activities increased by \$13,274 from the results of current year operations. The business-type activities represent significant services to the community through the athletic stadium concession activities.

Table I NET POSITION

	Governmental Activities				Business-type Activities				Total		
	2023		2022		2023		2022		2023	2022	
Current and other assets	\$ 361,881,020	\$	556,196,810	\$	39,882	\$	24,818	\$	361,920,902	\$ 556,221,628	
Capital assets	1,391,927,134		1,231,473,450		9,042		10,489	_	1,391,936,176	1,231,483,939	
Total assets	1,753,808,154		1,787,670,260		48,924		35,307		1,753,857,078	1,787,705,567	
Deferred outflows of resources	211,255,376		174,610,685						211,255,376	174,610,685	
Total assets and deferred outflows		1				0.0	***************************************				
of resources	1,965,063,530		1,962,280,945		48,924		35,307		1,965,112,454	1,962,316,252	
			-								
Long-term liabilities	1,630,680,951		1,686,713,295		- 2		- 2		1,630,680,951	1,686,713,295	
Other liabilities	115,255,798		98,930,823	er om	1,880		1,537		115,257,678	98,932,360	
Total liabilities	1,745,936,749		1,785,644,118		1,880		1,537		1,745,938,629	1,785,645,655	
Deferred inflows of resources	135,729,719		123,448,361					_	135,729,719	123,448,361	
Total liabilities and deferred inflows	AS TO THE WAR.										
of resources	1,881,666,468		1,909,092,479		1,880		1,537		1,881,668,348	1,909,094,016	
Net Position:											
Net investments in capital assets	130,293,801		103,791,348		9,042		10,489		130,302,843	103,801,837	
Restricted	102,754,533		97,454,909		950				102,754,533	97,454,909	
Unrestricted	(149,651,272)		(148,057,791)		38,002		23,281		(149,613,270)	(148,034,510)	
Total Net Position	\$ 83,397,062	\$	53,188,466	\$	47,044	\$	33,770	\$	83,444,106	\$ 53,222,236	

Table II CHANGES IN NET POSITION

	Governmental				ss-type	Total		
		tivities			vities			
	2023	2022		2023	2022	2023	2022	
Revenues:								
Program Revenues:						Territoria.		
Charges for services	\$21,656,428	\$ 15,004,921	\$	196,160	\$ 141,213	\$ 21,852,588	\$ 15,146,134	
Operating grants and contributions	70,324,040	74,3 <b>54,</b> 051				70,324,040	74,354,051	
General Revenues:								
Maintenance and operations taxes	236,343,647	203,695,071		300	0.86	236,343,647	203,695,071	
Debt service taxes	130,995,194	110,611,653		920	45	130,995,194	110,611,653	
State aid - formula grants	46,988,962	78,239,148		3,95	X <del>=</del> 5	46,988,962	78,239,148	
Interest earnings	14,490,616	974,121		020	N2/	14,490,616	974,121	
Miscellaneous	807,464	1,070,579		€€	3.5	807,464	1,070,579	
Loss on disposition of capital assets	(3,448,855)					(3,448,855)		
Total Revenue	518,157,496	483,949,544		196,160	141.213	518,353,656	484,090,757	
Expenses:								
Instruction, curriculum and media	263,006,765	251,941,647		1		263,006,765	251,941,647	
services	200,000,700	202)712,017				200,000,00	202//12/01/	
Instructional and school leadership	28,028,390	25,642,079			· -	28,028,390	25,642,079	
Student support services	34,477,119	32,466,093				34,477,119	32,466,093	
Food services	19,884,117	17,154,898		-		19,884,117	17,154,898	
Cocurricular activities	11,293,499	9,325,923		182,886	144,985	11,476,385	9,470,908	
General administration	12,422,376	11,465,984		(4)		12,422,376	11,465,984	
Plant maintenance, security and	57,232,410	48,279,863				57,232,410	48,279,863	
data processing	,,	10,2. 7,000				,,	,,	
Community services	5,509,587	4,561,177			(*)	5,509,587	4,561,177	
Debt services	<b>53</b> ,535,943	30.114.510		-	120	53,535,943	30,114,510	
Intergovernmental charges	2,647,987	2,338,310		-		2,647,987	2,338,310	
Total Expenses	488,038,193	433,290,484		182,886	144,985	488,221,079	433,435,469	
· otal Expenses	100,000,170	100,270,101		102,000	111,700	100 122 017	100/100/100	
Increase (Decrease) in Net Position	30,119,303	50,659,060		13,274	(3,772)	30,132,577	50,655,288	
Net Position - beginning of year	53,188,466	11,072,368		33,770	(8,303,196)	53,222,236	2,769,172	
Prior period adjustment	89,293	(8,542,962)			8,340,738	89.293	(202,224)	
Net Position - end of year	\$83,397,062	\$ 53,188,466	\$	47,044	\$ 33,770	\$ 83,444,106	\$ 53,222,236	
•				NAME OF TAXABLE PARTY.				

The cost of all governmental activities for the current fiscal period was \$488,038,193. However, as shown in the Statement of Activities on pages 20 and 21, the amount that our taxpayers ultimately financed for these activities through District taxes was only \$367,338,841 because some of the costs were paid by those who directly benefited from the programs (\$21,656,428) or by State equalization funding (\$46,988,962).

#### THE DISTRICT'S FUNDS

As noted earlier, the District uses fund accounting to ensure and demonstrate compliance with finance-related legal requirements, bond covenants, and segregation for particular purposes.

As of the end of the current fiscal year, the District's governmental funds reported combined ending fund balances of \$258,549,668 a decrease of \$212,119,362 from the prior year. Approximately 39% of this total amount (\$101,893,089) constitutes *committed, assigned and unassigned fund balance*, which is available for spending at the District's discretion. The remainder of fund balance is *nonspendable or restricted* to indicate that it is not available for new spending because it is already restricted to pay debt service (\$95,729,305), food service (\$4,227,498), or for capital projects (\$56,086,560), or already spent on prepaid items (\$271,788), inventories (\$340,428) or endowment principal (\$1,000).

The general fund is the primary operating fund of the District. At the end of the current fiscal year, unassigned fund balance of the general fund was \$62,358,824, while the total fund balance was \$95,906,679. As a measure of the general fund's liquidity, it may be useful to compare both unassigned fund balance and total fund balance to the total fund expenditures. Unassigned fund balance represents 18.36% of the total general fund expenditures, while the total fund balance represents 28.23% of that same amount.

The fund balance of the District's general fund decreased by \$12,775,363 during the current fiscal year, compared to a \$96,382 increase in the previous year. Key factors related to this change are as follows:

• A \$31,821,739 increase in property tax revenues offset by a \$31,034,447 decrease in state per capita and foundation revenue contributed to a \$9,202,857 overall increase in total revenues. However, expenditures increased \$24,263,237 due primarily to an \$8,877,334 increase in instructional expenditures and a \$9,453,830 increase in facilities maintenance expenditures.

The debt service fund has a total fund balance of \$95,729,305, all of which is reserved for the payment of debt service. The net increase in fund balance during the period in the debt service fund was \$2,044,491, compared to a \$3,813,347 decrease in the previous year. Tax revenues were \$19,968,423 higher than the previous year but debt service expenditures were \$17,225,066 higher due to higher bond principal payments including a bond defeasance.

Other changes in fund balances should also be noted. The fund balance in the capital projects fund decreased by \$201,412,005 due primarily to \$207,844,173 spent on construction-related costs. Although these and other capital expenditures reduce available fund balances, they create new assets for the District as reported in the Statement of Net Position and discussed in Note 5 to the financial statements.

Over the course of the year, the Board of Trustees revised the District's budget several times. These budget amendments fall into three categories. The first category includes amendments and supplemental appropriations that were approved shortly after the beginning of the year and reflect the actual beginning balances (versus the amounts we estimated in June, 2022). The second category includes changes that the Board made during the year to reflect new information regarding revenue sources and expenditure needs. The principal amendment in this case was an increase in the anticipated amount of State funding to be received. The third category involves amendments moving funds from programs that did not need all the resources originally appropriated to them to programs with resource needs.

The District's General Fund balance of \$95,906,679 reported on page 22 differs from the General Fund's budgetary fund balance of \$84,570,426 reported in the Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance - Budget and Actual on page 30. This is principally due to cost savings in many functional expenditure categories.

#### CAPITAL ASSETS AND DEBT ADMINISTRATION

#### Capital Assets

At June 30, 2023, the District had \$1,391,927,134 (net of accumulated depreciation) invested in a broad range of capital assets, including facilities and equipment for instruction, transportation, athletics, administration, and maintenance. This amount represents a net increase of \$160,453,684, or 13.03%, above last year.

This fiscal year's major additions included:

Final construction costs on a new high school, paid for	\$ 2,973,921
with proceeds of general obligation bonds issued in a prior year.	
Continuing construction costs on a new middle school, paid for	24,126,690
with proceeds of general obligation bonds issued in a prior year.	
Initial construction costs on a new elementary school, paid for	25,000,278
with proceeds of general obligation bonds issued in a prior year.	
Continuing construction costs on renovations and additions to an existing	8,420,666
high school, paid for with proceeds of general obligation bonds.	
Initial construction costs on renovations and additions to an existing	22,209,133
middle school, paid for with proceeds of general obligation bonds.	
Initial construction costs on a new transportation facility, paid for	5,455,536
with proceeds of general obligation bonds.	
Continuing construction costs on renovations and additions to an existing	10,942,603
technology center, paid for with proceeds of general obligation bonds.	
Totaling	\$99,128,827

More detailed information about the District's capital assets is presented in Note 4 to the financial statements.

#### Debt Administration

At year-end, the District had \$1,268,946,411 in bonds outstanding (including accreted interest on bonds) versus \$1,350,157,224 last year-a decrease of 6.01%. There was no new bonded debt incurred during the current fiscal period. The District's underlying rating for unlimited tax bonds is "AA" by S&P, and "AA-" by Fitch but is considered AAA as a result of guarantees of the Texas Permanent School Fund.

Other obligations include subscription liabilities, accrued vacation benefits and special termination benefits. More detailed information about the District's long-term liabilities is presented in Note 5 to the financial statements.

#### ECONOMIC FACTORS AND NEXT YEAR'S BUDGETS AND RATES

The Board of Trustees approved a maintenance and operation property tax rate of \$0.8646 and a debt service rate of \$0.48 for the fiscal year 2022-2023, making the total tax rate necessary to fund the 2022-2023 budget \$1.3446. This represents a decrease of \$0.0174 from the prior year.

This change in the tax rate was due to the implementation of House Bill 3 (HB3) approved during the 86th Legislative Session. Beginning in the 2019 tax year HB3 requires a school district's Tier I M & O tax rate to be the lesser of \$1.00 or the total number of cents levied by the District for the M & O rate in 2018 multiplied by the state compression percentage of 93 percent. In 2018, the District's Tier I M & O rate was \$1.00, reducing the rate to \$0.93. The voter approval tax rate is set to the sum of \$0.93 plus: the greater of 4 cents or the District's enrichment tax rate after tax compression. In 2019, the enrichment tax rate was \$0.0231. HB 3 made no changes to the calculation of a District's debt service tax rate.

The District continues to experience an increase in property values over the prior year. The actual increase in certified and under review values for the 2022 tax year was \$3,750,304,040 or 20.12%.

The Board of Trustees of the Denton Independent School District adopted a total tax rate of \$1.1592 per \$100 of assessed value for 2023-2024. The M & O tax rate will decrease to \$.6792, and the debt service tax rate will remain at \$0.48 for a total rate of \$1.1592. The District's certified values increased \$3,703,498,931 or 14.90% for 2023.

State funding for 2023-2024 is projected to be \$49,957,272 or 15.85% of the total budget compared to \$76,283,918 or 24.19% for 2022-2023.

During the 2012-2013 school year the District worked with TASB to examine pay equity for employees and to determine if pay practices were internally fair and externally competitive. Several adjustments have been implemented since the 2013-2014 school year. The 2023-2024 budget includes approximately \$9,329,429 for the Salary Compensation Plan.

While the lawmakers of the 87th Legislative session were consistent in prioritizing the funding of HB3, the Formula Transition Grant is scheduled to end after the 2023-2024 fiscal year and the revenue formula approved by the legislature continues to be based on student attendance in the regular classroom and in special settings. Furthermore, the funding formula restricts overall state foundation and local tax revenue growth unless the District has additional student growth. Additional student growth is driven by the basic allotment, which is funded by the state, and has not been increased since 2019 during the 86th Legislative session. Moreover, inflation has increased 14% since 2019 and the basic allotment would need to increase by \$1,000 for districts to keep up with the pace of inflation. The 88th Legislative session ended their regular session with no action taken to provide additional funding for Texas public schools. A special session of the 88th Legislative session has been called to address funding. Although we have seen a slight setback in average daily attendance since the COVID-19 pandemic, Denton ISD is a fast growth district and demographic modeling reflects continued student growth for the foreseeable future. Considering attendance projections as well as an increase in appraised property value, Denton ISD will receive approximately \$26,326,646 less in state funding for 2023-2024 than in the prior year's adopted budget. Property tax collections are expected to increase by \$23,208,887.

#### CONTACTING THE DISTRICT'S FINANCIAL MANAGEMENT

This financial report is designed to provide our citizens, taxpayers, customers, and investors and creditors with a general overview of the District's finances and to demonstrate the District's accountability for funds the District receives. If you have questions about this report or need additional financial information, contact the District's business office, at Denton Independent School District, 1307 North Locust, Denton, Texas 76201, (940) 369-0000.

BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

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#### DENTON INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT STATEMENT OF NET POSITION JUNE 30, 2023

			I	D /	2		3
Data		_		-	ary Government	_	
Contro	A .			I	Business		
Codes	•		Governmental		Type		
Coucs			Activities	A	Activities		Total
ASSE	TS						
1110	Cash and Cash Equivalents	\$	338,779,158	\$	27,489	\$	338,806,647
1220	Property Taxes - Delinquent		6,191,366		ž.		6,191,366
1230	Allowance for Uncollectible Taxes		(159,786)		*		(159,786)
1240	Due from Other Governments		14,201,257				14,201,257
1290	Other Receivables, Net		2,148,083		12,393		2,160,476
1300	Inventories		346,673		-		346,673
1410	Prepayments Capital Assets:		374,269				374,269
1510	Land		113,650,130		9		113,650,130
1520	Buildings, Net		792,892,197		3		792,892,19 <b>7</b>
1530	Furniture and Equipment, Net		21,344,755		9,042		21,353,797
1553	SBITA Assets, Net		2,315,407		5,042		2,315,407
1580	Construction in Progress		461,724,645		<u>~</u>		461,724,645
1000	Total Assets	-	1,753,808,154		48,924	-	1,753,857,078
DEFE	ERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES				*******	-	
1701	Deferred Charge for Refunding		100,007,958				100,007,958
1705	Deferred Outflow Related to TRS Pension		85,302,629		-		85,302,629
1706	Deferred Outflow Related to TRS OPEB		25,944,789		- E		25,944,789
1700	Total Deferred Outflows of Resources	·	211,255,376		•	20	211,255,376
TIAD	ILITIES	444				-	
2110	Accounts Payable		38,352,688		1,880		38,354,568
2150	Payroll Deductions and Withholdings		1,542,800		1,000		1,542,800
2160	Accrued Wages Payable		32,873,209		-		32,873,209
2200	Accrued Expenses		17,931,053		-		17,931,053
2300	Unearned Revenue		24,556,048		-		24,556,048
	Noncurrent Liabilities:						
2501	Due Within One Year: Loans, Note, Leases, etc. Due in More than One Year:		60,622,695		-		60,622,695
2502	Bonds, Notes, Loans, Leases, etc.		1,391,925,711		160		1,391,925,711
2540	Net Pension Liability (District's Share)		117,929,411		7 <del>2</del> 2		117,929,411
2545	Net OPEB Liability (District's Share)		60,203,134		:₩3		60,203,134
2000	Total Liabilities	) <del>1      </del>	1,745,936,749		1,880		1,745,938,629
DEFE	RRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES						
2605	Deferred Inflow Related to TRS Pension		43,748,898		)( <b>=</b> (		43,748,898
2606	Deferred Inflow Related to TRS OPEB		91,980,821				91,980,821
2600	Total Deferred Inflows of Resources	-	135,729,719				135,729,719
NET I	POSITION	===		210-23	7 3.		
3200	Net Investment in Capital Assets Restricted:		130,293,801		9,042		130,302,843
3820	Restricted for Federal and State Programs		4,227,498		(@)		4,227,498
3850	Restricted for Debt Service		95,729,305		996		95,729,305
3870	Restricted for Campus Activities		2,797,730		19 <del>7</del> 0		2,797,730
3900	Unrestricted		(149,651,272)		38,002		(149,613,270)
3000	Total Net Position	\$	83,397,062	\$	47,044	\$	83,444,106
		-		_		-	

#### DENTON INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2023

				Program	n Rev	Revenues	
Data Control		t	3			4 Operating	
				Charges for		Grants and	
Codes		Expenses		Services		Contributions	
Primary Government:							
GOVERNMENTAL ACTIVITIES:							
11 Instruction	\$	244,332,808	\$	910,879	\$	29,902,063	
12 Instructional Resources and Media Services	•	5,955,089	Ψ	-	Ψ	438,579	
13 Curriculum and Instructional Staff Development		12,718,868				6,207,994	
21 Instructional Leadership		5,689,573		1 <u>2</u> 1		439,541	
23 School Leadership		22,338,817		200		1,658,582	
Guidance, Counseling, and Evaluation Services		20,179,014		9.1		6,906,892	
32 Social Work Services		1,100,916		*		350,944	
33 Health Services		4,008,870		8,459,123		62,659	
Student (Pupil) Transportation		9,188,319				2,293,291	
35 Food Services		19,884,117		5,355,963		14,753,716	
66 Extracurricular Activities		11,293,499		805,535		2,158,265	
1 General Administration		12,422,376		2,730,448		423,937	
1 Facilities Maintenance and Operations		46,878,836		258,090		240,824	
2 Security and Monitoring Services		2,384,138		2			
3 Data Processing Services		7,969,436				112,249	
1 Community Services		5,509,587		3,136,390		1,356,166	
2 Debt Service - Interest on Long-Term Debt		41,782,437				3,018,338	
3 Debt Service - Bond Issuance Cost and Fees		11,753,506		· ·		2	
Payments Related to Shared Services Arrangements		642,000				<del>=</del> :	
9 Other Intergovernmental Charges	-	2,005,987					
[TG] Total Governmental Activities:		488,038,193		21,656,428		70,324,040	
BUSINESS-TYPE ACTIVITIES:					_	***************************************	
11 Stadium Concessions		182,886		196,160		-	
[TB] Total Business-Type Activities:	-	182,886	2.000111	196,160		•	
[TP] TOTAL PRIMARY GOVERNMENT:	\$	488,221,079	\$	21,852,588	\$	70,324,040	
Data	-		-	-	-		

Data	
Control	General Revenues:
Codes	Taxes:
MT	Property Taxes, Levied for General Purposes
DT	Property Taxes, Levied for Debt Service
SF	State Aid - Formula Grants
ΙE	Investment Earnings
MI	Miscellaneous Local and Intermediate Revenue
E2	Loss on Disposition of Capital Assets
TR	Total General Revenues & Extraordinary Items
CN	Change in Net Position
NB	Net Position - Beginning
PA	Prior Period Adjustment
NE	Net Position - Ending

Net (Expense) Revenue and Changes in Net Position

	anges in Net Positio		
	7		8
Pri	mary Government		
	Business-type		
	Activities		Total
\$	360	\$	(213,519,866
	2		(5,516,510
	S(#)		(6,510,874
	*		(5,250,032
	(1 <del>4</del> )		(20,680,235
	*		(13,272,122
	3 <del>9</del> 6		(749,972
	527		4,512,912
	19 <del>8</del> 3		(6,895,028
	022		225,562
	250		(8,329,699
	1		(9,267,991
	3 <del>7</del> 3		(46,379,922
	-		(2,384,138
	9 <del>2</del> 3		(7,857,187
	-		(1,017,031
	3 <del>4</del> 2		(38,764,099
	-		(11,753,506
	9 <b>5</b> 5		(642,000 (2,005,987
-			(396,057,725
-			
-	13,274	_	13,274
Ş.,	13,274	-	13,274
	13,274	-	(396,044,451
	¥		236,343,647
	5		130,995,194
	*		46,988,962
			14,490,616
	¥		807,464
_			(3,448,855
			426,177,028
	13,274		30,132,577
	33,770		53,222,236
			89,293
	Pri	7 Primary Government Business-type Activities  \$	7 Primary Government  Business-type Activities  \$ - \$

# DENTON INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT BALANCE SHEET GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS JUNE 30, 2023

Data			10	50	60
Contr			General	Debt Service	Capital
Codes			Fund	Fund	Projects
A	SSETS				
1110	Cash and Cash Equivalents	\$	139,577,253	\$ 95,149,183 \$	93,231,007
1220	Property Taxes - Delinquent		4,057,859	2,133,507	170
1230	Allowance for Uncollectible Taxes		(106, 120)	(53,666)	
1240	Due from Other Governments		5,381,484	90,047	<del>-</del>
1260	Due from Other Funds		6,442,580	-	
1290	Other Receivables		1,903,870	(4)	( <u>#</u> )
1300	Inventories		129,483	***	3 <b>2</b> 8
1410	Prepayments		181,259	120	53,260
1000	Total Assets	\$	157,567,668	\$ 97,319,071 \$	93,284,267
LI	ABILITIES	-			
2110	Accounts Payable	\$	3,308,059	\$ - \$	34,331,096
2150	Payroll Deductions and Withholdings Payable		1,510,199	7.	### C
2160	Accrued Wages Payable		30,597,533	-	( <del>=</del> );
2170	Due to Other Funds		11,785	-	:7::
2300	Unearned Revenue		23,184,403		
2000	Total Liabilities		58,611,979		34,331,096
DE	EFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES				
2601	Unavailable Revenue - Property Taxes		3,049,010	1,589,766	3#0
2600	Total Deferred Inflows of Resources		3,049,010	1,589,766	( <b>*</b> )
FI	ND BALANCES				
1 C	Nonspendable Fund Balance:				
3410	Inventories		129,483	2	27
3425	Endowment Principal		127,403		5
3430	Prepaid Items		181,259	_	53,260
	Restricted Fund Balance:		101,237		33,200
3450	Federal or State Funds Grant Restriction		547	_	
3470	Capital Acquisition and Contractural Obligation			_	56,086,560
3480	Retirement of Long-Term Debt		· ·	95,729,305	50,000,500
100	Committed Fund Balance:		5.750	75,727,505	
3545	Other Committed Fund Balance		-		_
,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,	Assigned Fund Balance:		100	V-5	-
590	Other Assigned Fund Balance		33,237,113		2,813,351
3600	Unassigned Fund Balance		62,358,824	12 (2	2,013,331
000	Total Fund Balances	-	95,906,679	95,729,305	58,953,171
		-		75,127,505	30,733,171
1000	Total Liabilities, Deferred Inflows & Fund Balances	\$	157,567,668	97,319,071 \$	93,284,267

			Total
	Other		Governmental
	Funds		Funds
\$	9,475,664	\$	337,433,107
	-		6,191,366
	-		(159,786)
	8,729,726		14,201,257
	176,481		6,619,061
	243,972		2,147,842
	210,945		340,428
_	37,269	_	271,788
\$	18,874,057	\$	367,045,063
			. In or one colo
\$	626,346	\$	38,265,501
	32,601		1,542,800
	2,275,676		32,873,209
	6,607,276		6,619,061
_	1,371,645	-	24,556,048
	10,913,544		103,856,619
	ru.		4,638,776
_	12	-	4,638,776
		_	4,030,770
	210,945		340,428
	1,000		1,000
	37,269		271,788
	4,227,498		4,227,498
	-		56,086,560
	*		95,729,305
	3,479,323		3,479,323
	13,247		36,063,711
	(8,769)		62,350,055
	7,960,513		258,549,668
\$	18,874,057	\$	367,045,063

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#### **EXHIBIT C-2**

## DENTON INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT RECONCILIATION OF THE GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS BALANCE SHEET TO THE STATEMENT OF NET POSITION JUNE 30, 2023

Total Fund Balances - Governmental Funds	\$ 258,549,668
1 Assets and liabilities of the internal service funds are not included in the fund financial statements.	982,990
2 Capital assets used in governmental activities are not financial resources, and therefore, are not reported in the fund financial statements.	1,884,174,253
3 Accumulated depreciation is not reported in the fund financial statements.	(492,247,119)
4 Bonds payable are not reported in the fund financial statements.	(1,237,690,283)
5 Bond premiums and discounts are not recognized in the fund financial statements.	(181,342,888)
6 Interest is accrued on outstanding debt in the government-wide financial statements, whereas in the fund financial statements interest expenditures are reported when due.	(17,546,012)
7 Property tax revenue reported as deferred revenue in the fund financial statements was recognized as revenue in the government-wide financial statements.	4,638,776
8 Included in the items related to debt is the recognition of the District's proportionate share of the net pension liability required by GASB 68 in the amount of \$117,929,411, a Deferred Resource Inflow related to TRS in the amount of \$43,748,898, and a Deferred Resource Outflow related to TRS in the amount of \$85,302,629. This amounted to a decrease in Net Position in the amount of \$76,375,680.	(76,375,680)
9 Included in the items related to debt is the recognition of the District's proportionate share of the net Other Post-Employment Benefit (OPEB) liability required by GASB 75 in the amount of \$60,203,134, a Deferred Resource Inflow related to TRS OPEB in the amount of \$91,980,821, and a Deferred Resource Outflow related to TRS OPEB in the amount of \$25,944,789. This amounted to a decrease in Net Position in the amount of \$126,239,166.	(126,239,166)
10 Accrued vacation benefits have not been recorded in the fund financial statements.	(698,016)
11 Deferred charge on bond refundings is not recognized in the fund financial statements.	100,007,958
12 Accreted interest on capital appreciation bonds has not been recorded in the fund financial statements.	(31,256,128)
13 Subscription liabilities for SBITA assets used in governmental activities are not recognized in the fund financial assets.	(1,561,291)
19 Net Position of Governmental Activities	\$ 83,397,062

### DENTON INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

#### FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2023

Data			10 General	50 Debt Service	60 Capital
Code	S		Fund	Fund	Projects
5700 5800	EVENUES: Total Local and Intermediate Sources State Program Revenues Federal Program Revenues	\$	247,376,439 \$ 64,211,012 11,704,460	132,965,096 2,843,326	\$ 6,314,124
5020	Total Revenues		323,291,911	135,808,422	6,314,124
E	XPENDITURES:			W	1
	Current:				
0011 0012 0013 0021	Instruction Instructional Resources and Media Services Curriculum and Instructional Staff Development Instructional Leadership		200,360,467 5,074,449 6,246,290 4,943,463	-	
0023 0031 0032	School Leadership Guidance, Counseling, and Evaluation Services Social Work Services		19,260,065 12,463,457 835,207	=	©
0032 0033 0034 0035	Health Services Student (Pupil) Transportation Food Services		3,539,655 8,094,107 392,605		
0033 0036 0041 0051	Extracurricular Activities General Administration Facilities Maintenance and Operations		8,783,482 11,350,788 40,820,561	6. 2.	153,729
●052 0053 0061	Security and Monitoring Services Data Processing Services Community Services		2,384,138 7,185,659 3,769,757	- 5 5 2	27,120
0071 0072 0073	Debt Service: Principal on Long-Term Liabilities Interest on Long-Term Liabilities Bond Issuance Cost and Fees Capital Outlay:		1,155,845 2,761	70,748,434 62,950,447 <b>6</b> 5,050	**
0081	Facilities Acquisition and Construction Intergovernmental:		391,661	1 <u>w</u>	207,663,324
0093 0099	Payments to Fiscal Agent/Member Districts of SSA Other Intergovernmental Charges		642,000 2,005,987	1990 1940	# # # # # # # # # # # # # # # # # # #
6030	Total Expenditures		339,702,404	133,763,931	207,844,173
	Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues Over (Under) Expenditures FHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES):	_	(16,410,493)	2,044,491	(201,530,049)
7912 7913 7915	Sale of Real and Personal Property Proceeds from Subscription Liabilities Transfers In Transfers Out (Use)	3 <u></u>	16,188 <b>6</b> 06,461 1,037,811 (364,689)	:	174,241 (56,197)
7080	Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)		1,295,771	্ <b>ন</b>	118,044
EX	TRAORDINARY ITEMS:	-			
	Extraordinary Item - Resource Net Change in Fund Balances	_	2,339,359 (12,775,363)	2,044,491	(201,412,005)
0100 l	Fund Balance - July 1 (Beginning)	S-0	108,682,042	93,684,814	260,365,176
3000 ]	Fund Balance - June 30 (Ending)	\$	95,906,679 \$	95,729,305	\$ 58,953,171

The notes to the financial statements are an integral part of this statement.

	Other Funds	Total Governmental Funds
\$	10,902,510 \$ 4,578,629 34,754,961	397,558,169 71,632,967 46,459,421
	50,236,100	515,650,557
	16,428,281 254,854 5,108,906 119,874 507,846 5,262,331 117,662 37,905 112,570 18,209,112 1,645,168 184,201 78,561	216,788,748 5,329,303 11,355,196 5,063,337 19,767,911 17,725,788 952,869 3,577,560 8,206,677 18,601,717 10,582,379 11,534,989 40,899,122
	91,267 1,230,026	2,384,138 7,304,046 4,999,783
	(# 25 28	71,904,279 62,953,208 65,050
	162,263	208,217,248
	(e) (e)	642,000 2,005,987
_	49,550,827	730,861,335
_	685,273	(215,210,778)
	8,726	24,914 606,461
	150,718 (821,202)	1,362,770 (1,242,088)
	(661,758)	752,057
	)•)	2,339,359
	23,515	(212,119,362)
	7,936,998	470,669,030
\$	7,960,513 \$	258,549,668

#### EXHIBIT C-4

#### DENTON INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT

RECONCILIATION OF THE GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES TO THE STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES

FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2023

Total Net Change in Fund Balances - Governmental Funds	\$ (212,119,362)
Current year capital asset additions are expenditures in the fund financial statements, but they are shown as increases in capital assets in the government-wide financial statements. The net effect of reclassifying the current year capital asset additions is to increase net position.	202,225,352
Depreciation is not recognized as an expense in governmental funds since it does not require the use of current financial resources. The net effect of the current year's depreciation is to decrease net position in the government-wide financial statements.	(40,383,960)
Interest is accrued on outstanding debt in the government-wide financial statements, whereas in the fund financial statements interest expenditures are reported when due.	746,305
Revenues from property taxes are deferred in the fund financial statements until they are considered available to finance current expenditures, but such revenues are recognized when assessed, net of an allowance for uncollectable amounts, in the government-wide financial statements.	1,080,754
Current year amortization of the premium/discount on bonds payable is not recorded in the fund financial statements, but is shown as a change in long-term debt in the government-wide financial statements.	9,962,087
Current year interest accretion on capital appreciation bonds is not recognized in the fund financial statements, but is shown as a change in long-term debt in the government-wide financial statements.	10,462,379
The net profit (loss) of internal service funds is not included in the fund financial statements but is reported with governmental activities in the government-wide financial statements.	492,661
Current year principal payments on bonds payable are expenditures in the fund financial statements, but are shown as reductions in long-term debt in the government-wide financial statements.	70,748,434
Current year principal payments on subscription liabilities are expenditures in the fund financial statements, but are shown as reductions in long-term debt in the government-wide financial statements.	1,155,845
Current year net decreases in accrued vacation benefit obligations and special termination benefit obligations are shown as expenditures in the fund financial statements but are shown as reductions of long-term debt in the government-wide financial statements.	62,665
The implementation of GASB 68 required that certain expenditures be de-expended and recorded as deferred resource outflows. These contributions made after the measurement date of 8/31/2022 caused the ending net position to increase in the amount of \$8,625,595. Contributions made before the measurement but during the 2023 FY were also de-expended and recorded as a reduction in the net pension liability for the District. This also caused an increase in the net position in the amount of \$1,509,988. These contributions were replaced with the District's pension expense for the year of \$15,583,967, which caused a decrease in the change in net position. The impact of all of these is to decrease net position by \$5,448,384.	(5,448,384)

#### DENTON INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT

**EXHIBIT C-4** 

#### RECONCILIATION OF THE GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES TO THE STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES

FOR THE	YEAR	<b>ENDED</b>	JUNE	30.	2023

The implementation of GASB 75 required that certain expenditures be de-expended and recorded as deferred resource outflows. TRS OPEB contributions made during the current fiscal year caused the ending net position to increase in the amount of \$2,132,639. These contributions were replaced with the District's OPEB expense for the year, which was \$(5,725,404) and caused an increase in net position. The impact of both of these is to increase net position by \$7,858,043.	e 1	7,858,043
Proceeds from subscription liabilities are recorded as other resources in the fund financial statements but are shown as an increase in long-term debt in the government-wide financial statements.	1	(1,561,291)
The basis of capital asset dispositions do not affect the fund financial statements but are shown as a reduction of capital assets in the government-wide financial statements.	l	(3,473,769)
Current year amortization of deferred charge on bond refunding is not recorded in the fund financial statements, but is shown as a reduction of the deferred loss in the government-wide financial statements.		(11,688,456)
Change in Net Position of Governmental Activities	\$	30,119,303

## DENTON INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE BUDGET AND ACTUAL - GENERAL FUND FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2023

Data			Budgeted A	Amounts	Actual Amounts (GAAP BASIS)		ariance With Final Budget Positive or
Cod	es		Original	Final			(Negative)
	REVENUES:						
5700	Total Local and Intermediate Sources	\$	232,763,203			\$	889,870
5800	9		76,283,918	64,547,864	64,211,012		(336,852)
5900	Federal Program Revenues		5,350,000	11,278,235	11,704,460		426,225
5020	Total Revenues	2007.00	314,397,121	322,312,668	323,291,911	56 EVE	979,243
F	EXPENDITURES:	-					
0011	Current:		106 502 400	206.060.447	200 200 407		<i>( 700 000</i>
0011	Instruction		196,792,408	206,869,447	200,360,467		6,508,980
0012	Instructional Resources and Media Services		4,893,327	5,232,932	5,074,449		158,483
0013	Curriculum and Instructional Staff Development		5,489,669	6,461,715	6,246,290		215,425
0021	Instructional Leadership		4,016,668	5,068,078	4,943,463		124,615
0023	School Leadership		17,580,909	19,625,663	19,260,065		365,598
0031	Guidance, Counseling, and Evaluation Services		12,475,895	12,763,783	12,463,457		300,326
0032	Social Work Services		693,613	858,217	835,207		23,010
0033	Health Services		3,104,546	3,655,969	3,539,655		116,314
0034	Student (Pupil) Transportation		6,401,816	7,694,041	8,094,107		(400,066)
0035	Food Services		187,876	416,318	392,605		23,713
0036	Extracurricular Activities		8,152,332	9,015,611	8,783,482		232,129
0041	General Administration		11,935,759	10,704,985	11,350,788		(645,803)
0051	Facilities Maintenance and Operations		35,685,166	41,036,856	40,820,561		216,295
0052	Security and Monitoring Services		1,961,727	2,542,507	2,384,138		158,369
0053	Data Processing Services		7,646,468	6,885,902	7,185,659		(299,757)
0061	Community Services		3,455,936	4,371,708	3,769,757		601,951
0071	Debt Service:			1,227,618	1 155 045		71 772
	Principal on Long-Term Liabilities		-		1,155,845		71,773
0072	Interest on Long-Term Liabilities		•	2,761	2,761		•
0001	Capital Outlay:			571 051	201 ((1		100 100
0081	Facilities Acquisition and Construction			571,851	391,661		180,190
0002	Intergovernmental:		560 500	(42,000	(42,000		
0093	Payments to Fiscal Agent/Member Districts of SSA		560,700	642,000 2,005,987	642,000		1.50 1.50
0099	Other Intergovernmental Charges		1,909,854 322,944,669		2,005,987	-	7 051 545
6030	Total Expenditures  Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues Over (Under)	7.77		347,653,949	339,702,404	-	7,951,545
1100	Expenditures	-	(8,547,548)	(25,341,281)	(16,410,493)	-	8,930,788
	THER FINANCING SOURCES (USES):						
	Sale of Real and Personal Property		-	23,840	16,188		(7,652)
	Proceeds from Subscription Liabilities			249,113	606,461		357,348
	Transfers In		1,000,000	634,414	1,037,811		403,397
8911	Transfers Out (Use)		×	(309,745)	(364,689)		(54,944)
7080	Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)		1,000,000	597,622	1,295,771		698,149
	XTRAORDINARY ITEMS:	-		(22.0.1	0.000.000	ias -	1.505.011
	Extraordinary Item - Resource	2		632,043	2,339,359		1,707,316
1200	Net Change in Fund Balances		(7,547,548)	(24,111,616)	(12,775,363)		11,336,253
0100	Fund Balance - July 1 (Beginning)	-	108,682,042	108,682,042	108,682,042	-	•
3000	Fund Balance - June 30 (Ending)	\$	101,134,494 \$	84,570,426	\$ 95,906,679	\$	11,336,253

#### DENTON INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT STATEMENT OF NET POSITION PROPRIETARY FUNDS JUNE 30, 2023

	Business-Type Activities -	Governmental Activities -
	Total	Total
	Enterprise Funds	Internal Service Funds
ASSETS	Tunus	Bei vice i dilus
Current Assets:		
Cash and Cash Equivalents Other Receivables Inventories	\$ 27,489 12,393	\$ 1,346,051 241 6,245
Prepayments	-	102,481
Total Current Assets	39,882	1,455,018
Noncurrent Assets: Capital Assets:		
Furniture and Equipment. Net SBITA Asset, Net	9,042	70,806 882,780
Total Noncurrent Assets	9,042	953,586
Total Assets	48,924	2,408,604
LIABILITIES		
Current Liabilities:		
Accounts Payable	1,880	87,187
Total Current Liabilities	1,880	87,187
Noncurrent Liabilities:		
SBITA Liability		295,800
Claims Liability		384,841 680,641
Total Noncurrent Liabilities		080,041
Total Liabilities	1,880	767,828
NET POSITION		
Net Investment in Capital Assets Unrestricted Net Position	9,042 38,002	657,786 982,990
Total Net Position	\$ 47,044	\$ 1,640,776

## DENTON INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENSES, AND CHANGES IN FUND NET POSITION PROPRIETARY FUNDS

#### FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2023

	Business-Type Activities -	Governmental Activities -
	Total Enterprise Funds	Total Internal Service Funds
OPERATING REVENUES:	rullus	Service runds
Local and Intermediate Sources	\$ 196,160	\$ 2,032,288
Total ●perating Revenues	196,160	2,032,288
OPERATING EXPENSES:		
Payroll Costs Professional and Contracted Services Supplies and Materials Other Operating Costs Depreciation Expense	72,542 36 105,712 3,149 1,447	285,687 103,267 494,246 332,797 421,252
Total Operating Expenses	182,886	1,637,249
Operating Income	13,274	395,039
NONOPERATING REVENUES (EXPENSES):		
Earnings from Temporary Deposits & Investments		11,402
Total Nonoperating Revenues (Expenses)		11,402
Income Before Transfers	13,274	406,441
Transfers In Transfers Out	co.	879,318 (1,000,000)
Change in Net Position	13,274	285,759
Total Net Position - July 1 (Beginning)	33,770	1,348,474
Prior Period Adjustment	<u>**</u>	6,543
Total Net Position - June 30 (Ending)	\$ 47,044	\$ 1,640,776

## DENTON INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS PROPRIETARY FUNDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2023

			Governmental Activities -	
	7.070	Total	450	Total
	F	Enterprise	_	Internal
		Funds		Service Funds
Cash Flows from Operating Activities:				
Cash Received from District	\$	100.767	\$	1,454,495
Cash Received from Charges and Fees		183,767		677,343
Cash Payments for Payroll Costs		(72,542)		(285,698)
Cash Payments for Purchased Services Cash Payments for Supplies and Materials		(36) (108,518)		(103,267) (569,179)
Cash Payments for Claims		(100,510)		(848,720)
•		0.671	-	
Net Cash Provided by Operating Activities	2200-000	2,671		324,974
Cash Flows from Capital & Related Financing Activities:				
Transfers In				879,318
SBITA Proceeds		-		325,198
SBITA Principal Payments		-		(211,292) (1,169,179)
Purchase of Capital Assets Transfer Out				(1,109,179) (1,000,000)
	*	<del>2</del> -	-	
Net Cash Provided by (Used for) Capital and Related Financing Activities	<u> </u>	-		(1,175,955)
Cash Flows from Investing Activities:				
Interest and Dividends on Investments			_	11,402
Net Increase (Decrease) in Cash and Cash Equivalents		2,671		(839,579)
Cash and Cash Equivalents at Beginning of Year		24,818		2,185,630
Cash and Cash Equivalents at End of Year	\$	27,489	\$	1,346,051
Reconciliation of Operating Income to Net Cash				
Provided by Operating Activities:				
Operating Income:	\$	13,274	\$	395,039
Adjustments to Reconcile Operating Income				
to Net Cash Provided by Operating Activities:				
Depreciation		1,447		421,252
Effect of Increases and Decreases in Current				
Assets and Liabilities:		Lord code		
Decrease (increase) in Receivables		(12,393)		99,550
Decrease (increase) in Inv./Prepayments		2.42		(103,686)
Increase (decrease) in Accounts Payable		343		34,258
Increase (decrease) in Accrued Wages Payable		2		(11) (521,428)
Increase (decrease) in Accrued Expenses	<u> </u>	2.671	_	
Net Cash Provided by Operating Activities	\$	2,671	\$	324,974

#### DENTON INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT STATEMENT OF FIDUCIARY NET POSITION FIDUCIARY FUNDS JUNE 30, 2023

	Total Custodial Funds
ASSETS	
Cash and Cash Equivalents	\$ 241,961
Total Assets	241,961
LIABILITIES	
Accounts Payable	78
Total Liabilities	78
NET POSITION	
Unrestricted Net Position	241,883
Total Net Position	\$ 241,883

#### DENTON INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN FIDUCIARY NET POSITION FIDUCIARY FUNDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2023

	Total Custodial Funds
ADDITIONS:	
Received from Student Groups/Other	\$ 205,352
Total Additions	205,352
DEDUCTIONS:	
Student Groups/Other	213,553
Total Deductions	213,553
Change in Fiduciary Net Position	(8,201)
Total Net Position - July 1 (Beginning)	250,084
Γotal Net Position - June 30 (Ending)	\$ 241,883

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## NOTE 1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

Denton Independent School District (the "District") is a public educational agency operating under the applicable rules and regulations of the State of Texas. The District's combined financial statements have been prepared in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP) as applied to governmental units in conjunction with the Texas Education Agency's Financial Accountability System Resource Guide (FAR). The Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) is the accepted standard setting body for establishing governmental accounting and financial reporting principles. The more significant accounting policies of the District are described below.

#### A. REPORTING ENTITY

The Board of Trustees, a seven member group elected by registered voters of the District, has fiscal accountability over all activities related to public elementary and secondary education within the jurisdiction of the District. The board of trustees are elected by the public. The trustees as a body corporate have the exclusive power and duty to govern and oversee the management of the public schools of the district. All powers and duties not specifically delegated by statute to the Texas Education Agency (Agency) or to the State Board of Education are reserved for the trustees, and the Agency may not substitute its judgment for the lawful exercise of those powers and duties by the trustees. The District is not included in any other governmental "reporting entity" as defined in Section 2100, Codification of Governmental Accounting and Financial Reporting Standards.

The District's basis financial statements include the accounts of all District operations. The criteria for including organizations as component units within the District's reporting entity, as set forth in Section 2100 of GASB's Codification of Governmental Accounting and Financial Reporting Standards, include whether:

- the organization is legally separate (can sue and be sued in their own name)
- the District holds the corporate powers of the organization
- the District appoints a voting majority of the organization's board
- the District is able to impose its will on the organization
- the organization has the potential to impose a financial benefit/burden on the District
- there is fiscal dependency by the organization on the District

Based on the aforementioned criteria, Denton Independent School District has no component units.

## B. BASIS OF PRESENTATION

The government-wide financial statements (the statement of net position and the statement of activities) report information on all of the nonfiduciary activities of the District. The effect of interfund activity, within the governmental and business-type activities columns, has been removed from these statements. Governmental activities, which normally are supported by taxes and intergovernmental revenues, are reported separately from business-type activities, which rely to a significant extent on fees and charges for support.

The statement of activities demonstrates the degree to which the direct expenses of a given program are offset by program revenues. Direct expenses are those that are clearly identifiable with a specific program. Program revenues include 1) charges to customers or applicants who purchase, use, or directly benefit from goods, services, or privileges provided by a given program and 2) operating or capital grants and contributions that are restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular program. Taxes and other items not properly included among program revenues are reported instead as general revenues.

#### Fund Financial Statements:

The District segregates transactions related to certain functions or activities in separate funds in order to aid financial management and to demonstrate legal compliance. Separate statements are presented for governmental and proprietary activities. These statements present each major fund as a separate column on the fund financial statements; all non-major funds are aggregated and presented in a single column.

Governmental funds are those funds through which most governmental functions typically are financed. The measurement focus of governmental funds is on the sources, uses and balance of current financial resources. The District has presented the following major governmental funds:

- 1. General Fund This fund is established to account for resources financing the fundamental operations of the District, in partnership with the <u>community</u>, in enabling and motivating students to reach their full potential. All revenues and expenditures not required to be accounted for in other funds are included here. This is a budgeted fund and any fund balances are considered resources available for current operations. Fund balances may be appropriated by the Board of Trustees to implement its responsibilities.
- 2. Debt Service Fund This fund is established to account for payment of principal and interest on long-term general obligation debt and other long-term debts for which a tax has been dedicated. This is a budgeted fund. Any unused sinking fund balances are transferred to the General Fund after all of the related debt obligations have been met.
- 3. Capital Projects Fund This fund is established to account for proceeds, from the sale of bonds and other resources to be used for Board authorized acquisition, construction, or renovation, as well as, furnishings and equipping of major capital facilities. Upon completion of a project, any unused bond proceeds are transferred to the Debt Service Fund and are used to retire related bond principal.

Additionally, the District reports the following fund types:

- Special Revenue Funds These funds are established to account for federally financed
  or expenditures legally restricted for specified purposes. In many special revenue funds,
  any unused balances are returned to the grantor at the close of specified project periods.
  For funds in this fund type, project accounting is employed to maintain integrity for the
  various sources of funds.
- 2. Enterprise Fund The District utilizes enterprise funds to account for the Districts' activities for which outside users are charged a fee roughly equal to the cost of providing the goods or services of those activities. The District uses this fund to account for its athletic stadium concessions, because this program is self-supporting and does not require subsidies from the general fund.
- 3. Internal Service Funds The District utilizes Internal Service Funds to account for revenues and expenses related to services provided to parties inside the District on a cost reimbursement basis. These funds facilitate distribution of support costs to the users of support services. The District has internal service funds for its health and workers compensation self-insurance plans in addition to its print shop.
- 4. Permanent Fund The District utilizes a permanent fund to account for resources that are legally restricted to the extent that only earnings, and not principal, may be used for purposes to support the District's programs. The District uses this fund to account for the Lewis Price Memorial Fund, the earnings on which are to be used for playground equipment.

5. Fiduciary Funds - The District reports Custodial Funds as Fiduciary Funds. Custodial Funds are custodial in nature and account for activities of student and employee groups. Custodial Funds exist with the explicit approval of, and are subject to revocation by, the Board.

The enterprise funds and internal service funds are proprietary fund types. Proprietary funds distinguish operating revenues and expenses from non-operating items. Operating revenues and expenses generally result from providing services and producing and delivering goods in connection with a proprietary fund's principal ongoing operations. Operating expenses for the proprietary funds include the cost of personal and contractual services, supplies and depreciation on capital assets. All revenues and expenses not meeting this definition are reported as non-operating revenues and expenses.

Under GASB Statement No. 20, "Accounting and Financial Reporting for Proprietary Funds and Other Governmental Entities That Use Proprietary Fund Accounting", all proprietary funds will continue to follow Financial Accounting Standards Board (FASB) standards issued on or before November 30, 1989. However, from that date forward, proprietary funds will have the option of either 1) choosing not to apply future FASB standards (including amendments or earlier pronouncements), or 2) continuing to follow new FASB pronouncements (unless they conflict with GASB guidance). The District has chosen not to apply future FASB standards.

#### C. MEASUREMENT FOCUS/BASIS OF ACCOUNTING

Measurement focus refers to what is being measured; basis of accounting refers to when revenues and expenditures are recognized in the accounts and reported in the financial statements. Basis of accounting relates to the timing of the measurement made, regardless of the measurement focus applied.

The government-wide statements and fund financial statements for proprietary funds are reported using the economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting. The economic resources measurement focus means all assets and liabilities (whether current or non-current) are included on the statement of net position and the operating statements present increases (revenues) and decreases (expenses) in net total position. Under the accrual basis of accounting, revenues are recognized when earned and expenses are recognized at the time the liability is incurred.

Governmental fund financial statements are reported using the current financial resources measurement focus and are accounted for using the modified accrual basis of accounting. Under the modified accrual basis of accounting, revenues are recognized when susceptible to accrual; i.e., when they become both measurable and available. "Measurable" means the amount of the transaction can be determined and "available" means collectible within the current period or soon enough thereafter to be used to pay liabilities of the current period. The District considers property taxes as available if they are collected within 60 days after year-end. A 90 day availability period is used for recognition of all other Governmental Fund revenues. Expenditures are recorded when the related fund liability is incurred. However, debt service expenditures, as well as expenditures related to compensated absences are recorded only when payment is due.

The fiduciary net position of the Teacher Retirement System of Texas (TRS) has been determined using the flow of economic resources measurement focus and full accrual basis of accounting. This includes for purposes of measuring the net pension liability, deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions, pension expense, and information about assets, liabilities and additions to/deductions from TRS's fiduciary net position. Benefit payments (including refunds of employee contributions) are recognized when due and payable in accordance with the benefit terms. Investments are reported at fair value.

The fiduciary net position of the Teacher Retirement System of Texas (TRS) TRS-Care Plan has been determined using the flow of economic resources measurement focus and full accrual basis of accounting. This includes for purposes of measuring the net OPEB liability, deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to other post-employment benefits, OPEB expense, and information about assets, liabilities and additions to/deductions from TRS-Care's fiduciary net position. Benefit payments are recognized when due and payable in accordance with the benefit terms. There are no investments as this is a pay-as-you-go plan and all cash is held in a cash account.

The revenue susceptible to accrual are property taxes, charges for services, interest income and intergovernmental revenues. All other Governmental Fund Type revenues are recognized when received.

Revenues from state and federal grants are recognized as earned when the related program expenditures are incurred. Funds received but unearned are reflected as unearned revenues, and funds expended but not yet received are shown as receivables.

Revenue from investments, including governmental external investment pool, is based upon fair value. Fair value is the amount at which a financial instrument could be exchanged in a current transaction between willing parties, other than in a forced or liquidation sale. Most investments are reported at amortized cost when the investments have remaining maturities of one year or less at time of purchase. External investment pools are permitted to report short-term debt investments at amortized cost, provided that the fair value of those investments is not significantly affected by the impairment of the credit standing of the issuer, or other factors. For that purpose, a pool's short-term investments are those with remaining maturities of up to ninety days.

In accordance with the FAR, the District has adopted and installed an accounting system which exceeds the minimum requirements prescribed by the State Board of Education and approved by the State Auditor. Specifically, the District's accounting system uses codes and the code structure presented in the Accounting Code Section of the FAR.

#### D. BUDGETARY CONTROL

Formal budgetary accounting is employed for all required Governmental Fund Types, as outlined in TEA's FAR module, and is presented on the modified accrual basis of accounting consistent with generally accepted accounting principles. The budget is prepared and controlled at the function level within each organization to which responsibility for controlling operations is assigned.

The official school budget is prepared for adoption for required Governmental Fund Types prior to June 20 of the preceding fiscal year for the subsequent fiscal year beginning July 1. The budget is formally adopted by the Board of Trustees at a public meeting held at least ten days after public notice has been given. The budget is prepared by fund, function, object, and organization. The budget is controlled at the organizational level by the appropriate department head or campus principal within Board allocations. Therefore, organizations may transfer appropriations as necessary without the approval of the board unless the intent is to cross fund, function or increase the overall budget allocations. Control of appropriations by the Board of Trustees is maintained within Fund Groups at the function code level and revenue object code level.

Annual budgets are adopted on a basis consistent with generally accepted accounting principles for the General Fund, the Debt Service Fund and the Child Nutrition Fund. The special revenue funds and the Capital Projects Fund adopt project-length budgets which do not correspond to the District's fiscal year. Each annual budget is presented on the modified accrual basis of accounting which is consistent with generally accepted accounting principles. The budget is amended throughout the year by the Board of Trustees. Such amendments are reflected in the official minutes of the Board.

A reconciliation of fund balances for both appropriated budget and nonappropriated budget special revenue funds is as follows:

June 30, 2023 <u>Fund Balance</u> \$4,438,443 <u>3,507,819</u> \$7,946,262

Appropriated Budget Funds
Nonappropriated Budget Funds
All Special Revenue Funds

## E. ENCUMBRANCE ACCOUNTING

The District employs encumbrance accounting, whereby encumbrances for goods or purchased services are documented by purchase orders and contracts. An encumbrance represents a commitment of Board appropriation related to unperformed contracts for goods and services. The issuance of a purchase order or the signing of a contract creates an encumbrance but does not represent an expenditure for the period, only a commitment to expend resources. Appropriations lapse at June 30 and encumbrances outstanding at that time are either canceled or appropriately provided for in the subsequent year's budget.

#### F. PREPAID ITEMS

Prepaid balances are for payments made by the District in the current fiscal year to provide services occurring in the subsequent fiscal year, and the amount of prepayments has been recognized as nonspendable fund balance to signify that a portion of fund balance is not available for other subsequent expenditures.

## G. INVENTORIES

The consumption method is used to account for inventories of food products, school supplies and athletic equipment. Under this method, these items are carried in an inventory account of the respective fund at cost, using the first-in, first-out method of accounting and are subsequently charged to expenditures when consumed. In the General Fund, reported inventories are offset by a fund balance reserve indicating that they are unavailable as current expendable financial resources.

#### H. INTERFUND RECEIVABLES AND PAYABLES

Short-term amounts owed between funds are classified as "Due to/from other funds". Interfund loans are classified as "Advances to/from other funds" and are offset by a fund balance reserve account. Any residual balances outstanding between the governmental activities and business-type activities are reported in the governmental-wide financial statements as "internal balances" and "internal advances".

## I. CAPITAL ASSETS

Capital assets, which includes property, plant, equipment, and infrastructure assets, are reported in the applicable governmental or business-type activities columns in the government-wide financial statements and in the fund financial statements for proprietary funds. All capital assets are valued at historical cost or estimated historical cost if actual historical cost is not available. Donated assets are valued at acquisition value on the date donated. Repairs and maintenance are recorded as expenses. Renewals and betterments are capitalized. Interest has not been capitalized during the construction period on property, plant and equipment.

Assets capitalized have an original cost of \$5,000 or more and over one-year of useful life. Depreciation has been calculated on each class of depreciable property using the straight-line method. Estimated useful lives are as follows:

Buildings 20-40 Years Furniture and Equipment 5-10 Years

#### J. COMPENSATED ABSENCES

It is the District's policy to permit employees to accumulate earned but unused vacation and sick pay benefits. There is no liability for unpaid accumulated sick leave since the District does not have a policy to pay any amounts when employees separate from service with the District. All vacation pay is accrued when incurred in the government-wide, proprietary, and fiduciary fund financial statements. A liability for these amounts is reported in governmental funds only if they have matured, for example, as a result of employee resignations and retirements.

#### K. CASH EQUIVALENTS

For purposes of the statement of cash flows, investments are considered to be cash equivalents if they are highly liquid with maturity within one year or less.

#### L. NET POSITION

Net position represents the difference between assets, deferred inflows, deferred outflows and liabilities. Net investment in capital assets consists of capital assets, net of accumulated depreciations, reduced by the outstanding balances of any borrowing used for the acquisition, construction or improvements of those assets, and adding back unspent proceeds. Net position is reported as restricted when there are limitations imposed on their use either through the enabling legislations adopted by the District or through external restrictions imposed by creditors, grantors or laws or regulations of other governments.

## M. LONG-TERM OBLIGATIONS

In the government-wide financial statements, and proprietary fund types in the fund financial statements, long-term debt and other long-term obligations are reported as liabilities in the applicable governmental activities, business-type activities, or proprietary fund type statement of net position. Bond premiums and discounts are deferred and amortized over the life of the bonds using the effective interest method. Bonds payable are reported net of the applicable bond premium or discount. Bond issuance costs are expensed in the year incurred.

In the fund financial statements, governmental fund types recognize bond premiums and discounts, as well as bond issuance costs, during the current period. The face amount of debt issued is reported as other financing sources. Premiums received on debt issuances are reported as other financing sources while discounts on debt issuances are reported as other financing uses. Issuance costs, whether or not withheld from the actual debt proceeds received, are reported as debt service expenditures.

## N. DEFERRED OUTFLOWS/INFLOWS OF RESOURCES

Deferred outflows and inflows of resources are reported in the statement of financial position as described below:

A deferred outflow of resources is a consumption of a government's net assets (a decrease in assets in excess of any related decrease in liabilities or an increase in liabilities in excess of any related increase in assets) by the government that is applicable to a future reporting period. The District has three items that quality for reporting in this category:

**Deferred outflows of resources for refunding** - Reported in the government-wide statement of net position, the deferred charge on bond refundings results from the difference in the carrying value of refunded debt and its reacquisition price. This amount is deferred and amortized over the shorter of the life of the refunded or refunding debt. The amount of deferred outflows reported in the governmental activities for the deferred charge on bond refundings at June 30, 2023 was \$100,007,958.

Deferred outflows of resources for pension - Reported in the government-wide financial statement of net position, this deferred outflow results from pension plan contributions made after the measurement date of the net pension liability and the results of differences between expected and actual actuarial experiences. The deferred outflows of resources related to pensions resulting from District contributions subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as a reduction of the net pension liability in the next fiscal year. The other pension related deferred outflows will be amortized over the expected remaining service lives of all employees (active and inactive employees) that are provided with pensions through the pension plan which is currently approximately 5.7052 years.

A deferred outflow for pension expense results from payments made to the TRS pension plan by the District after the plan's measurement date. The amount of deferred outflows reported in the statement of net position for deferred pension expenses at June 30, 2023 was \$85,302,629.

Deferred outflows of resources for OPEB- Reported in the government-wide financial statement of net position, this deferred outflow results from OPEB plan contributions made after the measurement date of the net OPEB liability and the results of differences between expected and actual investment earnings and changes in proportionate share. The deferred outflows of resources related to OPEB resulting from District contributions subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as a reduction of the net OPEB liability in the next fiscal year. The other OPEB related deferred outflows will be amortized over the expected remaining service lives of all employees (active and inactive employees) that are provided with OPEB through the OPEB plan which is currently approximately 9.2179 years. The amount of deferred outflows reported in the statement of net position for deferred OPEB expense at June 30, 2023 was \$25,944,789.

A deferred inflow of resources is an acquisition of a government's net assets (an increase in assets in excess of any related increase in liabilities or a decrease in liabilities in excess of any related decrease in assets) by the government that is applicable to a future reporting period. The District has three items that qualify for reporting in this category:

**Deferred inflows of resources for unavailable revenues** - Reported only in the governmental funds balance sheet, unavailable revenues from property taxes arise under the modified accrual basis of accounting. These amounts are deferred and recognized as an inflow of resources in the period that the amounts become available. The District reported property taxes that are unavailable as deferred inflows of resources in the fund financial statements. The amount of deferred inflows of resources reported in the governmental funds at June 30, 2023 was \$4,638,776.

**Deferred inflows of resources for pension** - Reported in the government-wide financial statement of net position, these deferred inflows result primarily from differences between projected and actual earnings on pension plan investments. These amounts will be amortized over a closed five year period. In fiscal year 2023, the District reported deferred inflows of resources for pensions in the statement of net position in the amount of \$43,748,898.

**Deferred inflows of resources for OPEB** - Reported in the government-wide financial statement of net position, these deferred inflows result primarily from differences between expected and actual experience and from changes in assumptions. These amounts will be amortized over the average expected remaining service life (AERSL) of all members (9.2179 years for the 2022 measurement year). In fiscal year 2023, the District reported deferred inflows of resources for OPEB in the statement of net position in the amount of \$91,980,821.

#### O. RISK MANAGEMENT

The District is exposed to various risks of loss related to torts theft of, damage to and destruction of assets; errors and omissions; injuries to employees; and natural disasters. During fiscal 2023, the district purchased commercial insurance to cover general liabilities. There were no significant reductions in coverage in the past fiscal year, and there were no settlements exceeding insurance coverage for each of the past three fiscal years.

#### P. ESTIMATES

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect certain reported amounts and disclosures. Accordingly, actual results could differ from those estimates.

#### NOTE 2. FUND BALANCE

The District has implemented GASB Statement No. 54, "Fund Balance Reporting and Governmental Fund Type Definitions" which provides more clearly defined fund balance categories to make the nature and extent of the constraints placed on a government's fund balances more transparent.

<u>Fund Balance Classification</u>: The governmental fund financial statements present fund balances based on classifications that comprise a hierarchy that is based primarily on the extent to which the District is bound to honor constraints on the specific purposes for which amounts in the respective governmental funds can be spent. The classifications used in the governmental fund financial statements are as follows:

- <u>Nonspendable</u>: This classification includes amounts that cannot be spent because they are either (a) not in spendable form or (b) are legally or contractually required to be maintained intact. The District has classified prepaid items and inventories as being nonspendable as these items are not expected to be converted to cash and has classified the Lewis Price Memorial Fund principal as being nonspendable as these funds are contractually required to remain intact.
- Restricted: This classification includes amounts for which constraints have been placed on the use of the resources either (a) externally imposed by creditors, grantors, contributors, or laws or regulations of other governments, or (b) imposed by law through constitutional provisions or enabling legislation. Debt service resources are to be used for future servicing of the District's bonded debt and are restricted through debt covenants. Capital projects fund resources are to be used for future construction and renovation projects and are restricted through bond orders and constitutional law.
- <u>Committed</u>: This classification includes amounts that can be used only for specific purposes pursuant to constraints imposed by formal action of the District's Board of Trustees. The Board of Trustees establishes (and modifies or rescinds) fund balance commitments by passage of a resolution. This can also be done through adoption and amendment of the budget. These amounts cannot be used for any other purpose unless the Board removes or changes the specified use by taking the same type of action that was employed when the funds were initially committed. This classification also includes contractual obligations to the extent that existing resources have been specifically committed for use in satisfying those contractual requirements. The Board of Trustees have committed resources as of June 30, 2023 for campus activities.

- <u>Assigned:</u> This classification includes amounts that are constrained by the District's intent to be used for a specific purpose but are neither restricted nor committed. This intent can be expressed by the Board of Trustees or through the Board of Trustees delegating this responsibility to other individuals in the District. Under the District's adopted policy, the Board of Trustees may assign amounts for specific purposes but it has also delegated authority to assign fund balance to the Superintendent and the Assistant Superintendent of Administrative Services. This classification also includes the remaining positive fund balance for all governmental funds except for the General Fund. The District has assigned fund balance of the General Fund as of June 30, 2023 for several purposes as detailed below.
- <u>Unassigned</u>: This classification includes all amounts not included in other spendable classifications, including the residual fund balance for the General Fund.

When an expenditure is incurred for purposes for which both restricted and unrestricted fund balance is available, the District considers restricted funds to have been spent first. When an expenditure is incurred for which committed, assigned, or unassigned fund balances are available, the District considers amounts to have been spent first out of committed funds, then assigned funds, and finally unassigned funds, as needed, unless the Board of Trustees has provided otherwise in its commitment or assignment actions.

The Board of Trustees has adopted a fund balance policy that expresses an intent to maintain a level of assigned and unassigned fund balance in the general fund equal to 25 percent of the fund's operating expenditures.

The details of the fund balances are included in the Governmental Funds Balance Sheet (pages 22 and 23) and are described below:

## **General Fund**

The General Fund has unassigned fund balance of \$62,358,824 at June 30, 2023. Deferred expenditures (prepaid items) of \$181,259 and inventories of \$129,483 are considered nonspendable fund balance. The District has assigned general fund fund balance resources for the following purposes as of June 30, 2023:

2023-2024 Projected Deficit Budget	\$17,850,403
Extended School Day program	5,102,352
Non-bond new campus startup	280,824
Transportation	1,829,068
Per pupil campus allotment	2,827,677
Secondary curriculum	138,005
Career and Technology program	1,324,407
Bilingual program	14,102
Fine Arts program	145,319
Major maintenance projects	247,502
Technology	353,636
Athletics	1,355,682
Insurance deductibles	977,741
Vehicles/buses/equipment	790,395
	\$33,237,113

#### Other Major Funds

The Debt Service Fund has restricted funds of \$95,729,305 at June 30, 2023 consisting primarily of property tax collections that are restricted for debt service payments on bonded debt. The Capital Projects Fund has restricted funds of \$56,086,560 at June 30, 2023 consisting of unspent bond funds and \$2,813,351 of non-bond funds assigned for future capital replacement projects. Deferred expenditures (prepaid items) of \$53,260 are considered nonspendable fund balance.

#### Other Funds

In the Food Service Fund, inventories of \$210,945 are considered nonspendable fund balance. The remainder of the Food Service Fund fund balance of \$4,227,498 is shown as restricted for food service operations. The fund balance of \$2,797,730 of the Campus Activity Fund (a special revenue fund) is shown as committed due to Board policy committing those funds to campus activities. The fund balance of Local Grants (a special revenue fund) consisted of funds donated for specific purposes that are committed to those purposes, and the fund balance of COVID-19 Local Activity (a special revenue fund) consists of funds set aside and committed for local COVID-19 expenditures. The Lewis Trust Memorial Fund permanent endowment fund principal of \$1,000 is shown as nonspendable at June 30, 2023, while the accumulated unspent earnings of \$13,247 are shown as assigned fund balance.

#### NOTE 3. DEPOSITS AND INVESTMENTS

The District's funds are required to be deposited and invested under the terms of a depository contract. The depository bank deposits for safekeeping and trust with the District's agent bank approved pledged securities in an amount sufficient to protect District funds on a day-to-day basis during the period of the contract. The pledge of approved securities is waived only to the extent of the depository bank's dollar amount of Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation ("FDIC") insurance.

## 1. Cash Deposits:

At June 30, 2023, the carrying amount of the District's deposits checking accounts and interest-bearing savings accounts was \$8,797,389 and the bank balance was \$9,393,278. The District's cash deposits at June 30, 2023 were entirely covered by FDIC insurance or by pledged collateral held by the District's agent bank in the District's name, but were under-secured for one day during the current fiscal year.

#### 2. Investments:

The Public Funds Investment Act (Government Code Chapter 2256) contains specific provisions in the areas of investment practices, management reports and establishment of appropriate policies. Among other things, it requires the District to adopt, implement, and publicize an investment policy. That policy must address the following areas: (1) safety of principal and liquidity, (2) portfolio diversification, (3) allowable investments, (4) acceptable risk levels, (5) expected rates of return, (6) maximum allowable stated maturity of portfolio investments, (7) maximum average dollar-weighted maturity allowed based on the stated maturity date for the portfolio, (8) investment staff quality and capabilities, (9) and bid solicitation preferences for certificates of deposit. Statutes authorize the District to invest in (1) obligations of the U.S. Treasury, certain U.S. agencies, and the State of Texas; (2) certificates of deposit, (3) certain municipal securities, (4) money market savings accounts, (5) repurchase agreements, (6) bankers acceptances, (7) Mutual Funds, (8) Investment pools, (9) guaranteed investment contracts, (10) and common trust funds. The Act also requires the District to have independent auditors perform test procedures related to investment practices as provided by the Act. The District is in substantial compliance with the requirements of the Act and with local policies.

In compliance with the Public Funds Investment Act, the District has adopted a deposit and investment policy. That policy addresses the following risks:

a. Custodial Credit Risk – Deposits: In the case of deposits, this is the risk that, in the event of a bank failure, the District's deposits may not be returned to it. As of June 30, 2023, the District's cash balances totaled \$9,393,278. This entire amount was either secured by pledged securities held by the District's financial institution's agent in the District's name or covered by FDIC insurance. Thus, the District's deposits are not exposed to custodial credit risk.

- b. Custodial Credit Risk Investments: For an investment, this is the risk that, in the event of the failure of the counterparty, the District will not be able to recover the value of its investments or collateral securities that are in the possession of an outside party. At June 30, 2023, the District held all of its investments in five public funds investment pools (TexPool, Lone Star, Texas Term, Texas Class and TexStar). Investments in external investment pools are considered unclassified as to custodial credit risk because they are not evidenced by securities that exist in physical or book entry form.
- c. Credit Risk This is the risk that an issuer or other counterparty to an investment will be unable to fulfill its obligations. The rating of securities by nationally recognized rating agencies is designed to give an indication of credit risk. The credit quality rating for TexPool, Texas Term, Texas Class and TexStar at year-end was AAAm (Standard & Poor's), and the credit quality rating for Lone Star was AAAf (Standard & Poor's).
- d. Interest Rate Risk This is the risk that changes in interest rates will adversely affect the fair value of an investment. The District manages its exposure to declines in fair values by limiting the weighted average maturity of its investment portfolio to less than one year from the time of purchase. The weighted average maturity for the TexPool, TexStar, Texas Term, Texas Class and Lone Star investments is less than 60 days.
- e. Foreign Currency Risk This is the risk that exchange rates will adversely affect the fair value of an investment. At June 30, 2023, the District was not exposed to foreign currency risk.
- f. Concentration of Credit Risk This is the risk of loss attributed to the magnitude of the District's investment in a single issuer (i.e., lack of diversification). Concentration risk is defined as positions of 5 percent or more in the securities of a single issuer. Investment pools are excluded from the 5 percent disclosure requirement.

Public funds investment pools in Texas ("Pools") are established under the authority of the Interiocal Cooperation Act, Chapter 79 of the Texas Government Code, and are subject to the provisions of the Public Funds Investment Act (the "Act"), Chapter 2256 of the Texas Government Code. In addition to other provisions of the Act designed to promote liquidity and safety of principal, the Act requires Pools to: 1) have an advisory board composed of participants in the pool and other persons who do not have a business relationship with the pool and are qualified to advise the pool; 2) maintain a continuous rating of no lower than AAA or AAA-m or an equivalent rating by at least one nationally recognized rating service; and 3) maintain the market value of its underlying investment portfolio within one half of one percent of the value of its shares.

The District's investments in Pools are reported at an amount determined by the fair value per share of the pool's underlying portfolio, unless the pool is 2a7-like, in which case they are reported at share value. A 2a7-like pool is one which is not registered with the Securities and Exchange Commission ("SEC") as an investment company, but nevertheless has a policy that it will, and does, operate in a manner consistent with the SEC's Rule 2a7 of the Investment Company Act of 1940.

The District's investments at June 30, 2023, are shown below:

	Carrying	Fair
Name	Amount	Value
TexPool	\$ 25,632,878	\$ 25,632,878
TexStar	4,992,978	4,992,978
Lone Star	186,694,050	186,694,050
Texas Term	73,425,136	73,425,136
Texas Class	39,504,935	39,504,935
Total	<u>\$330,249,977</u>	\$330,249,977

#### Fair Value Measurements

The District categorizes its fair value measurements with the fair value hierarchy established by generally accepted accounting principles. The hierarchy is based on the valuation inputs used to measure the fair value of the asset. Level 1 inputs are quoted prices in active markets for identical assets; Level 2 inputs are significant other observable inputs; Level 3 inputs are significant unobservable inputs. Investments that are measured at fair value using the net asset value per share (or its equivalent) as a practical expedient are not classified in the fair value hierarchy below.

In instances where inputs used to measure fair value fall into different levels in the above fair value hierarchy, fair value measurements in their entirety are categorized based on the lowest level input that is significant to the valuation. The District's assessment of the significance of particular inputs to these fair value measurements requires judgement and considers factors specific to each asset or liability.

The District's investment in Texpool, TexStar, Texas Term, Texas Class and Lone Star (statewide 2a7-like external investment pools) are not required to be measured at fair value but are measured at amortized cost.

#### NOTE 4. CAPITAL ASSETS

Capital asset activity for the year ended June 30, 2023, was as follows:

	Balance July 1	Additions/ Completions	Retirement/ Adjustments	Balance June 30
Governmental Activities:			<del></del>	:
Capital assets, not being depreciated:				
Land	\$ 72,591,336	\$ 41,058,794	\$ -	\$ 113,650,130
Construction in Progress	338,818,681	149,874,079	(26,968,115)	461,724,645
Total capital assets, not being depreciated	411,410,017	190,932,873	(26,968,115)	575,374,775
Capital assets, being depreciated:				
Buildings and Improvements	1,205,321,289	31,163,729	(10,097,544)	1,226,387,474
Furniture and Equipment	70,776,167	5,321,093	(146,445)	75,950,815
SBITA Assets	4,685,417	1,775,772		6,461,189
Total capital assets, being depreciated	1,280,782,873	38,260,594	(10,243,989)	1,308,799,478
Less accumulated depreciation for:				
Buildings and Improvements	(405,347,084)	(34,771,968)	6,623,775	(433,495,277)
Furniture and Equipment	(50,686,939)	(4,065,566)	146,445	(54,606,060)
SBITA Assets	(2,599,356)	(1,546,426)	-	(4,145,782)
Total accumulated depreciation	(458,633,379)	(40,383,960)	6,770,220	_(492,247,119)
Total capital assets being depreciated, net	822,149,494	(2,123,366)	(3,473,769)	816,552,359
Governmental activities capital assets, net	\$1,233,559,511	\$ 188,809,507	\$ (30,441,884)	\$1,391,927,134
Business-type activities:				
Furniture and Equipment	\$ 41,691	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 41,691
Totals at historic cost	41,691			41,691
Less accumulated depreciation for:				
Furniture and Equipment	(31,202)	(1,447)		(32,649)
Total accumulated depreciation	(31,202)	(1,447)	-	(32,649)
Business-type activities capital assets, net	\$ 10,489	\$ (1,447)	<u> </u>	\$ 9,042

Depreciation expense was charged as direct expense to programs of the District as follows:

Governmental activities:	
Instruction	\$26,485,879
Instructional Resources & Media Services	603,043
Curriculum & Instructional Staff Development	1,227,618
Instructional Leadership	586,665
School Leadership	2,428,459
Guidance, Counseling & Evaluation Services	2,249,650
Social Work Services	119,169
Health Services	428,246
Student (Pupil) Transportation	981,642
Child Nutrition	1,195,557
Cocurricular/Extracurricular Activities	766,912
General Administration	1,276,362
Plant Maintenance and Operations	813,778
Data Processing Services	721,163
Community Services	499,817
Total depreciation expense-Governmental activities	\$40,383,960
Business-type activities:	
Stadium Concessions	\$ 1,447
Total depreciation expense Business-type activities	\$ 1,447

## NOTE 5. LONG-TERM DEBT

Long-term debt includes par bonds, capital appreciation (deep discount) serial bonds, compensated absences, interest rate swap agreements, special termination benefits, and subscription liabilities. All long-term debt represents transactions in the District's governmental activities. No long-term debt exists in the District's business-type activities.

The District has entered into a continuing disclosure undertaking to provide Annual Reports and Material Event Notices to the State Information Depository of Texas (SID), which is the Municipal Advisory Council. This information is required under SEC Rule 15c2-12 to enable investors to analyze the financial condition and operations of the District.

The following is a summary of the changes in the District's Long-term Debt for the year ended June 30, 2023:

Description	Interest Rate Payable	Amount Original Issue	Amounts Outstanding 7/1/2022	Additions	Refunded/ Retired	Amounts Outstanding 6/30/2023	Due Within One Year
Bonded Indebtness: 2012B Refunding	2.00-5.00%	57,210,000	\$ 3,245,000	\$ -	\$ 3,245,000	\$ -	\$ -
2013 Building	2.00%	44,300,000	21,390,000		21,390,000	• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •	9 -
2014A Building	1.25-5.00%	75,055,000	7,240,000	5	1,670,000	5,570,000	1,760,000
2014B Building	2.00%	69,075,000	58,735,000		9,615,000	49,120,000	1,700,000
2014C Refunding	2.00-5 00%	14,435,000	940,000	-	940,000	45,120,000	
2015 Refunding	3.00-5.00%	118,775,000	28,920,000	2	6,505,000	22.415.000	7,140,000
2015A Building	2.00-5.00%	164,580,000	9,700,000		1,900,000	7,800,000	1,805,000
2016 Refunding	2.00-5.00%	117,200,000	116,705,000	(D)	1,500,000	116,705,000	*,000,000
2016 Refunding CAB	1.47-2.24%	1,549,104	943,717		453,434	490,283	268,618
2018 Building	3.00-5.00%	400,125,000	381,490,000		4,515,000	376,975,000	2,530,000
2020 Building	1.75-5.00%	278.025.000	257,040,000	2	16,460,000	240,580,000	12,755,000
2020A Refunding	1.577-5.00%	265,570,000	265,570,000		#:	265,570,000	12,100,000
2020A Refunding CAB	312-1.391%	3,875,000	540,000	-	330,000	210,000	155,000
2021 Refunding	1.967-5.00%	87,465,000	87,465,000		1,750,000	85,715,000	-
2022A Refunding	4.00-5.00%	34,650,000	34,650,000	*	1,855,000	32,795,000	1,935,000
2022B Refunding	3.00-5.00%	26,280,000	26,280,000	<u> </u>	120,000	26,160,000	650,000
2022C Refunding	1.25%	7,585,000	7,585,000		÷	7,585,000	7,585,000
Total Bonded Indebtedness			1,308,438,717		70,748,434	1,237,690,283	36,583,618
Accreted Interest	4.10-5.20%		41,718,507	981,042	11,443,421	31,256,128	11,722,205
Premiuns on Bond Issuance			191,304,975		9,962,087	181,342,888	9,932,729
Subscription Liability	8.00%		1,996,768	931,659	1,367,136	1,561,291	1,234,413
Accrued Vacation Benefits			760,681	1,161,265	1,223,930	698,016	1,150,000
Total Other Obligations			235,780,931	3,073,966	23,996,574	214,858,323	24,039,347
Total Obligations of District			\$ 1,544,219,648	\$ 3,073,966	\$ 94,745,008	\$ 1,452,548,606	\$ 60,622,965

The 2016 and 2020 bond series include outstanding capital appreciation bonds in the principal amount of \$1,483,717. The bonds mature variously beginning in 2023 through 2031. Interest accrues on these bonds each February 15 and August 15, even though the interest is not paid until maturity.

General Obligation Bonds are direct obligations issued on a pledge of the general taxing power for the payment of the debt obligations of the District. General Obligation Bonds require the District to compute, at the time taxes are levied, the rate of tax required to provide (in each year bonds are outstanding) a fund to pay interest and principal at maturity. The District is in compliance with this requirement.

There are a number of limitations and restrictions contained in the various general obligation bonds indentures. The District is in compliance with all significant limitations and restrictions at June 30, 2023.

## NOTE 6. DEBT SERVICE REQUIREMENTS - BONDS

Debt service requirements to maturity are as follows:

Year Ended			Total
June 30	Principal	Interest	Requirements
2024	\$ 36,583,618	\$ 64,483,039	\$ 101,066,657
2025	29,594,177	63,790,974	93,385,151
2026	33,587,488	58,850,713	92,438,201
2027	42,755,000	48,986,301	91,741,301
2028	47,715,000	43,899,801	91,614,801
2029-2033	269,380,000	163,454,649	432,834,649
2034-2038	263,955,000	118,542,704	382,497,704
2039-2043	247,345,000	74,358,445	321,703,445
2044-2048	215,705,000	32,157,603	247,862,603
2049	51,070,000	1,040,925	52,110,925
	\$1,237,690,283	\$669,565,154	<u>\$1,907,255,437</u>

#### NOTE 7. DEFEASED BONDS OUTSTANDING

In prior years, the District issued refunding bonds to defease certain outstanding bonds for the purpose of consolidation and to achieve debt service savings. The District has placed the proceeds from the refunding issues in irrevocable escrow accounts with a trust agent to ensure payment of debt service on the refunded bonds.

Accordingly, the trust account assets and liabilities for the defeased bonds are not included in the District's financial statements. Although defeased, the refunded debt from those earlier issues will not be actually retired until the call dates have come due or until maturity if they are not callable issues. On June 30, 2023, \$472,975,000 of bonds outstanding are considered defeased.

#### NOTE 8. SUBSCRIPTION-BASED INFORMATION TECHNOLOGY ARRANGEMENTS

In May 2020, GASB issued Statement No. 96 – Subscription-Based Information Technology Arrangements (SBITAs). This statement increases the usefulness of the District's financial statements by requiring recognition of right-to-use subscription assets – an intangible asset – and a corresponding subscription liability, where applicable, for payments that previously were classified as operating expenditures and recognized as outflows of resources based on the payment provisions of the arrangements. The requirements of this Statement were effective for years beginning after June 15, 2022.

The District has entered into long-term arrangements for the right to use certain information technology through subscription or license agreements. Current agreements are for various periods of more than 12 months ranging from July 2019 to June 2025. Each SBITA asset will be amortized over the life of the subscription agreement. As of June 30, 2023, the District has recognized \$6,461,189 of SBITA assets with \$4,145,782 of amortization to date.

The District measured the SBITA liability, where applicable, at the present value of the original unpaid SBITA payments, discounted using the District's estimated incremental borrowing rate of 8.00%. As of June 30, 2023, the District has SBITA liabilities of \$1,561,291.

Below is a summary of the SBITA activity for the fiscal year:

	Balance 7/1/2022	Additions	Retirements	Balance 6/30/2023
Right-to-Use Asset Less Accumulated Amortization Total Right-to-Use Asset, Net	\$ 4,685,417 (2,599,356) \$ 2,086,061	\$ 1,775,772 (1,546,426) \$ 229,346	\$ - 	\$ 6,461,189 (4,145,782) \$ 2,315,407
	Balance 7/1/2022	Additions	Retirements	Balance 6/30/2023
Subscription Liability	\$ 1,996,768	\$ 931,659	\$(1,367,136)	\$ 1,561,291
Total Subscription Liability	\$ 1,996,768	\$ 931,659	\$(1,367,136)	\$ 1,561,291

Future payment requirements under the subscription liabilities as of June 30, 2023, are as follows:

Year Ended			
June 30,	Principal	Interest	Total
2024	\$1,234,413	\$124,902	\$1,359,315
2025	326,878	26,167	353,048
Thereafter			
	\$1,561,291	<u>\$151,069</u>	\$1,712,360

#### NOTE 9. ACCUMULATED UNPAID VACATION AND SICK LEAVE BENEFITS

On resignation, retirement or death of certain employees, the District pays any accrued, unused vacation leave in a lump cash payment to such employee or his/her estate. The District's liability is considered a long-term liability and is recorded in the Statement of Net Position as a long-term debt payable.

A summary of changes in the accumulated vacation leave liability is as follows:

Balance, July 1, 2022	\$ 760,681
Additions - New Entrants and	
Salary Increments	1,161,265
Deductions – Payments to Participants	(1,223,930)
Balance, June 30, 2023	\$ 698,016

On retirement of an employee, the District pays to the employee lump cash payment equal to one-tenth of the employee's annual salary, if the employee has accumulated a minimum amount of unused sick leave. It is impractical to estimate the amount of future liability because of uncertainty of the number of such employees who will remain with the District until retirement. Accordingly, no liability has been recorded in the accompanying financial statements. The District's policy is to recognize the cost of compensated absences when actually paid to employees.

## NOTE 10. PROPERTY TAXES

The Texas Legislature in 1979 adopted a comprehensive Property Tax Code which established an appraisal district and an appraisal review board in each county in the State of Texas. Denton Central Appraisal District (DCAD) is responsible for the appraisal of property for all taxing units in Denton County, including the District. Under the terms of a contract for appraisal services, the District paid DCAD \$2,005,987 in fiscal year 2023 for appraising property.

Property taxes are considered available when collected within the current period or expected to be collected soon enough thereafter to be used to pay liabilities of the current period. The District levies its taxes on October 1 on the assessed (appraised) value listed as of the prior January 1 for all real and business personal property located in the District in conformity with Subtitle E, Texas Property Tax Code. Taxes are due upon receipt of the tax bill and are past due and subject to interest if not paid by February 1 of the year following the October 1 levy date. The assessed value of the property tax roll upon which the levy for the 2022-23 fiscal year was based was \$27,186,255,764. Taxes are delinquent if not paid by June 30. Delinquent taxes are subject to both penalty and interest charges plus 15 % delinquent collection fees for attorney costs.

The tax rates assessed for the year ended June 30, 2023, to finance General Fund operations and the payment of principal and interest on general obligation long-term debt were \$0.8646 and \$0.48 per \$100 valuation, respectively, for a total of \$1.3446 per \$100 valuation.

Current tax collections for the year ended June 30, 2023 were 99.10% of the year-end adjusted tax levy. Delinquent taxes are prorated between maintenance and debt service based on rates adopted for the year of the levy. Allowances for uncollectible taxes within the General and Debt Service Funds are based on historical experience in collecting taxes. Uncollectible personal property taxes are periodically reviewed and written off, but the District is prohibited from writing off real property taxes without specific statutory authority from the Texas Legislature. As of June 30, 2023, property taxes receivable, net of estimated uncollectible taxes, totaled \$3,951,739 and \$2,079,841 for the General and Debt Service Funds, respectively.

Property taxes are recorded as receivables and deferred inflows of resources at the time the taxes are assessed. Revenues are recognized as the related ad valorem taxes are collected. Additional amounts estimated to be collectible in time to be a resource for payment of obligations incurred during the fiscal year and therefore susceptible to accrual in accordance with Generally Accepted Accounting Principles have been recognized as revenue.

#### NOTE 11. DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLAN

Plan Description. Denton Independent School District participates in a cost-sharing multiple-employer defined benefit pension that has a special funding situation. The plan is administered by the Teacher Retirement System of Texas (TRS). TRS's defined benefit pension plan is established and administered in accordance with the Texas Constitution, Article XVI, Section 67 and Texas Government Code, Title 8, Subtitle C. The pension trust fund is a qualified pension trust under Section 401(a) of the Internal Revenue Code. The Texas Legislature establishes benefits and contribution rates within the guidelines of the Texas Constitution. The pension's Board of Trustees does not have the authority to establish or amend benefit terms.

All employees of public, state-supported educational institutions in Texas who are employed for one-half or more of the standard work load and who are not exempted from membership under Texas Government Code, Title 8, Section 822.002 are covered by the system.

**Pension Plan Fiduciary Net Position.** Detailed information about the Teacher Retirement System's fiduciary net position is available in a separately-issued Annual Comprehensive Financial Report (ACFR) that includes financial statements and required supplementary information. That report may be obtained on the Internet at https://trs.texas.gov/pages/aboutpublications.aspx, by writing to TRS at 1000 Red River Street, Austin, TX, 78701-2698, or by calling (512)542-6592.

Benefits Provided. TRS provides service and disability retirement, as well as death and survivor benefits, to eligible employees (and their beneficiaries) of public and higher education in Texas. The pension formula is calculated using 2.3 percent (multiplier) times the average of the five highest annual creditable salaries times years of credited service to arrive at the annual standard annuity except for members who are grandfathered, the three highest annual salaries are used. The normal service retirement is at age 65 with 5 years of credited service or when the sum of the member's age and years of credited service equals 80 or more years. Early retirement is at age 55 with 5 years of service credit or earlier than 55 with 30 years of service credit. There are additional provisions for early retirement if the sum of the member's age and years of service credit total at least 80, but the member is less than age 60 or 62 depending on date of employment, or if the member was grandfathered in under a previous rule. There are no automatic post-employment benefit changes; including automatic COLAs. Ad hoc post-employment benefit changes, including ad hoc COLAs can be granted by the Texas Legislature as noted in the Plan description above.

Texas Government Code section 821.006 prohibits benefit improvements, if, as a result of the particular action, the time required to amortize TRS' unfunded actuarial liabilities would be increased to a period that exceeds 31 years, or, if the amortization period already exceeds 31 years, the period would be increased by such action. Actuarial implications of the funding provided in this manner are determined by the System's actuary.

**Contributions.** Contribution requirements are established or amended pursuant to Article 16, section 67 of the Texas Constitution which requires the Texas legislature to establish a member contribution rate of not less than 6% of the member's annual compensation and a state contribution rate of not less than 6% and not more than 10% of the aggregate annual compensation paid to members of the system during the fiscal year.

Employee contribution rates are set in state statute, Texas Government Code 825.402. The TRS Pension Reform Bill (Senate Bill 12) of the 86<sup>th</sup> Texas Legislature amended Texas Government Code 825.402 for member contributions and increased employee and employer contribution rates for fiscal years 2020 thru 2025.

Contribution Rates	2022		2022
	<u>2022</u>		<u>2023</u>
Member	8.0%		8.0%
Non-Employer Contributing Entity (State)	7.75%		8.0%
Employers	7.75%		8.0%
D 4 IOD EVANAGE I O 4 'I 4'		•	10 125 502
Denton ISD FY2023 Employer Contributions			10,135,583
Denton ISD FY2023 Member Contributions		\$	20,434,485
Denton ISD FY2023 NECE On-Behalf Contribution	ons	\$	12,646,669

Contributors to the plan include members, employers and the State of Texas as the only non-employer contributing entity. The State is the employer for senior colleges, medical schools and state agencies including the TRS. In each respective role, the State contributes to the plan in accordance with state statutes and the General Appropriations Act (GAA).

As the non-employer contributing entity for public education, the State of Texas contributes to the retirement system an amount equal to the current employer contribution rate times the aggregate annual compensation of all participating members of the pension trust fund during that fiscal year reduced by the amounts described below which are paid by the employers. Employers including public schools are required to pay the employer contribution rate in the following instances:

- On the portion of the member's salary that exceeds the statutory minimum for members entitled to the statutory minimum under Section 21.402 of the Texas Education Code.
- During a new member's first 90 days of employment.
- When any part or all of an employee's salary is paid by federal funding source or a privately sponsored source, from non-educational and general, or local funds.
- All public schools must contribute 1.7 percent of the member's salary beginning in fiscal year 2022, gradually increasing to 2 percent in fiscal year 2025.

In addition to the employer contributions listed above, there are additional surcharges an employer is subject to.

• When employing a retiree of the Teacher Retirement System the employer shall pay both the member contribution and the state contribution as an employment after retirement surcharge.

Actuarial Assumptions. The total pension liability in the August 31, 2022 actuarial valuation was determined using the following actuarial assumptions:

Valuation Date August 31, 2021 rolled forward

to August 31, 2022

Actuarial Cost Method Individual Entry Age Normal

Asset Valuation Method Fair Value
Single Discount Rate 7.00%
Long-term expected Investment Rate of Return 7.00%
Municipal Bond Rate as of August 2022 3.91%
Inflation 2.30%

Salary Increases Including Inflation 2.95% to 8.95%

Benefit Changes During the Year None
Ad hoc Post Employment Benefit Changes None

The actuarial methods and assumptions are used in the determination of the total pension liability are the same assumptions used in the actuarial valuation as of August 31, 2021. For a full description of these assumptions please see the actuarial valuation report dated November 12, 2021.

**Discount Rate.** A single discount rate of 7.00 percent was used to measure the total pension liability. The single discount rate was based on the expected rate of return on plan investments of 7.00 percent. The projection of cash flows used to determine this single discount rate assumed that contributions from active members, employers and the non-employer contributing entity will be made at the rates set by the legislature during the 2019 session. It is assumed that future employer and state contributions will be 8.50 percent of payroll in fiscal year 2020 gradually increasing to 9.55 percent of payroll over the next several years. This includes all employer and state contributions for active and rehired retirees.

Based on those assumptions, the pension plan's fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all future benefit payments of current plan members. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the total pension liability.

The long-term rate of return on pension plan investments is 7.00%.

The long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was determined using a building-block method in which best-estimates ranges of expected future real rates of return (expected returns, net of pension plan investment expense and inflation) are developed for each major asset class. These ranges are combined to produce the long-term expected rate of return by weighting the expected future real rates of return by the target asset allocation percentage and by adding expected inflation. Best estimates of geometric real rates of return for each major asset class included in the Systems target asset allocation as of August 31, 2021 are summarized below:

Asset Class	Target Allocation <sup>1</sup>	Long-Term Expected Arithmetic Real Rate of Return <sup>2</sup>	Expected Contribution To Long-Term Portfolio Returns
Global Equity			
U.S.	18%	4.6%	1.12%
Non-U.S. Developed	13%	4.9%	0.90%
Emerging Markets	9%	5.4%	0.75%
Private Equity	14%	7.7%	1.55%
Stable Value			
Government Bonds	16%	1.0%	0.22%
Absolute Return <sup>4</sup>	0%	3.7%	0.00%
Stable Value Hedge Funds	5%	3.4%	0.18%
Real Return			
Real Estate	15%	4.1%	0.94%
Energy, Natural Resources	6%	5.1%	0.37%
Commodities	0%	3.6%	0.00%
Risk Parity			
Risk Parity	8%	4.6%	0.43%
Leverage			
Cash	2%	3.0%	0.01%
Asset Allocation Leverage	-6%	3.6%	-0.05%
Inflation Expectation	-		2.70%
Volatility Drag <sup>3</sup>			-0.93%
Total	100%		8.19%

Discount Rate Sensitivity Analysis. The following table presents the Net Pension Liability of the plan using the discount rate of 7.00 percent, and what the net pension liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is one percentage point lower (6.00 percent) or one percentage point higher (8.00 percent) than the current rate.

	1% Decrease in Discount Rate (6.00%)	Discount Rate (7.00%)	1% Increase in Discount Rate (8.00%)
Denton ISD's proportionate share of the net pension liability:	\$183,453,447	\$117,929,411	\$64,819,097

Pension Liabilities, Pension Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions. At June 30, 2023, Denton Independent School District reported a liability of \$117,929,411 for its proportionate share of the TRS's net pension liability. This liability reflects a reduction for State pension support provided to Denton Independent School District. The amount recognized by Denton Independent School District as its proportionate share of the net pension liability, the related State support, and the total portion of the net pension liability that was associated with Denton Independent School District were as follows:

District's Proportionate share of the collective net pension liability	\$117,929,411
State's proportionate share that is associated with the District	_160,898,554
Total	\$278,827,965

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> Target allocations are based on the FY22 policy model.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup> Capital Market Assumptions come from Aon Hewitt (as of 08/31/2022).

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>3</sup> The volatility drag results from the conversion between arithmetic and geometric mean returns.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>4</sup> Absolute Return includes credit sensitive investments.

The net pension liability was measured as of August 31, 2021 and rolled forward to August 31, 2022 and the total pension liability used to calculate the net pension liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of that date. The employer's proportion of the net pension liability was based on the employer's contributions to the pension plan relative to the contributions of all employers to the plan for the period September 1, 2021 thru August 31, 2022.

At August 31, 2022 the employer's proportion of the collective net pension liability was 0.1986432867%, an increase of 3.72% from its proportionate share of 0.1915203491% at August 31, 2021.

Changes Since the Prior Actuarial Valuation – The actuarial assumptions and methods have been modified since the determination of the prior year's Net Pension Liability. These new assumptions were adopted in conjunction with an actuarial experience study. The primary assumption change was the lowering of the single discount rate from 7.25 percent to 7.00 percent.

For the year ended June 30, 2023, Denton Independent School District recognized pension expense of \$15,380,078 and revenue of \$15,380,078 for support provided by the State.

At June 30, 2023, Denton Independent School District reported its proportionate share of the TRS's deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions from the following sources (The amounts shown below will be the cumulative layers from the current and prior years combined.):

	Deferred	Deferred
	Outflows of	Inflows of
	Resources	Resources
Differences between expected and actual economic experience	\$ 1,709,967	\$ 2,571,085
Changes in actuarial assumptions	21,974,087	5,476,556
Difference between projected and actual investment earnings	45,820,310	34,169,261
Changes in proportion and difference between the employer's contributions and the proportionate share of contributions	7,172,670	1,531,996
Contributions paid to TRS subsequent to the measurement date	8,625,595	
Total	\$85,302,629	\$43,748,898

The net amounts of the District's balances of deferred outflows and inflows of resources (not including the deferred contribution paid subsequent to the measurement date) related to pensions will be recognized in pension expense as follows:

Year ended June 30:	Pension Expense Amount	
2024	\$ 9,002,266	
2025	4,974,947	
2026	1,912,177	
2027	14,615,205	
2028	2,423,541	
Thereafter	-	

## NOTE 12. DEFINED OTHER POST-EMPLOYMENT BENEFIT PLANS

**Plan Description.** The District participates in the Texas Public School Retired Employees Group Insurance Program (TRS- Care). It is a multiple-employer, cost-sharing defined Other Post-Employment Benefit (OPEB) plan with a special funding situation. The TRS-Care program was established in 1986 by the Texas Legislature.

The TRS Board of Trustees administers the TRS-Care program and the related fund in accordance with Texas Insurance Code Chapter 1575. The Board of Trustees is granted the authority to establish basic and optional group insurance coverage for participants as well as to amend benefit terms as needed under Chapter 1575.052. The Board may adopt rules, plans, procedures, and orders reasonably necessary to administer the program, including minimum benefits and financing standards.

*OPEB Plan Fiduciary Net Position.* Detail information about the TRS-Care's fiduciary net position is available in the separately-issued TRS Annual Comprehensive Financial Report that includes financial statements and required supplementary information. That report may be obtained on the Internet at http://www.trs.texas.gov/pages/aboutpublications.aspx; by writing to TRS at 1000 Red River Street, Austin, TX, 78701-2698; or by calling (512) 542-6592.

**Benefits Provided.** TRS-Care provides health insurance coverage to retirees from public schools, charter schools, regional education service centers and other educational districts who are members of the TRS pension plan. Optional dependent coverage is available for an additional fee.

Eligible non-Medicare retirees and their dependents may enroll in TRS-Care Standard, a high-deductible health plan. Eligible Medicare retirees and their dependents may enroll in the TRS-Care Medicare Advantage medical plan and the TRS-Care Medicare Rx prescription drug plan. To qualify for TRS-Care coverage, a retiree must have at least 10 years of service credit in the TRS pension system. There are no automatic postemployment benefit changes; including automatic COLAs.

The premium rates for retirees are reflected in the following table:

TRS-Care Monthly for Retirees			
	Medicare	Non-Medicare	
Retiree*	\$ 135	\$ 200	
Retiree and Spouse	529	689	
Retiree* and Children	468	408	
Retiree and Family	1,020	999	

<sup>\*</sup> or surviving spouse

Contributions. Contribution rates for the TRS-Care plan are established in state statute by the Texas Legislature, and there is no continuing obligation to provide benefits beyond each fiscal year. The TRS-Care plan is currently funded on a pay-as-you-go basis and is subject to change based on available funding. Funding for TRS-Care is provided by retiree premium contributions and contributions from the state, active employees, and school districts based upon public school district payroll. The TRS Board of trustees does not have the authority to set or amend contribution rates.

Texas Insurance Code, section 1575.202 establishes the state's contribution rate which is 1.25% of the employee's salary. Section 1575.203 establishes the active employee's rate which is .65% of pay. Section 1575.204 establishes an employer contribution rate of not less than 0.25 percent or not more than 0.75 percent of the salary of each active employee of the public school. The actual employer contribution rate is prescribed by the Legislature in the General Appropriations Act. The following table shows contributions to the TRS-Care plan by type of contributor.

## **Contribution Rates**

	<u>2022</u>	<u>2023</u>
Active Employee	0.65%	0.65%
Non-Employer Contributing Entity (State)	1.25%	1.25%
Employers	0.75%	0.75%
Federal/private Funding remitted by Employers	1.25%	1.25%
Denton ISD FY23 Employer Contributions	\$2,	132,639
Denton ISD FY23 Member Contributions	\$1,	660,315
Denton ISD FY23 NECE On-behalf Contributions	\$2,	519,124

In addition to the employer contributions listed above, there is an additional surcharge all TRS employers are subject to, regardless of whether or not they participate in the TRS Care OPEB program. When hiring a TRS retiree, employers are required to pay to TRS Care, a monthly surcharge of \$535 per retiree.

TRS-Care received supplemental appropriations from the State of Texas as the Non-Employer Contributing Entity in the amount of \$83 million in fiscal year 2022 from the Federal Rescue Plan Act (ARPA) to help defray Covid-19-related health care costs during fiscal year 2022.

Actuarial Assumptions. The actuarial valuation was performed as of August 31, 2021. Update procedures were used to roll forward the Total OPEB Liability to August 31, 2022.

The actuarial valuation of the OPEB plan offered through TRS-Care is similar to the actuarial valuation performed for the pension plan, except that the OPEB valuation is more complex. The demographic assumptions were developed in the experience study performed for TRS for the period ending August 31, 2017.

The following assumptions and other inputs used for members of TRS-Care are based on an established pattern of practice and are identical to the assumptions used in the August 31, 2021 TRS pension actuarial valuation that was rolled forward to August 31, 2022:

Rates of Mortality	General Inflation
Rates of Retirement	Wage Inflation
Rates of Termination	Rates of Disability

The active mortality rates were based on 90 percent of the RP-2014 Employee Mortality Tables for males and females, with full generational mortality using Scale BB. The post-retirement mortality rates for healthy lives were based on the 2018 TRS of Texas Healthy Pensioner Mortality Tables, with full generational projection using the ultimate improvement rates from the mortality projection scale MP-2018.

## Additional Actuarial Methods and Assumptions:

**Election Rates** 

Valuation Date August 31, 2021 rolled forward

to August 31, 2022

Actuarial Cost Method Individual Entry Age Normal

2.30%

Inflation 3.91% Single Discount Rate

**Aging Factors** Based on specific plan experience Expenses Third-party administrative expenses related to the delivery of health care benefits are included in the

age-adjusted claim costs

Projected Salary Increases 3.05% to 9.05%, including inflation

> Normal Retirement: 65% participation prior to age 65 and 40% participation after age 65

Ad hoc post-employment benefit changes None

Discount Rate. A single discount rate of 3.91% was used to measure the total OPEB liability. There was an increase of 1.96 percent in the discount rate since the previous year. Because the plan is essentially a "pay-asyou-go" plan, the single discount rate is equal to the prevailing municipal bond rate. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed that contributions from active members and those of the contributing employers and the non-employer contributing entity are made at the statutorily required rates. Based on those assumptions, the OPEB plan's fiduciary net position was projected to not be able to make all future benefit payments of current plan members. Therefore, the municipal bond rate was used for the longterm rate of return and was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the total OPEB liability.

The source of the municipal bond rate is the Fidelity "20-year Municipal GO AA Index" as of August 31, 2022 using the fixed-income market data/yield curve/data municipal bonds with 20 years to maturity that include only federally tax-exempt municipal bonds.

Discount Rate Sensitivity Analysis. The following schedule shows the impact of the Net OPEB Liability if the discount rate used was 1% less than and 1% greater than the discount rate that was used (3.91%) in measuring the Net OPEB Liability.

	1% Decrease in	Current Single Discount	1% Increase in
	Discount Rate (2.91%)	Rate (3.91%)	Discount Rate (4.91%)
District's proportionate share of the Net OPEB			
Liability:	\$70,984,278	\$60,203,134	\$5,146,903

Healthcare Cost Trend Rates Sensitivity Analysis - The following schedule shows the impact of the net OPEB liability if a healthcare trend rate that is one-percentage less than or one-percentage point greater than the health trend rates is assumed.

	1% Decrease in Healthcare Trend Rate	Current Single Healthcare Trend Rate	1% Increase in Healthcare Trend Rate
District's proportionate share of the Net OPEB Liability:	\$4,960,766	\$60,203,134	\$7,393,882

OPEB Liabilities, OPEB Expenses, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to OPEBs. At June 30, 2023, the District reported a liability of \$60,203,134 for its proportionate share of the TRS's Net OPEB Liability. This liability reflects a reduction for State OPEB support provided to the District.

The amount recognized by the District as its proportionate share of the net OPEB liability, the related State support, and the total portion of the net OPEB liability that was associated with the District were as follows:

District's Proportionate share of the collective Net OPEB Liability \$ 60,203,134

State's proportionate share that is associated with the District 73,438,365

Total \$133,641,499

The Net OPEB Liability was measured as of August 31, 2021 and rolled forward to August 31, 2022 and the Total OPEB Liability used to calculate the Net OPEB Liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of that date. The employer's proportion of the Net OPEB Liability was based on the employer's contributions to the OPEB plan relative to the contributions of all employers to the plan for the period September 1, 2021 thru August 31, 2022.

At August 31, 2022 the employer's proportion of the collective Net OPEB Liability was 0.2514330147%, an increase of 1.33% compared to the August 31, 2021 proportionate share of 0.2481355249%.

Changes Since the Prior Actuarial Valuation – The following were changes to the actuarial assumptions or other inputs that affected measurement of the Total OPEB liability since the prior measurement period:

• The discount rate changed from 1.95 percent as of August 31, 2021 to 3.91 percent as of August 31, 2022. This change decreased the Total OPEB Liability.

Changes of Benefit Terms Since the Prior Measurement Date – There were no changes in benefit terms since the prior measurement date.

The amount of OPEB expense recognized by the District in the reporting period was \$(10,421,497).

At June 30, 2023, the District reported its proportionate share of the TRS's deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to other post-employment benefits from the following sources:

	Deferred	Deferred
	Outflows of	Inflows of
	Resources	Resources
Differences between expected and actual economic experience	\$ 3,347,081	\$50,154,615
Changes in actuarial assumptions	9,170,130	41,825,556
Difference between projected and actual investment earnings	179,979	650
Changes in proportion and difference between the employer's contributions and the proportionate share of contributions	11,446,344	_
Contributions paid to TRS subsequent to the measurement date	1,801,255	
Total	\$25,944,789	\$91,980,821

The net amounts of the employer's balances of deferred outflows and inflows of resources (not including the deferred contribution paid subsequent to the measurement date) related to OPEB will be recognized in OPEB expense as follows:

Year ended June 30:	OPEB Expense Amount
2024	\$ (12,575,038)
2025	(12,574,388)
2026	(10,021,378)
2027	(6,565,048)
2028	(8,824,933)
Thereafter	(17,276,502)

#### NOTE 13. MEDICARE PART D

The Medicare Prescription Drug, Improvement, and Modernization Act of 2003, which was effective January 1, 2006, established prescription drug coverage for Medicare beneficiaries known as Medicare Part D. One of the provisions of Medicare D allows for the Texas Public School Retired Employee Group Insurance Program (TRS-Care) to receive retiree drug subsidy payments from the federal government to offset certain prescription drug expenditures for eligible TRS-Care participants. These on-behalf payments are recognized as equal revenues and expenditures/expenses by the District. For the year ended June 30, 2023, the contribution made on behalf of the District was \$1,281,799.

#### NOTE 14. INTERFUND BALANCES AND TRANSFERS

Interfund balances at June 30, 2023, were as follows:

	Advances to	Advances from
<u>Fund</u>	Other Funds	Other Funds
General Fund:		
Special Revenue Fund	\$6,442,580	\$ 11,785
Special Revenue Fund:		
General Fund	<u>176,4</u> 81	6,607,276
TOTAL	\$6,619,061	\$6,619,061

Interfunds transfers for the year ended June 30, 2023 consisted of the following individual amounts:

	Transfers to	Transfers from
<u>Fund</u>	Other Funds	Other Funds
General Fund:		
Capital Projects Fund	\$ 174,241	\$ -
Special Revenue Fund	94,521	37,811
Internal Service Fund	95,927	1,000,000
Capital Projects Fund:		
General Fund	<b>3</b>	174,241
Special Revenue Fund	56,197	=
Special Revenue Fund:		
General Fund	37,811	94,521
Capital Projects Fund	721	56,197
Internal Service Fund	879,318	-
Internal Service Fund:		
General Fund	1,000,000	95,927
Special Revenue Fund		879,318
TOTAL	<u>\$2,338,015</u>	\$2,338,015

The purpose of an \$174,241 transfer was to transfer local funds from the general fund to the capital projects fund to set them aside for future capital replacement needs. The purpose of the \$1,000,000 transfer is to transfer excess funds from the workers compensation internal service fund to the general fund for use in operations. The purpose of a \$95,927 transfer from the general fund to the Print Shop internal service fund was to transfer funds to cover the net position deficit in that fund. The purpose of the \$94,521 transfer was to transfer funds from the general fund to the Winter Storm special revenue fund to cover the local costs accumulated and paid for from this fund related to the February, 2021 winter storm damage. The purpose of the \$37,811 transfer from the campus activity fund to the athletics fund is to transfer Natatorium aquatics receipts to the athletic program. The purpose of the \$56,197 transfer from the capital projects fund to the child nutrition fund is to reimburse child nutrition for a construction contract payment paid by the child nutrition fund in a prior year in error. The purpose of the \$879,318 transfer from the special revenue fund to the internal service fund is to transfer to the SBITA internal service fund the SBITA payments made by special revenue funds.

#### NOTE 15. HEALTH CARE

During the year ended June 30, 2023, employees of Denton Independent School District were covered by a health insurance plan (the Plan). The District contributed \$260 per month per employee to the Plan and employees, at their option, authorized payroll withholdings to pay any additional contribution and contributions for dependents. All contributions were paid to a fully-funded plan.

#### NOTE 16. DISAGGREGATION OF RECEIVABLES AND PAYABLES

Receivables at June 30, 2023, were as follows:

	Property			Other Due		Due From			Total		
		Taxes	G	overnments	Other Funds		Other		_R	eceivables	
Governmental Activities:											
General Fund	\$	4,057,859	\$	5,381,484	\$	6,442,580	\$	1,903,870	\$	17,785,793	
Debt Service Fund		2,133,507		90,047				-		2,223,554	
Capital Projects Fund						~		(50)		180	
Special Revenue Fund				8,729,726	-	176,481		243,972	10.0	9,150,179	
Total - Governmental Activities	\$	6,191,366	\$	14,201,257	\$	6,619,061	\$	2,147,842	\$	29,159,526	
Amounts not scheduled for	\$	159,786	\$	-	\$		\$		\$	159,786	
collection during the subsequent year											
Business-type Activities:											
Enterprise Fund	\$	=	\$	5 <b>4</b> 52	\$	Δ.	\$	12,393	\$	12,393	
Internal Service Fund				<u>-</u>		=====	_	241		241	
Total Business-type Activities	\$	-	\$		\$		\$	12,634	\$	12,634	

Payables at June 30, 2023, were as follows:

				Salaries						
				and		Due to				Total
		Accounts		Benefits	_Ot	her Funds_		Other		Payables
Governmental Activities:										
General Fund	\$	3,308,059	\$	32,107,732	\$	11,785	\$	-	\$	35,427,576
Capital Projects Fund		34,331,096		-		3₩		18		34,331,096
Special Revenue Funds	_	626,346	-	2,308,277		6,607,276	-	-		9,541,899
Total - Governmental Activities	\$	38,265,501	\$	34,416,009	\$	6,619,061	\$	-	\$	79,300,571
Amounts not scheduled for	\$		\$	-	\$		\$	-	\$	
payment during the subsequent year										
Business-type Activities:										
Enterprise Fund	\$	1,880	\$	-	\$	1941	\$	3.	\$	1,880
Internal Service Fund	=	87,187	-			-		384,841	-	472,028
Total Business-type Activities	\$	89,067	\$	-	\$	-	\$	384,841	\$	473,908

#### NOTE 17. SELF-INSURED WORKERS' COMPENSATION

The District has also established a self-funding Workers' Compensation program. Texas Association of School Boards (TASB) through an actuarial review of the self-insurance program, projected an estimated outstanding loss of \$384,841 as of June 30, 2023. Claims administration is provided by TASB.

The accrued liability for Workers' Compensation self-insurance of \$384,841 includes incurred but not reported claims. This liability reported in the fund at June 30, 2023, is based on the requirements of Governmental Accounting Standards Board Statement No. 10, which requires that a liability for claims be reported if information prior to the issuance of the financial statements indicates that it is a probable that a liability has been incurred as of the date of the financial statements, and the amount of loss can be reasonably estimated. Because actual claim liabilities depend on such complex factors as inflation, changes in legal doctrines, and damage awards, the process used in computing the liability does not result necessarily in an exact amount. The liability booked was the present value of the estimate of the actuary. Aggregate stop-loss coverage for 2023 was \$500,000.

Changes in the workers' compensation claims liability amounts in fiscal 2022 and 2023 are represented below:

	Year Ended June 30, 2022	Year Ended June 30, 2023
Unpaid claims, beginning of year Incurred claims (including IBNR'S) Claim payments	\$999,895 336,625 _430,251	\$906,269 327,292 848,720
Unpaid claims, end of fiscal year	<u>\$906,269</u>	<u>\$384,841</u>

#### NOTE 18. DUE FROM OTHER GOVERNMENTS

The District participates in a variety of federal and state programs from which it receives grants to partially or fully finance certain activities. In addition, the District receives entitlements from the State through the School Foundation and Per Capita Programs. Amounts due from federal and state governments as of June 30, 2023, are summarized below. All federal grants shown below are passed through the TEA and are reported on the combined financial statements as Due from Other Governments.

	State Grant &	k	Federal		Local	
Fund	Entitlements	3	Grants	Gov	ernments	Total
General	\$ 5,285,04	7 \$	21,016	\$	75,421	\$ 5,381,484
Debt Service	90,04	7			=	90,047
Special Revenue	1,022,28	2 _	7,704,804		2,640	 8,729,726
Total	\$ 6,397,37	<u>6</u> \$	7,725,820	\$	78,061	\$ 14,201,257

## NOTE 19. CONTINGENT LIABILITIES

The Tax Reform Act of 1986 imposed regulations on tax-exempt bond issues. Governmental bonds issued after August 31, 1986 are subject to the rebate provisions of the Tax Reform Act of 1986. The rebate applies to earnings from bond issue proceeds investments which exceed bond issue stated interest rates. The exact amount of liability, if any, is not known until as long as five years from the bond issuance date. At June 30, 2023, the estimated rebate liability on outstanding bond series was \$-0-.

#### NOTE 20. LITIGATION AND CONTINGENCIES

The District is a party to various legal actions none of which is believed by administration to have a material effect on the financial condition of the District. Accordingly, no provision for losses has been recorded in the accompanying combined financial statements for such contingencies.

Minimum foundation funding received from the Agency is based primarily upon information concerning average daily attendance at the District's schools which is compiled by the District and supplied to the Agency. Federal funding for Food Services under child nutrition programs is based primarily upon the number and type of meals served and on user charges as reported to the USDA. Federal and state funding received related to various grant programs are based upon periodic reports detailing reimbursable expenditures made in compliance with program guidelines to the grantor agencies.

The programs are governed by various statutory rules and regulations of the grantors. Amounts received and receivable under these various funding programs are subject to periodic audit and adjustment by the funding agencies. To the extent, if any, that the District has not complied with all the rules and regulations with respect to performance, financial or otherwise, adjustment to or return of funding monies may be required. In the opinion of the District's administration, there are no significant contingent liabilities relating to matters of compliance and, accordingly, no provision has been made in the accompanying financial statements for such contingencies.

The Denton Central Appraisal District is a defendant in various lawsuits involving the property values assigned to property located within the District's boundaries on which the District assesses property taxes. The District could be required to refund property taxes paid on values which were greater than the ultimate final assessed valuation assigned by the court. Such lawsuits could continue several years into the future.

## NOTE 21. REVENUES FROM LOCAL AND INTERMEDIATE SOURCES

During the current year, revenues from local and intermediate sources consisted of the following:

	General	Special	Debt	Capital	
	Fund	Revenue Fund	Service Fund	Projects Fund	Total
_					
Property taxes	\$234,515,926	\$ -	\$ 130,232,312	\$	\$ 364,748,238
Investment income	5,799,881	89,070	2,365,209	6,314,124	14,568,284
Food sales	9	5,355,963	3	1/2	5,355,963
Penalties, interest and other					
tax related income	1,142,274	-	367,575		1,509,849
Co-curricular student activities	730,180	3,123,360	+	: e	3,853,540
Tuition and fees	4,122,624	1,275,330	2	120	5,397,954
Gifts and bequests	86,800	1,058,787	£		1,145,587
Facilities rentals	214,338	∪ <del>e</del> .		15	214,338
Insurance recovery	43,752	(€		)#(	43,752
Other	720,664		7	7	720,664
Total	\$247,376,439	\$ 10,902,510	\$ 132,965,096	\$ 6,314,124	\$ 397,558,169

## NOTE 22. UNEARNED REVENUE

Unearned revenue at year-end consisted of the following:

	General	Debt	Special	
	Fund	Service Fund	Revenue Fund	Total
Tuition	\$ 51,925	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 51,925
State Foundation Funding	23,132,478	•)	₩ 1	23,132,478
Lunchroom Receipts	-	. <del></del> T	328,137	328,137
Food Commodities	<u> 5</u> .	5	62,146	62,146
State Textbook Fund		2	251,908	251,908
THECB Grant	-	-	2,500	2,500
Ready to Read	-	-	753	753
Advanced Placement Incentives	-	=	178,419	178,419
Raising Blended Learners	을	<b>Ξ</b>	26,688	26,688
Deaf Ed Mgmt Board			521,094	521,094
Total	\$ 23,184,403	\$ -	\$ 1,371,645	\$ 24,556,048

## NOTE 23. GENERAL FUND FEDERAL SOURCE REVENUES

	CFDA		<b>Total Grant</b>
Program or Source	Number	<b>Amount</b>	or Entitlement
General Fund:			
Impact Aid	84.041	\$ 175,012	\$ 175,012
Childcare Relief Funds	93.575	45,456	45,456
Medicaid Reimbursement	N/A	8,459,123	8,459,123
Junior ROTC	12.000	294,421	294,421
Indirect Costs	N/A	2,730,448	<u>2,730,448</u>
Total for General Fund		\$1 <u>1</u> ,704.460	<u>\$11,704,4</u> 60

#### NOTE 24. EXCESS OF EXPENDITURES OVER APPROPRIATIONS BY FUNCTION

The Texas Education Agency requires the budgets for the Governmental fund types to be filed with the Texas Education Agency. The budget should not be exceeded in any functional category under TEA requirements. Expenditures exceeded appropriations in four functional categories for the year ended June 30, 2023.

#### NOTE 25. SHARED SERVICE ARRANGEMENTS

The District is the fiscal agent for a Shared Services Arrangement ("SSA") which provides a regional day school for the deaf to various member districts. All services are provided by the fiscal agent. The member districts and the State provide the funds to the fiscal agent. According to guidance provided in TEA's Resource Guide, the District has accounted for the fiscal agent's activities of the SSA in Special Revenue Funds No. 315, 316, 317, 340, 435 and 446 and such activities have been accounted for using Model 3 in the SSA section of the Resource Guide. During the year ended June 30, 2023, the District contributed \$642,000 to the SSA.

In a manner similar to that described above, the District is also the fiscal agent for an adult education SSA accounted for in Special Revenue Fund No. 309, a vocational education SSA accounted for in Special Revenue Fund No. 331, and a TANF SSA accounted for in Special Revenue Fund No. 312.

The District participates in a shared services arrangement for juvenile justice alternative education services with ten other school districts. Although the District contributes to the shared services arrangement based on its participation, the District does not account for revenues or expenditures in this program and does not disclose them in these financial statements. The District neither has a joint ownership interest in fixed assets purchased by the fiscal agent, nor does the District have a net equity interest in the fiscal agent. The fiscal agent is neither accumulating significant resources nor fiscal exigencies that would give rise to a future additional benefit or burden to Denton ISD. The fiscal agent manager is responsible for all financial activities of the shared services arrangement. During the year ended June 30, 2023, the District had no students in the program for whom it was required to make contributions.

## NOTE 26. SUBSEQUENT EVENT

Management has reviewed events subsequent to June 30, 2023 through November 11, 2023, which is the date the financial statements were available to be issued. No subsequent events were identified that were required to be recorded or disclosed in the financial statements.

## NOTE 27. LEASES

In June 2017, GASB issued Statement No. 87 - Leases. This statement increases the usefulness of governments' financial statements by requiring recognition of certain lease assets and liabilities for leases that previously were classified as operating leases and recognized as inflows of resources or outflows of resources based on the payment provisions of the contract. The initial adoption date was postponed to fiscal years beginning after June 15, 2021 (FY2022) by GASB Statement No. 95 - Postponement of the Effective Dates of Certain Authoritative Guidance, which was issued in May of 2020.

Per review of the agreements identified by the District as potential leases, the leases were determined to either not meet the definition of a lease or were immaterial to the financial statements.

## NOTE 28. PRIOR PERIOD ADJUSTMENTS

As described in Note 8, during the current fiscal year the District implemented a new GASB Statement (No. 96) relating to subscription-based information technology arrangements. As part of the implementation, the District recorded a prior period adjustment for \$89,293 increasing the beginning net position of the Governmental Activities. The net prior period adjustment was the result of an increase in capital assets for the right-to-use subscription asset (net of amortization) of \$2,086,061 offset by an increase in long-term debt for the subscription liability of \$1,996,768.

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REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

# DENTON INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT SCHEDULE OF THE DISTRICT'S PROPORTIONATE SHARE OF THE NET PENSION LIABILITY TEACHER RETIREMENT SYSTEM OF TEXAS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2023

	P	FY 2023 lan Year 2022	_P:	FY 2022 lan Year 2021	Pl	FY 2021 an Year 2020
District's Proportion of the Net Pension Liability (Asset)		0.19864328%		0.19152034%		0.18073414%
District's Proportionate Share of Net Pension Liability (Asset)	\$	117,929,411	\$	48,773,455	\$	96,797,518
State's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability (Asset) Associated with the District		160,898,554		73,589,813		157,372,338
Total	\$	278,827,965	\$	122,363,268	\$	254,169,856
District's Covered Payroll	\$	245,965,511	\$	235,369,260	\$	226,767,291
District's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability (Asset) as a Percentage of its Covered Payroll		47.95%		20.72%		42.69%
Plan Fiduciary Net Position as a Percentage of the Total Pension Liability		75.62%		88.79%		75.54%

Note: GASB Codification, Vol. 2, P20.183 requires that the information on this schedule be data from the period corresponding with the periods covered as of the measurement dates of August 31, 2022 for year 2023, August 31, 2021 for year 2022, August 31, 2020 for year 2021, August 31, 2019 for year 2020, August 31, 2018 for year 2019, August 31, 2017 for year 2018, August 31, 2016 for year 2017, August 31, 2015 for year 2016 and August 31, 2014 for year 2015.

This schedule shows only the years for which this information is available. Additional information will be added until 10 years of data are available and reported.

F	FY 2020 Plan Year 2019	_P	FY 2019 Plan Year 2018		FY 2018 Plan Year 2017	]	FY 2017 Plan Year 2016	FY 2016 Plan Year 2015	 FY 2015 Plan Year 2014
	0.187453402%		0.186453122%		0.178395853%		0.169962597%	0.1691892%	0.1151618%
\$	97,444,139	\$	102,628,324	\$	57,041,383	\$	64,226,338	\$ 59,806,130	\$ 30,761,310
	143,387,199		153,999,324		88,702,720		103,415,412	97,157,049	83,661,060
\$	240,831,338	\$	256,627,648	\$ =	145,744,103	\$	167,641,750	\$ 156,963,179	\$ 114,422,370
\$	207,572,939	\$	199,791,322	\$	187,413,154	\$	174,953,893	\$ 163,821,034	\$ 154,554,318
	46.94%		51.37%		30.44%		36.71%	36.51%	19.92%
	75.24%		73.74%		82.17%		78.00%	78.43%	83.25%

# DENTON INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT SCHEDULE OF DISTRICT'S CONTRIBUTIONS FOR PENSIONS TEACHER RETIREMENT SYSTEM OF TEXAS FOR FISCAL YEAR 2023

	_	2023	2022	2021
Contractually Required Contribution	\$	10,135,583 \$	9,082,975 \$	8,028,985
Contribution in Relation to the Contractually Required Contribution		(10,135,583)	(9,082,975)	(8,028,985)
Contribution Deficiency (Excess)	\$	- \$	- \$	<u> </u>
District's Covered Payroll	\$	255,443,333 \$	244,296,469 \$	233,634,721
Contributions as a Percentage of Covered Payroll		3.97%	3.72%	3.44%

Note: GASB Codification, Vol. 2, P20.183 requires that the data in this schedule be presented as of the District's respective fiscal years as opposed to the time periods covered by the measurement dates ending August 31 of the preceding year.

This schedule shows only the years for which this information is available. Additional information will be added until 10 years of data are available and reported.

2020	2019	2018	2017	2016	2015
\$ 7,320,420 \$	6,490,864 \$	6,223,824 \$	5,786,378 \$	5,322,188	\$ 4,666,408
(7,320,420)	(6,490,864)	(6,223,824)	(5,786,378)	(5,322,188)	(4,666,408)
\$ - \$	- \$	- \$	- \$	3 -	\$
\$ 223,650,339 \$	206,220,120 \$	197,367,842 \$	185,528,986 \$	173,396,127	\$ 163,129,441
3.27%	3.15%	3.15%	3.12%	3.07%	2.86%

# DENTON INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT SCHEDULE OF THE DISTRICT'S PROPORTIONATE SHARE OF THE NET OPEB LIABILITY TEACHER RETIREMENT SYSTEM OF TEXAS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2023

	Р	FY 2023 lan Year 2022	I	FY 2022 Plan Year 2021	_P	FY 2021 lan Year 2020
District's Proportion of the Net Liability (Asset) for Other Postemployment Benefits		0.251433014%		0.248135524%		0.241818689%
District's Proportionate Share of Net OPEB Liability (Asset)	\$	60,203,134	\$	95,716,960	\$	91,926,204
State's Proportionate Share of the Net OPEB Liability (Asset) Associated with the District		73,438,365		128,239,395		123,526,783
Total	\$	133,641,499	\$	223,956,355	\$	215,452,987
District's Covered Payroll	\$	245,965,511	\$	235,369,260	\$	226,767,291
District's Proportionate Share of the Net OPEB Liability (Asset) as a Percentage of its Covered Payroll		24.48%		40.67%		40.54%
Plan Fiduciary Net Position as a Percentage of the Total OPEB Liability		11.52%		6.18%		4.99%

Note: GASB Codification, Vol. 2, P50.238 states that the information on this schedule should be determined as of the measurement date. The amounts for FY 2023 are for the measurement date of August 31, 2022. The amounts reported for FY 2022 are for measurement date August 31, 2021. The amounts reported for FY 2021 are for the measurement date of August 31, 2020. The amounts for FY 2020 are for the measurement date August 31, 2019. The amounts for FY 2019 are for the measurement date August 31, 2018. The amounts for FY 2018 are based on the August 31, 2017 measurement date.

This schedule shows only the years for which this information is available. Additional information will be added until 10 years of data are available and reported.

I	FY 2020 Plan Year 2019	_ <u>I</u>	FY 2019 Plan Year 2018	_F	FY 2018 Plan Year 2017
	0.238518907%		0.237684018%		0.219581563%
\$	112,798,512	\$	118,677,806	\$	95,487,785
	149,883,993		170,791,151		146,774,672
\$	262,682,505	\$	289,468,957	\$	242,262,457
\$	207,572,939	\$	199,791,322	\$	187,413,154
	54.34%		59.40%		50.95%
	2.66%		1.57%		0.91%

# DENTON INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT SCHEDULE OF DISTRICT'S CONTRIBUTIONS FOR OTHER POSTEMPLOYMENT BENEFITS (OPEB) TEACHER RETIREMENT SYSTEM OF TEXAS FOR FISCAL YEAR 2023

	-	2023	2022	 2021
Contractually Required Contribution	\$	2,132,639 \$	2,041,121	\$ 1,918,048
Contribution in Relation to the Contractually Required Contribution		(2,132,639)	(2,041,121)	(1,918,048)
Contribution Deficiency (Excess)	\$	- \$	-	\$ 
District's Covered Payroll	\$	255,443,333 \$	244,296,469	\$ 233,634,721
Contributions as a Percentage of Covered Payroll		0.84%	0.84%	0.82%

Note: GASB Codification, Vol. 2, P50.238 requires that the data in this schedule be presented as of the District's respective fiscal years as opposed to the time periods covered by the measurement dates ending August 31 of the preceding year.

Information in this schedule should be provided only for the years where data is available. Eventually 10 years of data should be presented.

2020	2019	2018
\$ 1,813,010	\$ 1,683,734	\$ 1,558,100
(1,813,010)	(1,683,734)	(1,558,100)
\$ -	\$	\$
\$ 223,650,339	\$ 206,220,120	\$ 197,367,842
0.81%	0.82%	0.79%

### DENTON INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT NOTES TO REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2023

#### PENSION LIABILITY:

Changes of benefit terms:

There were no changes of benefit terms that affected measurement of the total pension liability during the measurement period.

Changes of assumptions:

The following were changes to the actuarial assumptions or other inputs that affected measurement of the total pension liability since the prior measurement period:

• The discount rate changed from 7.25 percent as of August 31, 2021 to 7.00 percent as of August 31, 2022. This change increased the total pension liability.

#### OPEB LIABILITY:

Changes of benefit terms:

There were no changes in benefit terms since the prior measurement date.

Changes of assumptions:

The following were changes to the actuarial assumptions or other inputs that affected measurement of the Total OPEB liability since the prior measurement period:

• The discount rate changed from 1.95 percent as of August 31, 2021 to 3.91 percent as of August 31, 2022. This change decreased the Total OPEB Liability.

COMBINING SCHEDULES

~		2	.03	205		211		224
Data		Chil	d Care	Head Start	]	ESEA I, A	H	DEA - Part B
Contro		Devel	opment			Improving		Formula
Codes		Block	Grant		Ва	asic Program		
	ASSETS							
1110	Cash and Cash Equivalents	\$		\$ Ä	\$	14	\$	<i>€</i> V
1240	Due from Other Governments		-	470,366		994,901		1,335,458
1260	Due from Other Funds			-		-		-
1290	Other Receivables		-	2				62
1300	Inventories		(3€	-				-
1410	Prepayments		: <del>:</del> :	#		88		**
1000	Total Assets	\$	-	\$ 470,366	\$	994,901	\$	1,335,520
I	LIABILITIES							
2110	Accounts Payable	\$	-	\$ 555	\$	905	\$	9,983
2150	Payroll Deductions and Withholdings Payable			32,601		143		<u>=</u>
2160	Accrued Wages Payable			186,084		367,612		577,876
2170	Due to Other Funds			251,126		626,384		747,661
2300	Unearned Revenue		2=0			350		*
2000	Total Liabilities			470,366	_	994,901		1,335,520
F	FUND BALANCES							
	Nonspendable Fund Balance:							
3410	Inventories			+:				~
3425	Endowment Principal		5 <b>2</b> 8	II2		8 <u>4</u> 8		<u> -</u>
3430	Prepaid Items			£				-
	Restricted Fund Balance:							
3450	Federal or State Funds Grant Restriction		2			120		-
	Committed Fund Balance:							
3545	Other Committed Fund Balance		-	12		(4)		(2)
	Assigned Fund Balance:							
3590	Other Assigned Fund Balance		©:	14		(4)		1/2
3600	Unassigned Fund Balance			25 <del>7</del>		-		-
3000	Total Fund Balances							
	Total Liabilities and Fund Balances							

	225	240	255	263		265	266	272		281
II	DEA - Part B	National	ESEA II,A	Title III,	A	Title IV, B	ESSER 1 -	Medicai	d	ESSER II
	Preschool	Breakfast and	Training and	English L	ang.	Community	Emergency Sch	Admin. Cl	aim	CRRSA Act
		Lunch Program	n Recruiting	Acquisit	on	Learning	Relief Fund	MAC		Supplementa
\$	12	\$ 4,902,62	5 \$ -	\$	- \$	-	\$ -	\$	- \$	
	22,230	18,66	4 226,501	229	497	22,248	<del></del>	54,	359	218,31
	-	176,48	1		Ψ.	Sec. 1	Ψ.		140	824
	120	2	-			<b>.</b>	144 175		-	3.2
	180	210,94	5 💌		-	35:	=		<del></del>	
	-	-				:#5			*	: <b>*</b>
\$	22,230	\$ 5,308,715	5 \$ 226,501	\$ 229,	497 \$	22,248	\$ -	\$ 54,	359 \$	218,312
r		¢ 100.929	o e 62.247	σ.	05 0		O.	ø.	Φ.	
\$	-	\$ 190,838	3 \$ 63,247	2	85 \$		\$ -	\$	- \$	₩20 AH21
	11,152	-	63,048	27	149	2)	· ·		5	24,51
	11,132	289,151	· ·			22,248	11 <del>5</del> .	5.4	- 359	193,79
	11,070	390,283		202,	203	22,240	02	54,	-	193,79.
	22,230	870,272		229,	497	22,248		54,	359	218,312
							***************************************			
	-	210,945	-		-	=	( <b>2</b> )		-	( <b>.</b> )
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	0.5	*	570		•	-	<del>2</del> = 2		×	
	( <b>=</b> :	4,438,443	-		-	(*			•	
3	22,230	\$ 5,308,715	\$ 226,501	\$ 229,	197 \$	22,248	\$ -	\$ 54,3	359 \$	218,312

		1.200,	_ 0 _ 0			
Data Contro			282 ESSER III ARP Act	284 IDEA B Formula ARP Act	285 IDEA B Preschool ARP Act	288 Summer School LEP
	ASSETS					
1110	Cash and Cash Equivalents	\$	- 9		\$ - (	\$ 31,51
1240	Due from Other Governments		2,922,677	589,559	18,229	-
1260	Due from Other Funds		(#4)	-	*:	-
1290	Other Receivables			-		
1300	Inventories		( <del>=</del> 5)	<del>(*</del> :	*	:#X
1410	Prepayments		8,769		-	6 <del>4</del> 4
100	Total Assets	\$	2,931,446	589,559	\$ 18,229	31,51:
I	LIABILITIES					
2110	Accounts Payable	\$	36,301 \$	3	\$ = 3	5
2150	Payroll Deductions and Withholdings Payable		9		8	+
2160	Accrued Wages Payable		463,798	130,565	10,347	31,515
2170	Due to Other Funds		2,431,347	458,994	7,882	( <b>±</b> ):
2300	Unearned Revenue		H	227	2	-
2000	Total Liabilities	-	2,931,446	589,559	18,229	31,515
F	FUND BALANCES					
	Nonspendable Fund Balance:					
3410	Inventories		_		-	#:
3425	Endowment Principal		<u>#</u>	<u> </u>	-	-
3430	Prepaid Items		8,769	=	0.50	**
	Restricted Fund Balance:					
3450	Federal or State Funds Grant Restriction		-	π.		5.
	Committed Fund Balance:					
3545	Other Committed Fund Balance			-	/ <del>-</del> /	-
	Assigned Fund Balance:					
3590	Other Assigned Fund Balance		-	-	. =	-
3600	Unassigned Fund Balance		(8,769)	-	128	-
3000	Total Fund Balances	_	10=1		0 <b>=</b> 1	-
4000	Total Liabilities and Fund Balances	\$	2,931,446 \$	589,559	\$ 18,229 \$	31,515

	289 ner Federal Special enue Funds	290 Child Care Relief Fund	309 SSA Adult Basic Education	315 SSA IDEA, Part B Discretionary	& 1	331 A - Career Technical - sic Grant		340 SSA - IDEA C Deaf - Early Intervention		385 Visually Impaired SSVI		397 Advanced Placement Incentives
\$	- \$		\$ -	\$ 890		-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	178,419
	32,784	88,044	320,124	11,078		126,541		3,232				-
			¥ <b>=</b> 0	•		200		-		-		
	£2.	ž	:# <u>:</u>	Ī.		-		5		-		-
	-		-	-		-		-				
\$	32,784 \$	88,044	320,124	\$ 11,968	\$	126,541	\$	3,232	\$		\$	178,419
\$	1,425 \$	634 \$	4,818	\$ -	\$	664	\$	_	\$	_	\$	
•	4	4	,,o.c.	-	*	-	•	12		-		72
	6,375	=	14,439	11,968		23,955		(5)		療法		8.5
	24,984	87,410	300,867			101,922		3,232		( <del>**</del> );		996
	(2)	19	2	TE		9		84		25		178,419
	32,784	88,044	320,124	11,968		126,541		3,232	1			178,419
	·	(*)	-	343		(*)		(*)		-		(₩)
	<b>2</b>	3 <del>2</del>	421	~		-		12		2		-
	<del></del> .)		-	17E		#E)\		:50		7.7		3 <del>5</del> 3
	-	*	ä			-		3.5		-		4 <b>.</b> 1.247
	ă	1 - 1 - 1 - 1 - 1 - 1 - 1 - 1 - 1 - 1 -	Ē	: #2		5		( <b>1</b> )				5.
	9	<b></b>		*		÷				ä		8
	-		-			*		-				*
		:#1	•	-				(4)			-	<b>(4</b> )
\$	32,784 \$	88,044 \$	320,124	\$ 11,968	\$	126,541	\$	3,232	\$	-	\$	178,419

	ıl	-	410 State	421	423	425
			nstructional Materials	SPED Autism Grant	Dsylexia	Ready to Read
	ASSETS					
1110	Cash and Cash Equivalents	\$	251,908 \$	- \$	- \$	753
1240	Due from Other Governments		9 <del>5</del>	798,474	6,725	-
1260	Due from Other Funds		0 <b>.</b> €1	360	-	H
1290	Other Receivables		*	=	7/2	-
1300	Inventories		975	7.0	100.	-
1410	Prepayments		© <b>≠</b> 0	*	Ţ( <del>#</del> )	18
1000	Total Assets	\$	251,908 \$	798,474 \$	6,725 \$	753
L	JABILITIES					
2110	Accounts Payable	\$	- \$	133,508 \$	6,398 \$	200
2150	Payroll Deductions and Withholdings Payable		(#)	<u> </u>	1 <del>4</del>	(*)
2160	Accrued Wages Payable		100	125,446	.=	9.75
2170	Due to Other Funds		( = (	539,520	327	7.4
2300	Unearned Revenue		251,908	an an	12°	753
2000	Total Liabilities	-	251,908	798,474	6,725	753
F	UND BALANCES					
	Nonspendable Fund Balance:					
3410	Inventories		-	-	· <del>-</del>	
3425	Endowment Principal		( <del>2</del> 8	2	S20	8
3430	Prepaid Items		,=:	5	-	
	Restricted Fund Balance:					
3450	Federal or State Funds Grant Restriction		(#)	â	-	
	Committed Fund Balance:					
3545	Other Committed Fund Balance		-	¥	<b>S</b>	
	Assigned Fund Balance:					
3590	Other Assigned Fund Balance		•	S	-	-
3600	Unassigned Fund Balance		: <del>-</del> ::	=	·=	
3000	Total Fund Balances	D <del>ES E)</del>	*			-
4000	Total Liabilities and Fund Balances	\$	251,908 \$	798,474 \$	6,725 \$	753

	429 Grow	435 SSA	446 Deaf Ed	461 Campus	462 Raising	490 Local	497 2021	(	498 COVID-19
	Your	Regional Day	Mgmt	Activity	Blended	Grants	Winter Storm		Local
	Own	School - Deaf	Board	Funds	Learners				Activity
5		\$ - \$	665,045 \$	2,657,080 \$	42,892 \$	730,290	\$ -	\$	72
	13,663	203,420	-	=,007,000	12,002	2,640	-		
	7=1	*	#5	-		-,	3 <b>—</b> 6		9=
	\$ <b>2</b> 4	2	127	243,410	12:	500	(2)		92
			7 <del>2</del> 0		3 <b>5</b> 3	0.75			
	3,75	-	100	8,542	5 <b>5</b> 6	19,958	2 <del>€</del> 0.		58
3	13,663	\$ 203,420 \$	665,045 \$	2,909,032 \$	42,892 \$	753,388	\$ -	\$	84
	5,797	\$ - \$	1,665 \$	111,302 \$	15,937 \$	42,284	\$ -	\$	-
	= , , , , , ,	12	-	-	10,557 <b>Q</b>	,	9	•	24
	-	56,266	142,286		267	1,011	-		
	5,366	147,154	*	5€5	-	-	-		
	2,500		521,094	944	26,688	5 <del>4</del> 8	-		
	13,663	203,420	665,045	111,302	42,892	43,295			7
	-		~	:-			-		
	2	(24)	2	325	2	127	≗		
	<u> </u>	**	Ħ	8,542	- -	19,958	=		3
	*	¥	爱	×	2	( <del>*</del> )	ä		3
	<u>ş</u>	8	-	2,789,188	¥	690,135	<u>~</u>		8
	Ng.	<u>*</u>	=	30	÷	9	Ē		9
	9.50		970	1757	-	:#.:	-		-
-5	-			2,797,730		710,093	-		
	13,663 \$	203,420 \$	665,045 \$	2,909,032 \$	42,892 \$	753,388	\$ -	\$	-

_			Total	479	Total
Data			Nonmajor	Lewis Price	Nonmajor
Contr			Special	Trust	Governmental
Codes		R	Revenue Funds	Fund	Funds
	ASSETS				
1110	Cash and Cash Equivalents	\$	9,461,417	\$ 14,247	\$ 9,475,664
1240	Due from Other Governments		8,729,726		8,729,726
1260	Due from Other Funds		176,481		176,481
1290	Other Receivables		243,972		243,972
1300	Inventories		210,945	9 <del>7</del> 4	210,945
1410	Prepayments		37,269	:=:	37,269
1000	Total Assets	\$	18,859,810	\$ 14,247	\$ 18,874,057
]	LIABILITIES				
2110	Accounts Payable	\$	626,346	\$	\$ 626,346
2150	Payroll Deductions and Withholdings Payable		32,601		32,601
2160	Accrued Wages Payable		2,275,676	-	2,275,676
2170	Due to Other Funds		6,607,276	*:	6,607,276
2300	Unearned Revenue		1,371,645		1,371,645
2000	Total Liabilities	_	10,913,544		10,913,544
I	FUND BALANCES				
	Nonspendable Fund Balance:				
3410	Inventories		210,945	*:	210,945
3425	Endowment Principal		-	1,000	1,000
3430	Prepaid Items		37,269	8	37,269
	Restricted Fund Balance:				
3450	Federal or State Funds Grant Restriction		4,227,498	ž.	4,227,498
	Committed Fund Balance:				
3545	Other Committed Fund Balance		3,479,323		3,479,323
	Assigned Fund Balance:		,		
3590	Other Assigned Fund Balance		(4)	13,247	13,247
3600	Unassigned Fund Balance		(8,769)		(8,769)
3000	Total Fund Balances	-	7,946,266	14,247	7,960,513
4000	Total Liabilities and Fund Balances		10.050.010	£ 14.247	¢ 10.074.057
	2 con Machines and I and Dutaines	\$	18,859,810	\$ 14,247	\$ 18,874,057

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Data		Ch	203 ild Care		205 Head Start	211 ESEA I, A	224 IDEA - Part B	
Cont	rol	Dev	Development			Improving	Formula	
Code	es		ck Grant			Basic Program		
	REVENUES:							
	Total Local and Intermediate Sources	\$	_	\$	-	\$ -	\$ -	
5800	State Program Revenues		-		040	(iw)	#	
5900	Federal Program Revenues		12,614		1,769,981	3,329,404	5,072,318	
5020	Total Revenues		12,614		1,769,981	3,329,404	5,072,318	
]	EXPENDITURES:							
	Current:							
0011	Instruction		*		1,278,508	1,868,111	1,215,297	
0012	Instructional Resources and Media Services		-			38,592	0,00	
0013	Curriculum and Instructional Staff Development		186		65,484	947,599	346,296	
0021	Instructional Leadership				24,942	2,645	20,483	
0023	School Leadership		178		43,277	103,014	2,000	
0031	Guidance, Counseling, and Evaluation Services		7.75		44,247	204,862	3,483,895	
0032	Social Work Services		( <del>)</del>		114,299	3,363	0.5	
0033	Health Services				2,517	•	3,588	
0034	Student (Pupil) Transportation				2	<u> </u>	•	
0035	Food Services		(A)		-	320	( <del>-</del>	
0036	Extracurricular Activities		( ·		<u>~</u>	227	-	
0041	General Administration		325			920	-	
0051	Facilities Maintenance and Operations		300		1,028	*		
0053	Data Processing Services		10 (14		22.416	161 210	-	
0061	Community Services		12,614		33,416	161,218	759	
	Capital Outlay:							
0081	Facilities Acquisition and Construction	-			162,263			
5030	Total Expenditures	,	12,614		1,769,981	3,329,404	5,072,318	
1100	Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues Over (Under) Expenditures		) <del>=</del> (		-			
	OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES):							
	Sale of Real and Personal Property				II4	¥	-	
	Transfers In		( <b>*</b> 0		-	2	*	
3911	Transfers Out (Use)		( <del>#</del> .)		: +c	_~	(e):	
7080	Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)				- 45			
1200	Net Change in Fund Balance		.03			-		
0100	Fund Balance - July 1 (Beginning)						-	
3000	Fund Balance - June 30 (Ending)	\$		\$		\$ -	\$ <i>-</i>	

225	240	255	263	265	266	272	281
IDEA - Part B	National	ESEA II,A	Title III, A	Title IV, B	ESSER 1 -	Medicaid	ESSER II
Preschool	Breakfast and	Training and	English Lang.	Community	Emergency Sch	Admin. Claim	CRRSA Act
	Lunch Program	Recruiting	Acquisition	Learning	Relief Fund	MAC	Supplemental
5 -	\$ 5,445,033 5		\$ - :	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -
_	81,672	_	Ψ .	-	•	·	•
76,832		649,933	536,170	112,570	3,042	233,840	260,74
76,832		649,933	536,170	112,570	3,042	233,840	260,74
1,953		14,891	299,529		3,042	-	220,87
		3.55	-	₹.0	978	=	1,27
74,879	5	635,042	173,287	( <del>0</del> .)		7.	-
	7	3. <del>-</del> 2	<u>.</u>	-		=	7
₹ <u>*</u>			507	9	(S)	Ř	5
-	2		1 🗐	ē	缓	233,840	80
12	말	=	-	<del>-</del>	( <u>#</u>	9	-
540	2	-	15	-	2	₽	-
120	2	-	-	112,570	·	2	2
5,94,0	18,162,392	120		=	-	-	2
•	-	343	₹	-	7	2	-
	*	(•€	(14)	-	( <del>=</del> )	-	-
}. <b></b>	*	34)		-	1	-	-
8 <b>=</b> 8	5:	<b>3</b> 7.?	A#0	*	3 <b>=</b> 8	-	
議会		<b>37</b> 6	62,847		· ·		37,80
<b>3</b> 0	(4)	¥.	3 <b>±</b> 5	-	- 120		
76,832	18,162,392	649,933	536,170	112,570	3,042	233,840	260,74
(*):	458,780	*	( <del>*</del> )	-	1#21		
<u>.</u>	8,726	_		_	-		Y =:
	56,197			-	3 <del>-</del> 22	-	_
-	30,157	_		_	-	1900 1900	
	64,923	-		•		(を)	ν
9	523,703	-	, <del>=</del> ,	Æ		·	
*	3,914,740	*	<b>(4)</b>	(t <del>=</del> :		**	( <b>e</b> )
	\$ 4,438,443 \$	- \$	s - \$	_	\$ - 5	<b>.</b>	\$

Cont	Data Control Codes		282 ESSER III ARP Act	284 IDEA B Formula ARP Act	285 IDEA B Preschool ARP Act	288 Summer School LEP	
	REVENUES:						
5700	Total Local and Intermediate Sources	\$	-	\$ - \$	- 3	3	
	State Program Revenues		1.6	-	:¥3	840	
5900	Federal Program Revenues	_	4,606,723	1,172,447	66,375	44,571	
5020	Total Revenues		4,606,723	1,172,447	66,375	44,571	
]	EXPENDITURES:						
	Current:						
0011	Instruction		3,173,925	80,451	7=7	43,032	
0012	Instructional Resources and Media Services		5 <del>0</del>	#:	1 <b>€</b> 2	370	
0013	Curriculum and Instructional Staff Development		526,256	233,214	66,375	1,539	
0021			:::::::	7.	3,500	20	
0023	4		213,246		9.	-	
0031	, 5,		135,051	858,782		<del>, .</del> .	
0032			17.564	<u>.</u>	*	99	
0033			17,564	<b>=</b>	£'	(=1)	
0034			46,771	-	-	-	
0035			40,771	-	-	=6	
0030	General Administration		168,829	=	_	-	
0051	Facilities Maintenance and Operations		-	18	~	346C	
0053	Data Processing Services		91,267	(*	*	*:	
0061	Community Services		233,814		*	(80)	
	Capital Outlay:						
0081	Facilities Acquisition and Construction		4	\ <del>``</del>	<u>~</u>	<u> 2</u> 6	
6030	Total Expenditures		4,606,723	1,172,447	66,375	44,571	
1100	Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues Over (Under) Expenditures		*	Ve)		-	
(	OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES):						
	Sale of Real and Personal Property		220	245		_	
	Transfers In		90	S#3	-	-	
	Transfers Out (Use)		-	( <del>-</del> )		-	
7080	Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)						
1200	Net Change in Fund Balance		=	÷	Ę.	Ħ	
0100	Fund Balance - July 1 (Beginning)			(a)	*		
3000	Fund Balance - June 30 (Ending)	\$	- 9	\$ - \$	- \$		

	289	290	309	315	331	340	385	397	
Othe	er Federal	Child Care	SSA	SSA	SSA - Career	SSA - IDEA C	Visually	Advanced	
S	pecial	Relief	Adult Basic	IDEA, Part B	& Technical -	Deaf - Early	Impaired	Placement	
	nue Funds	Fund	Education	Discretionary	Basic Grant	Intervention	SSVI	Incentives	
\$	- \$	- \$	- 1	\$ -	\$ -	\$ - \$	- \$		
		977	5	183	£#1	7.	14,535	18,360	
	209,195	660,497	2,471,048	67,896	301,059				
	209,195	660,497	2,471,048	67,896	301,059	3,232	14,535	18,360	
	149,911	-	1,221,170	67,896	253,342	3,232	14,535	18,360	
	140,011	277	1,221,170	07,820	255,542	3,232	14,555	10,500	
	3,631		1,237,051	전 일	38,402	(5) (2)			
	2,031		441	~ <u>*</u>	2,026	77 <u>4</u>		42	
	2	###	547		2,020	121	2	4	
	41,427	æE	7.5	2	7,289	31 <del>4</del> 1	¥	21	
	*	9.1	1941	2	.,	(1 <u>=</u> )	~	94.	
	14,226	-	ties:	<u> =</u>	3 <b>4</b> 0	5(#)	*		
		*	: <del>-</del> -	4	(m)	3 <del>4</del> 3	*	100	
	: ·		3 <b>₩</b> 3	-	) <del>=</del> 03	?€:	-	-	
	953	æ	9+3	*	: <u>#</u> ((		*	-	
	5979		(#)	-	(#9.)	053	#		
	(2)		5,186	5.1			5		
	3.75		: <del>**</del> ::			170	=		
	1	660,497	7,200	<del></del>	72.0	i <del>le</del> i			
	110	*		) (#	-	0#0			
	209,195	660,497	2,471,048	67,896	301,059	3,232	14,535	18,360	
	<b>**</b> **********************************		.es.	9.85	•		7.		
	97.0	18		2.51		1 <del>4</del> .	17.		
	151	(18)	-	177	-	3.57.3	2.57	5	
			<u> </u>			•			
	(4):	7 <del>4</del>				*:	:×	-	
	27	<u>94</u> 1	2	( <del>40</del> )	2	48	5 <b>2</b> 3	Tig	
	(MI)	5 <b>=</b> 2	-	:*:	<u> </u>		3 <b>.</b>		
	- \$	- \$	- 9	3 - 4	5 - :	\$ - \$	- \$	:(⊕:	

Data Cont Code	rol		410 State nstructional Materials	421 SPED Autism Grant	423 Dsylexia	425 Ready to Read
	REVENUES:					
5 <b>7</b> 00	Total Local and Intermediate Sources State Program Revenues Federal Program Revenues	\$	59,580 \$ 2,348,503	- \$ 1,554,250	- \$ 64,262	
5020	Total Revenues		2,408,083	1,554,250	64,262	10)
]	EXPENDITURES:					
	Current:					
0011	Instruction		1,623,487	1,159,708	-	
0012			171	-		
0013	Curriculum and Instructional Staff Development		7,205	389,624	64,262	-
0021	Instructional Leadership		<b>*</b>	726	<u> </u>	•
0023	School Leadership		<i>₩</i>		2	<b>(4)</b>
0031	Guidance, Counseling, and Evaluation Services			ner	-	
0032	Social Work Services		121	1922	2	
0033	Health Services		; <u>≥</u> 2	048	¥	(#)
0034	Student (Pupil) Transportation		340	(S#)	*	(40.)
0035	Food Services		'#5	()	-	-
0036	Extracurricular Activities		( <del>10</del> )		=	36
0041	General Administration		(00)	( <del>=</del> )	=	
0051	Facilities Maintenance and Operations		: <del>-</del> %	8 <del>€</del> 9	-	
0053	Data Processing Services		3=23	4.100	≅.	-
0061	Community Services		350	4,192	表	i <del>.</del>
	Capital Outlay:					
1800	Facilities Acquisition and Construction		12:	791	-	-
503	Total Expenditures		1,630,692	1,554,250	64,262	•
1100	Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues Over (Under) Expenditures	_	777,391			
(	OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES):					
	Sale of Real and Personal Property		-	: <del>-</del> :	-	
	Transfers In		-	-	<del>-</del>	
	Transfers Out (Use)		(777,391)		•	5
7080	Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)	50.75	(777,391)	120		¥
1200	Net Change in Fund Balance		¥		12	
0100	Fund Balance - July 1 (Beginning)				95	-
3000	Fund Balance - June 30 (Ending)	\$	- \$	- \$	- \$	*

	429	435	446	461	462	490 Local	497	498	
	Grow	SSA	Deaf Ed	Campus			2021	COVID-19	
	Your	Regional Day			Activity Blended		Winter Storm	Local	
	Own	School - Deaf	Board	Funds	Learners			Activity	
5	-: :	\$ - \$	1,215,750 \$	3,479,098 \$	81,279 \$	621,770 5	- \$	5 -	
	36,580	460,467	-	***	**	+	***		
	-				196	<u>-</u>		290	
	36,580	460,467	1,215,750	3,479,098	81,279	621,770	4	-	
	7,415	460,467	1,133,283	1,207,493	34,484	245,293	94,521	534,07	
	-,,115	400,407	1,133,203	135,678	34,464	79,307	74,521	334,07	
	5,798		10,925	62,473	46,795	172,769	=	-	
	.,,,,,	2	64,462	02,775	-	4,149		2	
	4	27	12	125,626		20,176	2	-	
	12	2	1,080	237,356	-	13,702	2	141	
	12	**************************************	543	8		40	<u>.</u>	-	
	114	2	200	10	±2.	: 24	<b>a</b>	4	
	:=:	-	2€3		49	-	<u>~</u>	:41	
	(H)	.9	-	£	(#0)	(51)	*	-	
	23,367	*	-	1,614,155	*:	7,646	-	-	
	9 <del>10</del> 1	-		3,907	:- ;	11,465	*	: <del>*</del>	
	₹ <del>*</del>	-	÷ <del>=</del> 5	25,819	•	46,528	8	-	
	(B)	10	9 <del>8</del> 9	•	-	9 <del>등</del> 2	表	-	
	3 <b>7</b> .		:*:	8,097	5	7,572	*		
		-	S#8		· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	Car.	*		
	36,580	460,467	1,209,750	3,420,614	81,279	608,556	94,521	534,07	
	*	-	6,000	58,484	*	13,214	(94,521)	(534,075	
	-		(=0)	( <b>#</b> )	-	: <u>-</u> )	*		
	2 <b>9</b> 6	180		(5€)	5	3,₩2	94,521	*	
			(6,000)	(37,811)		•		<u>, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , </u>	
	(a)	%	(6,000)	(37,811)		-	94,521	*	
	7	<u>(</u>	<u>=</u>	20,673	ě	13,214	<b>(</b>	(534,075	
_		*	*	2,777,057		696,879	: ::::::::::::::::::::::::::::::::::::	534,075	
	- \$	- \$	- \$	2,797,730 \$	- \$	710,093 \$	- \$		

Data		Total Nonmajor		479 Lewis Price	Total Nonmajor	
Contr			Special	Trust	Governmental	
Code	S	Re	evenue Funds	Fund		Funds
I	REVENUES:					
5700	Total Local and Intermediate Sources	\$	10,902,510 \$	-	\$	10,902,510
5800	State Program Revenues		4,578,629	: •:		4,578,629
<b>59</b> 00	Federal Program Revenues		34,754,961			34,754,961
5020	Total Revenues		50,236,100	/ <del>*</del>		50,236,100
E	EXPENDITURES:					
	Current:					
0011	Instruction		16,428,281	370		16,428,281
0012	Instructional Resources and Media Services		254,854	5 <b>%</b> 0		254,854
0013	Curriculum and Instructional Staff Development		5,108,906	3.53		5,108,906
0021	Instructional Leadership		119,874			119,874
0023	School Leadership		507,846	( <del>**</del>		507,846
0031	Guidance, Counseling, and Evaluation Services		5,262,331			5,262,331
0032	Social Work Services		117,662			117,662
0033	Health Services		37,905	•		37,905
0034	Student (Pupil) Transportation		112,570	-		112,570
0035	Food Services		18,209,112	:		18,209,112
0036	Extracurricular Activities		1,645,168	540		1,645,168
0041	General Administration		184,201	346		184,201
0051	Facilities Maintenance and Operations		78,561	3#3		78,561
0053	Data Processing Services		91,267			91,267
0061	Community Services		1,230,026	190		1,230,026
	Capital Outlay:					
0081	Facilities Acquisition and Construction	-	162,263	-		162,263
5030	Total Expenditures	_	49,550,827			49,550,827
1100	Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues Over (Under)		685,273	-		685,273
	Expenditures	***************************************			-	
	THER FINANCING SOURCES (USES):					
	Sale of Real and Personal Property		8,726	(=):		8,726
	Transfers In		150,718	3#33		150,718
3911	Transfers Out (Use)	_	(821,202)			(821,202)
7080	Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)		(661,758)			(661,758)
200	Net Change in Fund Balance		23,515			23,515
0100	Fund Balance - July 1 (Beginning)		7,922,751	14,247		7,936,998
3000	Fund Balance - June 30 (Ending)	\$	7,946,266 \$	14,247	¢	7,960,513

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### DENTON INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT COMBINING STATEMENT OF NET POSITION INTERNAL SERVICE FUNDS JUNE 30, 2023

	752	753 Workers
	Print Shop	Compensation
ASSETS		
Current Assets:		
Cash and Cash Equivalents	\$ (115,960)	\$ 1,145,896
Other Receivables	241	ā
Inventories	6,245	4.550
Prepayments	97,923	4,558
Total Current Assets	(11,551)	1,150,454
Noncurrent Assets: Capital Assets:		
Furniture and Equipment. Net	70,806	12
SBITA Asset, Net	160	(**
Total Noncurrent Assets	70,806	_
Total Assets	59,255	1,150,454
LIABILITIES		3
Current Liabilities:		
Accounts Payable	5,672	35,073
Total Current Liabilities	5,672	35,073
Noncurrent Liabilities:	AGC - 27 - 122	S <del>-X</del>
SBITA Liability	*	-
Claims Liability	<u> </u>	384,841
Total Noncurrent Liabilities	-	384,841
Total Liabilities	5,672	419,914
NET POSITION		
Net Investment in Capital Assets	70,806	-
Unrestricted Net Position	(17,223)	730,540
Total Net Position	\$ 53,583	\$ 730,540

	771		772		774			
He	ealthcare		Device	Su	bscription	Total		
	Trust	]	nsurance	Based info		Internal		
	Fund			Te	ch. Arrang.	Se	rvice Funds	
\$	63,469	\$	252,646	\$	-	\$	1,346,051	
			1000		1100		241	
	•						6,245 102,481	
	63,469	1	252,646	-			1,455,018	
		_		_				
			•		( <del>*</del> )		70,806	
					882,780		882,780	
				882,780		953,586		
	63,469	<del>-</del>	252,646	-	882,780	=	2,408,604	
	100		46,342				87,187	
	100	_	46,342			_	87,187	
					295,800		295,800	
	(\ <del>\di</del>				76	3200	384,841	
	·		-		295,800		680,641	
	100		46,342	_	295,800	<u> </u>	767,828	
	1981 14 A A 4 T		*		586,980		657,786	
	63,369	_	206,304		( <del>*</del> )		982,990	
\$	63,369	\$	206,304	\$	586,980	\$	1,640,776	

### DENTON INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENSES AND CHANGES IN FUND NET POSITION INTERNAL SERVICE FUNDS

### FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2023

	752	753 Workers
	Print Shop	Compensation
OPERATING REVENUES:		
Local and Intermediate Sources	\$ 251,574	\$ 1,143,614
Total Operating Revenues	251,574	1,143,614
OPERATING EXPENSES:	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	0 (3-41-1-1-1-1-1-1-1-1-1-1-1-1-1-1-1-1-1-1
Payroll Costs	153,448	132,239
Professional and Contracted Services	57,705	45,562
Supplies and Materials	75,759	84,019
Other Operating Costs	-	327,292
Depreciation Expense	7,006	
Total Operating Expenses	293,918	589,112
Operating Income (Loss)	(42,344)	554,502
NONOPERATING REVENUES (EXPENSES):		
Earnings from Temporary Deposits & Investments		11,402
Total Nonoperating Revenues (Expenses)	*	11,402
Income (Loss) Before Transfers	(42,344)	565,904
Transfers In	95,927	
Transfers Out	73,721	(1,000,000)
Change in Net Position	53,583	(434,096)
Total Net Position - July 1 (Beginning)	5 <del>75</del> 6	1,164,636
Prior Period Adjustment		<b>→</b>
Total Net Position - June 3● (Ending)	\$ 53,583	\$ 730,540

	771 Healthcare Trust Fund		772 Device Insurance		774 ubscription Based info ech. Arrang.	Total Internal Service Funds		
\$	63,782	\$	362,026	\$	211,292	\$	2,032,288	
-	63,782	_	362,026		211,292	:: <del></del>	2,032,288	
	9 <b>2</b> 00				-		285,687 103,267	
	413		334,468 5,092		€		494,246 332,797	
-	413		339,560	_	414,246		421,252 1,637,249	
	63,369	_	22,466		(202,954)	-	395,039	
					R <del>#</del> J		11,402	
			¥		:	_	11,402	
	63,369		22,466		(202,954)	-	406,441	
	-		45.		783,391		879,318 (1,000,000)	
	63,369	7.N=====	22,466		580,437	(C)	285,759	
	2		183,838		*		1,348,474	
3171		E	(e.		6,543	_	6,543	
\$ 	63,369	\$	206,304	\$	586,980	\$	1,640,776	

### DENTON INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT COMBINING STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS INTERNAL SERVICE FUNDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2023

Cash Flows from Operating Activities:           Cash Received from District         \$ - \$ 1           Cash Received from Charges and Fees         251,535           Cash Payments for Payroll Costs         (153,459)           Cash Payments for Purchased Services         (57,705)           Cash Payments for Supplies and Materials         (185,325)           Cash Payments for Claims            Net Cash Provided by (Used for) Operating Activities         (144,954)           Cash Flows from Capital & Related Financing Activities:            Transfers In         95,927           SBITA Proceeds            SBITA Proceeds            SBITA Principal Payments            Purchase of Capital Assets         (60,590)           Transfer Out            Net Cash Provided by (Used for) Capital & Related         35,337           (1         Cash Flows from Investing Activities:           Interest and Dividends on Investments         -           Net Increase (Decrease) in Cash and Cash Equivalents         (109,617)           Cash and Cash Equivalents at End of Year         \$ (115,960)         \$ 1           Reconciliation of Operating Income (Loss) to Net Cash         Provided by (Used For) Operating Activities:         -	752	W	753 Workers Compensation		
Cash Received from District         \$ - \$ \$ 1           Cash Received from Charges and Fees         251,535           Cash Payments for Payroll Costs         (153,459)           Cash Payments for Purchased Services         (57,705)           Cash Payments for Supplies and Materials         (185,325)           Cash Payments for Claims         -           Net Cash Provided by (Used for) Operating Activities         (144,954)           Cash Flows from Capital & Related Financing Activities:         -           Transfers In         95,927           SBITA Principal Payments         -           Purchase of Capital Assets         (60,590)           Transfer Out         -         (1           Net Cash Provided by (Used for) Capital & Related         35,337         (1           Cash Flows from Investing Activities:         -         (1           Interest and Dividends on Investments         -         (1           Net Increase (Decrease) in Cash and Cash Equivalents         (109,617)         (2           Cash and Cash Equivalents at End of Year         \$ (115,960)         \$ 1           Reconciliation of Operating Income (Loss) to Net Cash         \$ (115,960)         \$ 1           Reconciliation of Operating Income (Loss):         \$ (42,344)         \$ (42,344)         \$ (42,344)	Print Shop	Com			
Cash Received from Charges and Fees         251,535           Cash Payments for Payroll Costs         (153,459)           Cash Payments for Purchased Services         (57,705)           Cash Payments for Supplies and Materials         (185,325)           Cash Payments for Claims         -           Net Cash Provided by (Used for) Operating Activities         (144,954)           Cash Flows from Capital & Related Financing Activities:         -           Transfers In         95,927           SBITA Proceeds         -           SBITA Principal Payments         -           Purchase of Capital Assets         (60,590)           Transfer Out         -           Net Cash Flows from Investing Activities:         -           Interest and Dividends on Investments         -           Net Increase (Decrease) in Cash and Cash Equivalents         (109,617)           Cash and Cash Equivalents at End of Year         (6,343)         2           Cash and Cash Equivalents at End of Year         \$ (115,960)         \$ 1           Reconciliation of Operating Income (Loss) to Net Cash         \$ (12,344)         \$           Adjustments to Reconcile Operating Activities:         \$ (42,344)         \$           Depreciation         7,006         Effect of Increases and Decreases in Current <tr< th=""><th>ing Activities:</th><th></th><th></th></tr<>	ing Activities:				
Cash Payments for Payroll Costs         (153,459)           Cash Payments for Purchased Services         (57,705)           Cash Payments for Supplies and Materials         (185,325)           Cash Payments for Claims         -           Net Cash Provided by (Used for) Operating Activities         (144,954)           Cash Flows from Capital & Related Financing Activities:         95,927           SBITA Proceeds         -           SBITA Principal Payments         -           Purchase of Capital Assets         (60,590)           Transfer Out         -           Net Cash Provided by (Used for) Capital & Related         35,337         (1           Cash Flows from Investing Activities:         -         (1           Interest and Dividends on Investments         -         -           Net Increase (Decrease) in Cash and Cash Equivalents         (109,617)         0           Cash and Cash Equivalents at Beginning of Year         (6,343)         2           Cash and Cash Equivalents at End of Year         \$ (115,960)         \$ 1           Reconciliation of Operating Income (Loss) to Net Cash         Provided By (Used For) Operating Activities:         \$ (42,344)         \$           Operating Income (Loss):         \$ (42,344)         \$           Adjustments to Reconcile Operating Activities:		\$ 1	,243,203		
Cash Payments for Purchased Services         (57,705)           Cash Payments for Supplies and Materials         (185,325)           Cash Payments for Claims         -           Net Cash Provided by (Used for) Operating Activities         (144,954)           Cash Flows from Capital & Related Financing Activities:         -           Transfers In         95,927           SBITA Proceeds         -           SBITA Principal Payments         -           Purchase of Capital Assets         (60,590)           Transfer Out         -         (1           Net Cash Provided by (Used for) Capital & Related         35,337         (1           Cash and Provided by (Used for) Capital & Related         35,337         (1           Cash Ilourest and Dividends on Investments         -         (1           Net Increase (Decrease) in Cash and Cash Equivalents         (109,617)         (2           Cash and Cash Equivalents at Beginning of Year         (6,343)         2           Cash and Cash Equivalents at End of Year         \$ (115,960)         \$ 1           Reconciliation of Operating Income (Loss) to Net Cash         (2         \$ (42,344)         \$           Provided By (Used For) Operating Activities:         (2         \$ (42,344)         \$           Adjustments to Reconcile Operating Incom	Charges and Fees 251,535		12,75		
Cash Payments for Supplies and Materials         (185,325)           Cash Payments for Claims         -           Net Cash Provided by (Used for) Operating Activities         (144,954)           Cash Flows from Capital & Related Financing Activities:         95,927           SBITA Proceeds         -           SBITA Principal Payments         -           Purchase of Capital Assets         (60,590)           Transfer Out         -           Net Cash Provided by (Used for) Capital & Related         35,337         (1           Cash Flows from Investing Activities:         -         (10,617)         (2           Interest and Dividends on Investments         -         -         (4,343)         2           Vet Increase (Decrease) in Cash and Cash Equivalents         (109,617)         (2         (3,343)         2           Cash and Cash Equivalents at Beginning of Year         (6,343)         2         (3         2           Cash and Cash Equivalents at End of Year         \$ (115,960)         \$ 1         1         (4         3         4<			(132,239)		
Cash Payments for Claims       -         Net Cash Provided by (Used for) Operating Activities       (144,954)         Cash Flows from Capital & Related Financing Activities:       -         Transfers In       95,927         SBITA Proceeds       -         SBITA Principal Payments       -         Purchase of Capital Assets       (60,590)         Transfer Out       -       (1         Net Cash Provided by (Used for) Capital & Related       35,337       (1         Cash Flows from Investing Activities:       -       -         Interest and Dividends on Investments       -       -         Net Increase (Decrease) in Cash and Cash Equivalents       (109,617)       (6,343)       2         Cash and Cash Equivalents at Beginning of Year       (6,343)       2         Cash and Cash Equivalents at End of Year       \$ (115,960)       \$ 1         Reconciliation of Operating Income (Loss) to Net Cash       -         Provided By (Used For) Operating Activities:       -         Operating Income (Loss):       \$ (42,344)       \$         Adjustments to Reconcile Operating Income       -       -         to Net Cash Provided by (Used For) Operating Activities:       -       -         Depreciation       7,006       -			(45,562)		
Net Cash Provided by (Used for) Operating Activities:  Transfers In SBITA Proceeds SBITA Principal Payments Purchase of Capital Assets (60,590) Transfer Out Net Cash Provided by (Used for) Capital & Related  2ash Flows from Investing Activities: Interest and Dividends on Investments  Net Increase (Decrease) in Cash and Cash Equivalents Cash and Cash Equivalents at Beginning of Year  Cash and Cash Equivalents at End of Year  Cash and Cash Equivalents  Cash Flows from Investing Activities:  Operating Income (Loss) to Net Cash  Provided By (Used For) Operating Activities:  Operating Income (Loss) to Net Cash  Provided By (Used For) Operating Activities:  Operating Income (Loss) to Net Cash  Provided By (Used For) Operating Activities:  Operating Income (Loss) to Net Cash  Provided By (Used For) Operating Activities:  Operating Income (Loss) to Net Cash  Provided By (Used For) Operating Activities:  Operating Income (Loss) to Net Cash  Provided By (Used For) Operating Activities:  Operating Income (Loss) to Net Cash  Operating			(88,550)		
Transfers In 95,927 SBITA Proceeds SBITA Principal Payments - Purchase of Capital Assets (60,590) Transfer Out - (1 Net Cash Provided by (Used for) Capital & Related 35,337 (1) Cash Flows from Investing Activities: Interest and Dividends on Investments Net Increase (Decrease) in Cash and Cash Equivalents Cash and Cash Equivalents at Beginning of Year (6,343) 2 Cash and Cash Equivalents at End of Year (115,960) \$ 1 Reconciliation of Operating Income (Loss) to Net Cash Provided By (Used For) Operating Activities: Operating Income (Loss): \$ (42,344) \$ (42,34	laims	Villa III	(848,720)		
Transfers In SBITA Proceeds         95,927           SBITA Principal Payments         -           Purchase of Capital Assets         (60,590)           Transfer Out         -         (1           Net Cash Provided by (Used for) Capital & Related         35,337         (1           Cash Flows from Investing Activities:         -         (1           Interest and Dividends on Investments         -         -           Vet Increase (Decrease) in Cash and Cash Equivalents         (109,617)         (6,343)         2           Cash and Cash Equivalents at End of Year         (6,343)         2         2           Cash and Cash Equivalents at End of Year         \$ (115,960)         \$ 1           Reconciliation of Operating Income (Loss) to Net Cash         Provided By (Used For) Operating Activities:         \$ (42,344)         \$           Operating Income (Loss):         \$ (42,344)         \$           Adjustments to Reconcile Operating Activities:         Depreciation         7,006           Effect of Increases and Decreases in Current         Assets and Liabilities:         C99,128           Decrease (increase) in Receivables         (39)         Decrease (increase) in Accounts Payable         (10,438)           Increase (decrease) in Accounts Payable         (11)         (11)	Used for) Operating Activities (144,954)		128,132		
SBITA Proceeds SBITA Principal Payments Purchase of Capital Assets (60,590) Transfer Out Net Cash Provided by (Used for) Capital & Related Sash Flows from Investing Activities: Interest and Dividends on Investments Sash and Cash Equivalents at Beginning of Year Cash and Cash Equivalents at End of Year Cash and Cash Equivalents Cash Flows from Investments Cash Flows from Inve					
SBITA Principal Payments Purchase of Capital Assets Purchase of Capital Assets (60,590) Transfer Out Net Cash Provided by (Used for) Capital & Related 35,337 (1  Cash Flows from Investing Activities: Interest and Dividends on Investments	95,927		300		
Purchase of Capital Assets Transfer Out Transfer Out Transfer Out Net Cash Provided by (Used for) Capital & Related 35,337 (1  Cash Flows from Investing Activities: Interest and Dividends on Investments The Increase (Decrease) in Cash and Cash Equivalents Cash and Cash Equivalents at Beginning of Year Cash and Cash Equivalents at End of Year Cash and Cash Equivalents Cash and Cash Equival			(34)		
Transfer Out - (1 Net Cash Provided by (Used for) Capital & Related 35,337 (1 Cash Flows from Investing Activities:  Interest and Dividends on Investments (109,617) Cash and Cash Equivalents at Beginning of Year (6,343) 2 Cash and Cash Equivalents at End of Year (6,343) 2 Cash and Cash Equivalents at End of Year (115,960) \$ 1 Reconciliation of Operating Income (Loss) to Net Cash  Provided By (Used For) Operating Activities: Operating Income (Loss): \$ (42,344) \$ Adjustments to Reconcile Operating Income to Net Cash Provided by (Used For) Operating Activities: Depreciation 7,006 Effect of Increases and Decreases in Current Cases and Liabilities: Decrease (increase) in Receivables (39) Decrease (increase) in Receivables (99,128) Increase (decrease) in Accounts Payable (10,438) Increase (decrease) in Accounts Payable (11)					
Net Cash Provided by (Used for) Capital & Related  Cash Flows from Investing Activities: Interest and Dividends on Investments  Interest and Dividends on Investments  Cash and Cash Equivalents at Beginning of Year  Cash and Cash Equivalents at Beginning of Year  Cash and Cash Equivalents at End of Year  (6,343)  2  Cash and Cash Equivalents at End of Year  (6,343)  2  Cash and Cash Equivalents at End of Year  (6,343)  2  Cash and Cash Equivalents at End of Year  (6,343)  2  Cash and Cash Equivalents at End of Year  (6,343)  2  Cash and Cash Equivalents at End of Year  (6,343)  2  Cash and Cash Equivalents at End of Year  (6,343)  2  Cash and Cash Equivalents  (11,960)  S  1  Cash and Cash Equivalents  (109,617)  (6,343)  2  Cash and Cash Equivalents  (109,617)  (6,343)  2  Cash and Cash Equivalents  (11,960)  S  1  Cash and Cash Equivalents  (109,617)  (6,343)  2  Cash and Cash Equivalents  (109,617)  (110,618)  Cash and Cash Equivalents  (109,617)  (109,6	Assets (60,590)	/1	000 000)		
Cash Flows from Investing Activities: Interest and Dividends on Investments  Net Increase (Decrease) in Cash and Cash Equivalents Cash and Cash Equivalents at Beginning of Year  Cash and Cash Equivalents at End of Year  Cash and Cash Equivalents  Cash and Cash Equivalen	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·		,000,000)		
Interest and Dividends on Investments  Pet Increase (Decrease) in Cash and Cash Equivalents  Cash and Cash Equivalents at Beginning of Year  Cash and Cash Equivalents at End of Year  (6,343)  2  Cash and Cash Equivalents at End of Year  (6,343)  2  Cash and Cash Equivalents at End of Year  (6,343)  2  Cash and Cash Equivalents at End of Year  (6,343)  2  Cash and Cash Equivalents at Beginning of Year  (6,343)  2  Cash and Cash Equivalents at Beginning of Year  (6,343)  2  Cash and Cash Equivalents at Beginning of Year  (6,343)  2  Cash and Cash Equivalents at Beginning of Year  (6,343)  2  Cash and Cash Equivalents at Beginning of Year  (6,343)  2  Cash and Cash Equivalents at Beginning of Year  (6,343)  2  Cash and Cash Equivalents at Beginning of Year  (6,343)  2  Cash and Cash Equivalents at Beginning of Year  (6,343)  2  Cash and Cash Equivalents at Beginning of Year  (6,343)  2  Cash and Cash Equivalents at Beginning of Year  (6,343)  2  Cash and Cash Equivalents at Beginning of Year  (6,343)  2  Cash and Cash Equivalents at Beginning of Year  (6,343)  2  Cash and Cash Equivalents at Beginning of Year  (6,343)  2  Cash and Cash Equivalents at Beginning of Year  (6,343)  2  Cash and Cash Equivalents at Beginning of Year  (6,343)  2  Cash and Cash Equivalents at End of Year  (6,343)  2  Cash and Cash Equivalents at End of Year  (6,343)  2  Cash and Cash Equivalents at End of Year  (6,343)  2  Cash and Cash Equivalents at End of Year  (6,343)  2  Cash and Cash Equivalents at End of Year  (6,343)  (115,960)  1  Cash and Cash Equivalents at End of Year  (6,343)  2  Cash and Cash Equivalents at End of Year  (6,343)  (115,960)  1  Cash and Cash equivalents at End of Year  (6,244)  (1		(1.	,000,000)		
Net Increase (Decrease) in Cash and Cash Equivalents  Cash and Cash Equivalents at Beginning of Year  Cash and Cash Equivalents at End of Year  Cash and Cash Equivalents at End of Year  Reconciliation of Operating Income (Loss) to Net Cash  Provided By (Used For) Operating Activities:  Operating Income (Loss):  Operating Income (Loss):  Adjustments to Reconcile Operating Income to Net Cash Provided by (Used For) Operating Activities:  Depreciation  7,006  Effect of Increases and Decreases in Current  Assets and Liabilities:  Decrease (increase) in Receivables  Decrease (increase) in Receivables  Operating Income  (109,617)  (6,343)  2  (42,344)  \$	g Activities:				
Cash and Cash Equivalents at Beginning of Year \$ (6,343) 2 Cash and Cash Equivalents at End of Year \$ (115,960) \$ 1  Reconciliation of Operating Income (Loss) to Net Cash  Provided By (Used For) Operating Activities: Operating Income (Loss): \$ (42,344) \$  Adjustments to Reconcile Operating Income to Net Cash Provided by (Used For) Operating Activities: Depreciation 7,006  Effect of Increases and Decreases in Current  Assets and Liabilities: Decrease (increase) in Receivables (39) Decrease (increase) in Inv./Prepayments (99,128) Increase (decrease) in Accounts Payable (10,438) Increase (decrease) in Accrued Wages Payable (11)	ds on Investments		11,402		
Cash and Cash Equivalents at Beginning of Year \$ (6,343) 2 Cash and Cash Equivalents at End of Year \$ (115,960) \$ 1  Reconciliation of Operating Income (Loss) to Net Cash  Provided By (Used For) Operating Activities: Operating Income (Loss): \$ (42,344) \$  Adjustments to Reconcile Operating Income to Net Cash Provided by (Used For) Operating Activities: Depreciation 7,006  Effect of Increases and Decreases in Current  Assets and Liabilities: Decrease (increase) in Receivables (39) Decrease (increase) in Inv./Prepayments (99,128) Increase (decrease) in Accounts Payable (10,438) Increase (decrease) in Accrued Wages Payable (11)	n Cash and Cash Equivalents (109,617)	(	(860,466)		
Reconciliation of Operating Income (Loss) to Net Cash  Provided By (Used For) Operating Activities: Operating Income (Loss): Adjustments to Reconcile Operating Income to Net Cash Provided by (Used For) Operating Activities: Depreciation T,006  Effect of Increases and Decreases in Current Assets and Liabilities: Decrease (increase) in Receivables Decrease (increase) in Receivables Increase (decrease) in Accounts Payable Increase (decrease) in Accrued Wages Payable  (11)		2	,006,362		
Provided By (Used For) Operating Activities: Operating Income (Loss): Adjustments to Reconcile Operating Income to Net Cash Provided by (Used For) Operating Activities: Depreciation Assets and Decreases in Current Assets and Liabilities: Decrease (increase) in Receivables Decrease (increase) in Inv./Prepayments Increase (decrease) in Accounts Payable Increase (decrease) in Accrued Wages Payable  (11)	ts at End of Year \$ (115,960)	\$ 1	,145,896		
Operating Income (Loss):  Adjustments to Reconcile Operating Income to Net Cash Provided by (Used For) Operating Activities:  Depreciation  T,006  Effect of Increases and Decreases in Current  Assets and Liabilities:  Decrease (increase) in Receivables  Decrease (increase) in Inv./Prepayments  Increase (decrease) in Accounts Payable  Increase (decrease) in Accrued Wages Payable  (11)	ng Income (Loss) to Net Cash				
Adjustments to Reconcile Operating Income to Net Cash Provided by (Used For) Operating Activities:  Depreciation  7,006  Effect of Increases and Decreases in Current  Assets and Liabilities:  Decrease (increase) in Receivables  Decrease (increase) in Inv./Prepayments  Increase (decrease) in Accounts Payable  Increase (decrease) in Accrued Wages Payable  (11)	or) Operating Activities:				
to Net Cash Provided by (Used For) Operating Activities:  Depreciation 7,006  Effect of Increases and Decreases in Current  Assets and Liabilities:  Decrease (increase) in Receivables (39)  Decrease (increase) in Inv./Prepayments (99,128)  Increase (decrease) in Accounts Payable (10,438)  Increase (decrease) in Accrued Wages Payable (11)	oss): \$ (42,344)	\$	554,502		
Depreciation 7,006 Effect of Increases and Decreases in Current Assets and Liabilities:  Decrease (increase) in Receivables (39) Decrease (increase) in Inv./Prepayments (99,128) Increase (decrease) in Accounts Payable (10,438) Increase (decrease) in Accrued Wages Payable (11)					
Effect of Increases and Decreases in Current  Assets and Liabilities:  Decrease (increase) in Receivables  Decrease (increase) in Inv./Prepayments  Increase (decrease) in Accounts Payable  Increase (decrease) in Accrued Wages Payable  (11)			-		
Assets and Liabilities:  Decrease (increase) in Receivables  Decrease (increase) in Inv./Prepayments  Increase (decrease) in Accounts Payable  Increase (decrease) in Accrued Wages Payable  (10,438)  (11)					
Decrease (increase) in Inv./Prepayments (99,128) Increase (decrease) in Accounts Payable (10,438) Increase (decrease) in Accrued Wages Payable (11)					
Decrease (increase) in Inv./Prepayments (99,128) Increase (decrease) in Accounts Payable (10,438) Increase (decrease) in Accrued Wages Payable (11)	n Receivables (39)		99,589		
Increase (decrease) in Accounts Payable (10,438) Increase (decrease) in Accrued Wages Payable (11)			(4,558)		
Increase (decrease) in Accrued Wages Payable (11)			27		
Increase (decrease) in Accrued Expenses					
		(	(521,428)		
fet Cash Provided by (Used for) Operating Activities \$ (144,954) \$	sed for) Operating Activities \$ (144,954)	\$	128,132		

	771		772		774		
1	Healthcare		Device		Subscription		Total
	Trust		Insurance		Based info		Internal
	Fund				Tech. Arrang.		Service Funds
\$	5 <b>9</b> .7	\$	-	\$	211,292	\$	1,454,495
	63,782		362,026		,		677,343
			-		-		(285,698)
	. 50		8		-		(103,267)
	(313)		(294,991)		9		(569,179)
	-						(848,720)
	63,469		67,035	_	211,292		324,974
	-				783,391		879,318
	*		-		325,198		325,198
			<b>-</b>		(211,292)		(211,292)
			E.		(1,108,589)		(1,169,179)
			18		: <del></del>		(1,000,000)
			(#		(211,292)	_	(1,175,955)
			( <del>-</del>	1000		1200	11,402
	63,469		67,035				(839,579)
	03,402		185,611		150 147		2,185,630
\$	63,469	\$	252,646	\$	*	\$	1,346,051
\$	63,369	\$	22,466	\$	(202,954)	\$	395,039
	æ		÷		414,246		421,252
	Ę		-		-		99,550
	( <u>*</u> )		2		9		(103,686)
	100		44,569		<u> </u>		34,258
	-		(4) E		2		(11)
	128		141		<u> </u>		(521,428)
\$	63,469	\$	67,035	\$	211,292	\$	324,974
-		-		-			

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REQUIRED T.E.A. SCHEDULES

### DENTON INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT SCHEDULE OF DELINQUENT TAXES RECEIVABLE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2023

	(1)	(3) Assessed/Annraised			
Last 10 Years	Tax I	Assessed/Appraised Value for School			
	Maintenance	Debt Service	Tax Purposes		
2014 and prior years	Various	Various	\$ Various		
2015	1.040000	0.500000	11,823,268,442		
016	1.040000	0.500000	12,712,090,714		
017	1.040000	0.500000	14,245,317,208		
018	1.060000	0.480000	15,966,067,987		
019	1.060000	0.480000	17,771,688,442		
020	0.990000	0.480000	19,914,985,782		
021	0.927600	0.480000	21,078,524,297		
022	0.882000	0.480000	22,989,073,348		
023 (School year under audit)	0.864600	0.480000	27,186,255,764		
000 TOTALS					

8000 Total Taxes Refunded Under Section 26.115, Tax Code

Balance		Year's Maintenance		(32)  Debt Service  Collections			(40) Entire Year's Adjustments	(50) Ending Balance 6/30/2023	
\$ 229,774	\$		\$	7,361	\$	3,422	\$	21,525	\$ 240,516
84,780		-		2,762		1,328		3,716	84,406
100,088		š		6,449		3,101		4,530	95,068
108,259		-		9,875		4,747		6,593	100,230
181,142		1 <u>2</u> 2		18,379		8,322		2,949	157,390
388,168		Æ		32,828		14,866		(129,095)	211,379
535,782		**		297,496		144,240		546,587	640,633
699,120		-		129,423		66,972		109,641	612,366
2,557,972		·*:		1,060,122		576,937		(171,969)	748,944
? <b>#</b>		365,546,395		232,930,134		129,315,827		<b>(X</b>	3,300,434
\$ 4,885,085	\$	365,546,395	\$	234,494,829	\$	130,139,762	\$	394,477	\$ 6,191,366
\$ æ	\$	*	\$	81,197	\$		\$	; <del>=</del> :	\$ 

### DENTON INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULE - CHILD NUTRITION PROGRAM FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2023

Data Control Codes		Budgeted	ounts	Actual Amounts (GAAP BASIS)		Variance With Final Budget Positive or		
		Original	Final				(Negative)	
REVENUES:								
<ul> <li>5700 Total Local and Intermediate Sources</li> <li>5800 State Program Revenues</li> <li>5900 Federal Program Revenues</li> </ul>	\$	5,284,206 10,715,794	\$	5,285,572 81,672 12,954,794	\$	5,445,033 81,672 13,094,467	\$	159,461 - 139,673
5020 Total Revenues EXPENDITURES: Current:	=	16,000,000	-	18,322,038	-	18,621,172	===	299,134
0035 Food Services		16,000,000		18,379,309		18,162,392		216,917
6030 Total Expenditures		16,000,000		18,379,309		18,162,392	-	216,917
1100 Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues Over (Under) Expenditures OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES):	_	D#6		(57,271)		458,780	(C	516,051
7912 Sale of Real and Personal Property 7915 Transfers In	y	0 <del>5</del> .		1,074 56,197		8,726 56,197		7,652
7080 Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)	(n====	(#)		57,271		64,923		7,652
1200 Net Change in Fund Balances		72		-		523,703		523,703
0100 Fund Balance - July 1 (Beginning)		3,914,740		3,914,740	_	3,914,740		
3000 Fund Balance - June 30 (Ending)	\$	3,914,740	\$	3,914,740	\$	4,438,443	\$	523,703

### DENTON INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULE - DEBT SERVICE FUND FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2023

Data Control Codes		Budgeted	ounts		Actual Amounts (GAAP BASIS)		Variance With Final Budget		
		Original		Final			Positive or (Negative)		
REVENUES:									
5700 Total Local and Intermediate Sources 5800 State Program Revenues	\$	126,418,525 2,503,799	\$	130,441,183 2,503,799	\$	132,965,096 2,843,326	\$	2,523,913 339,527	
5020 Total Revenues EXPENDITURES: Debt Service:	_	128,922,324	_	132,944,982	_	135,808,422	_	2,863,440	
Principal on Long-Term Liabilities Interest on Long-Term Liabilities Bond Issuance Cost and Fees	::	66,832,979 62,088,065		39,743,434 62,088,065		70,748,434 62,950,447 65,050		(31,005,000) (862,382) (65,050)	
Total Expenditures		128,921,044		101,831,499		133,763,931		(31,932,432)	
1100 Excess of Revenues Over Expenditures		1,280		31,113,483		2,044,491	-	(29,068,992)	
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES):		(1,280)		(31,241,478)				31,241,478	
8949 Other (Uses) 1200 Net Change in Fund Balances	-	(1,200)	_	(127,995)	_	2,044,491	-	2,172,486	
0100 Fund Balance - July 1 (Beginning)	-	93,684,814		93,684,814	_	93,684,814	-	95	
3000 Fund Balance - June 30 (Ending)	\$	93,684,814	\$	93,556,819	\$	95,729,305	\$	2,172,486	

# DENTON INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT USE OF FUNDS REPORT - SELECT STATE ALLOTMENT PROGRAMS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2023

	Section A: Compensatory Education Programs	
AP1	Did your LEA expend any state compensatory education program state allotment funds during the district's fiscal year?	Yes
AP2	Does the LEA have written policies and procedures for its state compensatory education program?	Yes
AP3	List the total state allotment funds received for state compensatory education programs during the district's fiscal year.	\$23,427,070
AP4	List the actual direct program expenditures for state compensatory education programs during the LEA's fiscal year.	\$16.325,523
	Section B: Bilingual Education Programs	
AP5	Did your LEA expend any bilingual education program state allotment funds during the LEA's fiscal year?	Yes
AP6	Does the LEA have written policies and procedures for its bilingual education program?	Yes
AP7	List the total state allotment funds received for bilingual education programs during the LEA's fiscal year.	\$3,903,140
AP8	List the actual direct program expenditures for bilingual education programs during the LEA's fiscal year.	\$2,104,551

FEDERAL AWARDS SECTION

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# HANKINS, EASTUP, DEATON, TONN, SEAY & SCARBOROUGH

A Limited Liability Company

CERTIFIED PUBLIC ACCOUNTANTS

902 NORTH LOCUST P.O. BOX 977 DENTON, TX 76202-0977

> TEL. (940) 387-8563 FAX (940) 383-4746

INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING AND ON COMPLIANCE AND OTHER MATTERS BASED ON AN AUDIT OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS PERFORMED IN ACCORDANCE WITH GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS

To the Board of Trustees Denton Independent School District Denton, Texas

We have audited, in accordance with the auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards* issued by the Comptroller General of the United States, the financial statements of the governmental activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of Denton Independent School District, as of and for the year ended June 30, 2023, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise Denton Independent School District's basic financial statements, and have issued our report dated November 11, 2023.

#### Report on Internal Control Over Financial Reporting

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statements, we considered the District's internal control over financial reporting (internal control) to determine the audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing our opinions on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the District's internal control. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the District's internal control.

A deficiency in internal control exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct misstatements on a timely basis. A material weakness is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies in internal control, such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the District's financial statements will not be prevented, or detected and corrected on a timely basis. A significant deficiency is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control that is less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be material weaknesses or, significant deficiencies and therefore, material weaknesses or significant deficiencies may exist that have not been identified. Given these limitations, during our audit we did not identify any deficiencies in internal control that we consider to be material weaknesses. However, material weaknesses may exist that have not been identified. We did identify a certain deficiency in internal control, described in the accompanying Schedule of Findings and Questioned Costs as Finding 2023-01 that we consider to be a significant deficiency.

#### Report on Compliance and Other Matters

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether the District's financial statements are free from material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the determination of financial statement amounts. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit, and accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance or other matters that are required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards*.

#### District's Repsonse to Finding

The District's response to the finding identified in our audit is described in the accompanying "Corrective Action Plan". The District's response was not subjected to the audit procedures applied in the audit of the financial statements and, accordingly, we express no opinion on it.

### Purpose of this Report

The purpose of this report is solely to describe the scope of our **testing** of internal control and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the District's internal control or on compliance. This report is an integral part of the audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the District's internal control and compliance. Accordingly, this communication is not suitable for any other purpose.

Hankins, Eastup, Deaton, Tonn, Seay & Scarborough, LLC

Denton, Texas

November 11, 2023

#### Members:

AMERICAN INSTITUTE OF CERTIFIED PUBLIC ACCOUNTANTS TEXAS SOCIETY OF CERTIFIED PUBLIC ACCOUNTANTS

# HANKINS, EASTUP, DEATON, TONN, SEAY & SCARBOROUGH

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902 NORTH LOCUST P.O. BOX 977 DENTON, TX 76202-0977

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INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT ON COMPLIANCE FOR EACH MAJOR PROGRAM AND ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER COMPLIANCE REQUIRED BY THE UNIFORM GUIDANCE

To the Board of Trustees Denton Independent School District Denton, Texas

#### Report on Compliance for Each Major Federal Program

#### Opinion on Each Major Federal Program

We have audited Denton Independent School District's compliance with the types of compliance requirements identified as subject to audit in the OMB Compliance Supplement that could have a direct and material effect on each of Denton Independent School District's major federal programs for the year ended June 30, 2023. Denton Independent School District's major federal programs are identified in the summary of auditor's results section of the accompanying schedule of findings and questioned costs.

In our opinion, Denton Independent School District complied, in all material respects, with the types of compliance requirements referred to above that could have a direct and material effect on each of its major federal programs for the year ended June 30, 2023.

#### Basis for Opinion on Each Major Federal Program

We conducted our audit of compliance in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America; the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States; and the audit requirements of Title 2 U.S. *Code of Federal Regulations* Part 200, *Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards* (Uniform Guidance) Our responsibilities under those standards and the Uniform Guidance are further described in the Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of Compliance section of our report.

We are required to be independent of Denton Independent School District and to meet our other ethical responsibilities, in accordance with relevant ethical requirements relating to our audit. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion on compliance for each major federal program. Our audit does not provide a legal determination of Denton Independent School District's compliance with the compliance requirements referred to above.

#### Responsibilities of Management for Compliance

Management is responsible for compliance with the requirements referred to above and for the design, implementation, and maintenance of effective internal control over compliance with the requirements of laws, statutes, regulations, rules, and provisions of contracts or grant agreements applicable to Denton Independent School District's federal programs.

#### Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of Compliance

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether material noncompliance with the compliance requirements referred to above occurred, whether due to fraud or error, and express an opinion on Denton Independent School District's compliance based on our audit. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance but is not absolute assurance and therefore is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with generally accepted auditing standards, Government Auditing Standards, and the Uniform Guidance will always detect material noncompliance when it exists. The risk of not detecting material noncompliance resulting from fraud is higher than for that resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control. Noncompliance with the compliance requirements referred to above is considered material if there is a substantial likelihood that, individually or in the aggregate, it would influence the judgment made by a reasonable user of the report on compliance about Denton Independent School District's compliance with the requirements of each major federal program as a whole.

In performing an audit in accordance with generally accepted auditing standards, Government Auditing Standards, and the Uniform Guidance, we:

- Exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit.
- Identify and assess the risks of material noncompliance, whether due to fraud or error, and design and perform
  audit procedures responsive to those risks. Such procedures include examining, on a test basis, evidence
  regarding Denton Independent School District's compliance with the compliance requirements referred to
  above and performing such other procedures as we considered necessary in the circumstances.
- Obtain an understanding of Denton Independent School District's internal control over compliance relevant to
  the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances and to test and report on
  internal control over compliance in accordance with the Uniform Guidance, but not for the purpose of
  expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of Denton Independent School District's internal control over
  compliance. Accordingly, no such opinion is expressed.

We are required to communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit and any significant deficiencies and material weaknesses in internal control over compliance that we identified during the audit.

#### Report on Internal Control over Compliance

A deficiency in internal control over compliance exists when the design or operation of a control over compliance does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program on a timely basis. A material weakness in internal control over compliance is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance, such that there is a reasonable possibility that material noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program will not be prevented, or detected and corrected, on a timely basis. A significant deficiency in internal control over compliance is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program that is less severe than a material weakness in internal control over compliance, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control over compliance was for the limited purpose described in the Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of Compliance section above and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control over compliance that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies in internal control over compliance. Given these limitations, during our audit we did not identify any deficiencies in internal control over compliance that we consider to be material weaknesses, as defined above. However, material weaknesses or significant deficiencies in internal control over compliance may exist that were not identified.

Our audit was not designed for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of internal control over compliance. Accordingly, no such opinion is expressed.

The purpose of this report on internal control over compliance is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over compliance and the results of that testing based on the requirements of the Uniform Guidance. Accordingly, this report is not suitable for any other purpose.

Hankins, Eastup, Deaton, Tonn, Seay & Scarborough, LLC Denton, Texas

Hankins Eatup Neaton, Town, Song & Scenlowegh

November 11, 2023

## DENTON INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT SCHEDULE OF FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2023

#### I. Summary of Auditor's Results

- 1. Type of auditor's report issued on the financial statements: Unmodified.
- 2. Internal control over financial reporting:

Material weakness(es) identified: None

Significant deficiency(ies) identified that are not considered to be material weaknesses: Finding 2023-01

- 3. Noncompliance which is material to the financial statements: None
- 4. Internal controls over major federal programs:

Material weakness(es) identified: None

Significant deficiency(ies) identified that are not considered to be material weaknesses: None reported

- 5. Type of auditor's report on compliance for major federal programs: Unmodified.
- Did the audit disclose findings which are required to be reported in accordance with 2 CFR 200.516(a)?: No
- 7. Major programs include:

84.425D	ESSER Relief Fund I
84.425D	ESSER Relief Fund II
84.425U	ESSER Relief Fund III
93.575	CRRSA Child Care Relief Funds

#### Child Nutrition Cluster:

10.553	School Breakfast Program
10.555	National School Lunch Program-Cash Assistance
10.555	National School Lunch Program-Noncash Assistance
10.555	Supply Chain Assistance

- 8. Dollar threshold used to distinguish between Type A and Type B programs: \$1,140,000.
- 9. Low risk auditee: Yes
- II. Findings Related to the Financial Statements

Finding 2023-01 – Lack of Internal Control over Financial Reporting

Criteria: The District is responsible for establishing and maintaining effective internal controls over financial reporting to provide reasonable assurance that its financial statements are fairly presented in conformity with U.S. generally accepted accounting principles with no material misstatements. A deficiency in internal control exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees in the normal course of performing their assigned functions to prevent, or detect and correct, misstatements on a timely basis. A material weakness is a deficiency, or combination of deficiencies, in internal control such that there is a possibility that a material misstatement of the District's financial statements will not be prevented or detected on a timely basis.

## DENTON INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT SCHEDULE OF FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS-CONTINUED FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2023

#### II. Findings Related to the Financial Statements-continued

Condition: During our audit of the fiscal year ended June 30, 2023, we found that the District failed to prepare several general journal entries that were required to prevent material misstatements being reflected in the financial statements. In addition, while the bank statements were reconciled as of the time of our audit, general journal entries had not been made to record many items discovered in the reconciliations that were needed for the financial statements to reflect accurate cash and expenditure balances.

Questioned Costs: The issues regarding the general journal entries were addressed during the audit. The general journal entries needed to adjust the bank balances were made during the audit as well, resulting in no questioned costs.

Cause: The District experienced turnover during the current fiscal year in business office personnel responsible for the bank reconciliation process. A lack of supervision of the work of those personnel failed to bring to the attention of others the fact that required general journal entries noted during the bank reconciliation process had not been prepared or posted.

Effect: When bank statements are not reconciled on a timely basis, and the general ledger is not reviewed timely, the financial statements and underlying accounting records are at risk of material misstatements, resulting in erroneous financial statement information being reported to the Board of Trustees. Significant adjustments were required during the audit to correct material misstatements in the general ledger resulting from journal entries not posted to record items noted on the bank statement reconciliations.

Recommendation: When bank reconciliations are prepared, any needed general journal entries discovered during the bank reconciliation process should be made timely and as part of that process. Each monthly bank reconciliation should be reviewed by someone else in the business office to confirm that it is accurate and that all necessary general journal entries identified during the bank reconciliation process have been made.

***	0.1	T 1	
III.	Other	hind	inge
AAR.	Ouici	1 1114	111123

None

# DENTON INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT CORRECTIVE ACTION PLAN FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2023

Finding 2023-01 Lack of Internal Control Over Financial Reporting

Contact Person - Vicki Garcia, Executive Director of Financial Operations - (940) 369-0000

The District recognizes the significance of promptly reconciling bank statements and recording necessary entries. It will implement measures to ensure the personnel responsible for the reconciliations are completing them timely and any unresolved matters are thoroughly investigated and documented to ensure they are resolved promptly.

# DENTON INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT STATUS OF PRIOR YEAR FINDINGS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2023

None

# DENTON INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES OF FEDERAL AWARDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2023

(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)
FEDERAL GRANTOR/	Federal	Pass-Through	. /
PASS-THROUGH GRANTOR/	Assistance	_	Federal
PROGRAM or CLUSTER TITLE	Listing No.		Expenditures
U.S. DEPARTMENT OF DEFENSE			
Direct Programs			
ROTC	12.000	01-061901	\$ 294,421
Total Direct Programs			294,421
U.S. DEPARTMENT OF EDUCATION			
Direct Programs		les la securi	
Impact Aid - P.L. 81.874 (Note A)	84.041	01-061901	175,012
Total Direct Programs			175,012
Passed Through Texas Education Agency			
ESEA, Title I, Part A - Improving Basic Programs	84.010A	22610101061901	47,176
ESEA, Title I, Part D. Subnart 2	84.010A	23610101061901	3,137,309
ESEA, Title I, Part D, Subpart 2 ESEA, Title I, Part D, Subpart 2	84.010A 84.010A	22610103061901 23610103061901	4,982 276,809
Total Assistance Listing Number 84.010	01.07011	23010103001701	3,466,276
			0,100,270
ESEA, Title II, Part A, Teacher Principal Training	84.367A	22694501061901	20,691
ESEA, Title II, Part A, Teacher Principal Training	84.367A	23694501061901	655,960
Total Assistance Listing Number 84.367			676,651
Title III, Part A - English Language Acquisition	84.365A	22671001061901	5,968
Title III, Part A - English Language Acquisition	84.365A	23671001061901	551,999
Total Assistance Listing Number 84.365			557,967
ESEA, Title IV, Part A	84.424A	22680101061901	2,558
ESEA, Title IV, Part A	84.424 A	23680101061901	200,321
Total Assistance Listing Number 84.424			202,879
Title IV, Pt B-21st Cent. Community Learning Cent.	84.287	236950167110013	112,570
ESEA, Title IV, Part A, Subpart I, 6111-Summer School LEP	84.369A	69551901	15,391
ESEA, Title IV, Part A, Subpart I, 6111-Summer School LEP	84.369A	69552202	14,792
ESEA, Title IV, Part A, Subpart I, 6111-Summer School LEP	84.369A	69552102	14,388
Total Assistance Listing Number 84.369			44,571
*IDEA - Part B, Formula	84.027A	226600010619016600	132,250
*IDEA - Part B, Formula	84.027A	236600010619016600	5,148,602
*COVID 19 - IDEA, Part B, Formula - (ARP)	84.027X	225350010619015350	33,825
*COVID 19 - IDEA, Part B, Formula - (ARP)	84.027X	225350020619015350	1,186,821
*SSA - IDEA - Part B, Discretionary Deaf	84.027A	236600110619016673	67,896
Total Assistance Listing Number 84.027			6,569,394
*IDEA - Part B, Preschool	84.173 A	226610010619016610	4,905
*IDEA - Part B, Preschool	84.173 A	236610010619016610	74,879
*COVID 19 - IDEA, Part B, Preschool- (ARP)	84.173 X	225360020619015360	66,375
Total Assistance Listing Number 84.173			146,159
*SSA - IDEA, Part C - Early Intervention (Deaf)	84.181A	233911010619013911	3,232
Total Special Education Cluster (IDEA)			6,718,785
SSA - Career and Technical - Basic Grant	84.048A	22420006061901	2,567
SSA - Career and Technical - Basic Grant	84.048A	23420006061901	308,226
SSA - Career and rechnical - Basic Oran	04.04071	20.200000000	310,793

# DENTON INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES OF FEDERAL AWARDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2023

(1) FEDERAL GRANTOR/	(2) Federal	(3) Pass-Through	(4)
PASS-THROUGH GRANTOR/	Assistance	Entity Identifying	Federal
PROGRAM or CLUSTER TITLE	Listing No.		Expenditures
COVID 19 - ESSER I - School Emergency Relief Fd	84.425D	21528001061901	3,042
COVID 19 - ESSER II - School Emergency Relief COVID 19 - ESSER III - School Emergency Relief	84.425D 84.425U	21521001061901 21528001061901	292,326 5,273,295
Total Assistance Listing Number 84.425	04.4230	21328001001901	5,568,663
Total Passed Through Texas Education Agency			17,659,155
U.S. DEPARTMENT OF HEALTH AND HUMAN SERVICES			17,039,133
Direct Programs			
Head Start Head Start - ARP	93.600 93.600	06CH010978-04-01 06HE000730-01-01	1,520,601
Head Start - ARP Head Start - COVID	93.600	06HE000730-01-00	191,292 58,087
Total Assistance Listing Number 93.600			1,769,980
Total Direct Programs			1,769,980
Passed Through Texas Health and Human Services Commission			***************************************
Medicaid Administrative Claiming Program - MAC	93.778	HHS000537900225	233,840
Total Passed Through Texas Health and Human Services Commission			233,840
Passed Through State Department of Education School Health Support (ELC Reopening Schools)	93.323	0274822	14,251
Total Passed Through State Department of Education	75.425	0271022	14,251
Passed Through Texas Workforce Commission			
SSA-Adult Education (ABE) - Federal	84.002	0418ALA000	331,557
SSA-Adult Education (ABE) - Federal	84.002	0418ALA000	2,224,047
Total Assistance Listing Number 84.002			2,555,604
CRRSA Child Care Relief Funds	93.575	2022-1721005	410,733
CRRSA Child Care Relief Funds Child Care and Development Block	93.575 93.575	2022-0937506 P18BK5F8VPN3	295,220 12,614
Total Assistance Listing Number 93.575	93.373	11001231011110	718,567
Total Passed Through Texas Workforce Commission			3,274,171
U.S. DEPARTMENT OF AGRICULTURE			3,271,171
Passed Through the Texas Department of Agriculture			
*School Breakfast Program	10.553	71402301	2,734,305
*National School Lunch Program - Cash Assistance	10.555	71302301	9,632,942
*National School Lunch Prog Non-Cash Assistance *Supply Chain Assistance	10.555 10.555	71302301 71302301	1,002,697 1,142,470
Total Assistance Listing Number 10.555	10,000	, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,	11,778,109
*P-EBT Administrative Costs	10.542	71302301	5,950
*CACFP	10.558	71302301	61,104
Total Child Nutrition Cluster			14,579,468
Total Passed Through the Texas Department of Agriculture			14,579,468
OTAL EXPENDITURES OF FEDERAL AWARDS			\$ 38,000,298

## DENTON INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT NOTES ON ACCOUNTING POLICIES FOR FEDERAL AWARDS YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2023

- For all Federal programs, the District uses the fund types specified in Texas Education Agency's *Financial Accountability System Resource Guide*.
- General Fund is used to account for among other things, resources related to the United States
  Department of Defense ROTC program and the United States Department of Education's Impact
  Aid.
- Special Revenue Funds are used to account for resources restricted to, or designated for, specific
  purposes by a grantor. Federal and state financial assistance generally is accounted for in a Special
  Revenue Fund. Generally, unused balances are returned to the grantor at the close of specified
  project periods.
- The accounting and financial reporting treatment applied to a fund is determined by its measurement focus. The Governmental Fund types are accounted for using a current financial resources measurement focus. All Federal grant funds were accounted for in a Special Revenue Fund or, in some instances, in the General Fund which are Governmental Fund type funds.

With this measurement focus, only current assets and current liabilities and the fund balance are included on the balance sheet. Operating statements of these funds present increases and decreases in net current assets. The modified accrual basis of accounting is used in the Governmental Fund types. This basis of accounting recognizes revenues in the accounting period in which they become susceptible to accrual, i.e., both measurable and available, and expenditures in the accounting period in which the fund liability is incurred, if measurable, except for unmatured interest on General Long-Term Debt, which is recognized when due, and certain compensated absences and claims and judgments, which are recognized when the obligations are expected to be liquidated with expendable available financial resources. Federal grant funds are considered to be earned to the extent of expenditures made under the provisions of the grant, and, accordingly, when such funds are received, they are recorded as unearned revenues until earned.

- The period of performance for federal grant funds for the purpose of liquidation of outstanding obligations made on or before the ending date of the federal project period extended 90 days beyond the federal project period ending date, in accordance with provisions in Section H, Period of Performance of Federal Funds, 3 CFR Section 200.343 (b).
- Assistance listing numbers for commodity assistance are the assistance listing numbers of the programs under which USDA donated the commodities.
- Indirect cost reimbursement for federal programs for this fiscal year was received in the amount of \$2,730,448.
- Reconciliation Information:

Amount reported on the Schedule of Expenditures of Federal awards	\$38,000,298
SHARS Revenue reported in the General Fund	8,459,123
Federal Excise Tax Reimbursements	=
Tax Credit Revenue reported in the Debt Service Fund	5
Plus Revenue Received for COVID Funds for Prior Year Expenditures	<del></del>
Total Federal Program Revenue	<u>\$46,459,421</u>

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